Document Security V5.0

Certification Report

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The Certification Body

IT Security Certification Center

<u>The Evaluation Facility</u>

<u>Korea System Assurance (KOSYAS)</u>

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1. Executive Summary

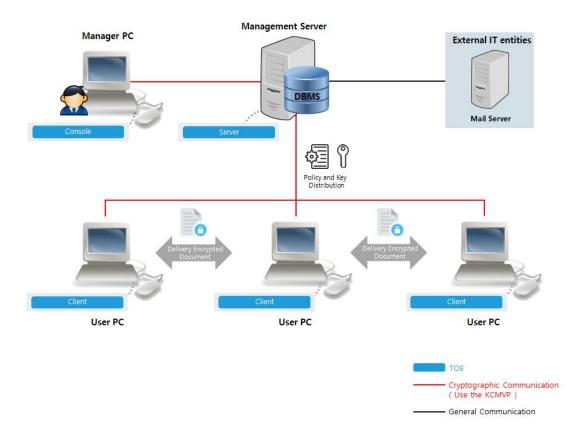
This report describes the certification result drawn by the certification body on the results of the Document Security V5.0 developed by SoftCamp Co., Ltd. with reference to the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation ("CC" hereinafter)[1]. It describes the evaluation result and its soundness and conformity.

The Target of Evaluation ("TOE" hereinafter) is Electronic Document Encryption designed to protect important documents managed by the organization based on the encryption/decryption. Also, the TOE provide a variety of security features: security audit, the user identification and authentication including mutual authentication between TOE components, security management, the TOE access session management, and the TSF protection function, etc.

The evaluation of the TOE has been carried out by Korea System Assurance (KOSYAS) and completed on October 24, 2019. This report grounds on the Evaluation Technical Report (ETR) [4] KOSYAS had submitted and the Security Target (ST) [5].

The ST claims strict conformance to the Korean National PP for Electronic Document Encryption V1.0 [3]. All Security Assurance Requirements (SARs) in the ST are based only upon assurance component in CC Part 3. The ST and the resulting TOE is CC Part 3 conformant. The Security Functional Requirements (SFRs) are based upon both functional components in CC Part 2 and a newly defined component in the Extended Component Definition chapter of the PP, therefor the ST, and the TOE satisfies the SFRs in the ST. Therefore the ST and the resulting TOE is CC Part 2 extended.

[Figure 1] shows the operational environment of the TOE. TOE is composed of the Document Security Server V5.0 (hereinafter 'Server') which manage security policy and cryptographic key, Document Security Client V5.0 (hereinafter 'Client') which encrypt/decrypt Electronic Document, and Document Security Console V5.0 (hereinafter 'Console') which provide security management interface. TOE should be installed and operated inside the internal network of the protected organization



[Figure 1] Operational Environment of the TOE

The minimum requirements for hardware, software to install and operate the TOE are shown in [Table 1] below:

Туре			Requirements
		CPU	Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2630L @ 2.00 GHz or higher
	11/337	HDD	Space required for TOE installation is 20 GB or higher
	H/W	RAM	8 GB or higher
Server		NIC	10/100/1000 Mbps Ethernet Card 1 Port or higher
	OS		CentOS Linux release 6.10 (Linux Kernel 2.6, 64bit)
	S/W		JRE 1.7 MariaDB 10.3
	H/W	CPU	Intel(R) Pentium(R) Dual CPU E2200 @ 2.20 GHz or higher
		HDD	Space required for TOE installation is 20 GB or higher
Client		RAM	4 GB or higher
		NIC	10/100/1000 Mbps Ethernet Card 1 Port or higher
	С	S	Windows 7 Professional SP1 32 bit, 64 bit

Туре			Requirements	
			Windows 8 32 bit, 64 bit Windows 10 Pro 32 bit, 64 bit Windows 10 Enterprise 32 bit, 64 bit	
	S/W		Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 Redistributable package (x86, x64) MS Notepad, MS Wordpad, MS Paint Microsoft Office 2010, 2013, 2016, 365 Hancom Office 2010, 2014 (VP), NEO, 2018 Acrobat Reader DC, Acrobat Pro 2017, DC	
	H/W	CPU	Intel(R) Pentium(R) Dual CPU E2140 @ 1.60 GHz or higher	
		HDD	Space required for TOE installation is 10 GB or higher	
		RAM	4 GB or higher	
C1-		NIC	10/100/1000 Mbps Ethernet Card 1 Port or higher	
Console	OS		Windows 7 Professional SP1 32 bit, 64 bit Windows 8 32 bit, 64 bit Windows 10 Pro 32 bit, 64 bit Windows 10 Enterprise 32 bit, 64 bit	
	S/	'W	Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 Redistributable package (x86, x64)	

[Table 1] Hardware/Software Requirements for TOE

External IT entity linked to the TOE operation is Mail server.

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2. Identification

The TOE reference is identified as follows.

TOE	Document Security V5.0		
Version	V5.0.0.6		
	Document Security Server V5.0 (V5.0.0.3)		
	- SCDS_Server_5.0.0.3.bin Document Security Client V5.0 (V5.0.0.6)		
TOE	- SCDS_Client_5.0.0.6.exe		
Components	- SCDS_Client_5.0.0.6_x64.exe Document Security Console V5.0 (V5.0.0.4)		
	- SCDS_Console_5.0.0.4.exe		
	- SCDS_Console_5.0.0.4_x64.exe		
	Document Security V5.0 Preparative Procedures (PRE) V1.2		
Guidance	- Document Security V5.0_Preparative Procedures (PRE)_V1.2.pdf Document Security V5.0 Manager Guidance (OPE_A) V1.2		
Documents	- Document Security V5.0_Manager Guidance (OPE_A)_V1.2.pdf Document Security V5.0 User Guidance (OPE_U) V1.3		
	- (Document Security V5.0_User Guidance (OPE_U)_V1.3.pdf)		

[Table 2] TOE identification

[Table 6] summarizes additional information for scheme, developer, sponsor, evaluation facility, certification body, etc.

Scheme	Korea Evaluation and Certification Guidelines for IT Security (August 24, 2017) Korea Evaluation and Certification Regulation for IT Security (September 12, 2017)
TOE Document Security V5.0	
Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5, CCMB-2017-04-001 ~ CCMB-2017-04-003, April 2017	
Protection Profile Korean National Protection Profile for Electronic Documents Encryption V1.0, KECS-PP-0821-2017	
Developer	SoftCamp Co., Ltd.
Sponsor	SoftCamp Co., Ltd.
Evaluation Facility	Korea System Assurance (KOSYAS)

Completion Date of Evaluation	October 24, 2019
Certification Body	IT Security Certification Center

[Table 3] Additional identification information

3. Security Policy

The TOE complies security policies defined in the ST [5] by security requirements. Thus the TOE provides following security features. For more details refer to the ST [5].

TSF	Explanation
Security Audit	The TOE generates audit records of security relevant events such as the start-up/shutdown of the audit functions, integrity violation, self-test failures, and stores them in the DBMS.
Cryptographic Support	The TOE performs cryptographic operation such as encryption/decryption, and cryptographic key management such as key generation/distribution/destruction using XecureCrypto v2.0.1.1 and SCCrypto v1.0.
User Data Protection	The TOE protects user's documents by making them Secured Documents by means of encrypting them and controlling access to them in accordance to the access control policy per user set by the administrator.
Identification and Authentication	The TOE identifies and authenticates the administrators and document users based on ID/PW.
Security Management	Server(TOE) provides functions such as TOE security function management, security attribute management and TSF data management to the authorized administrator.
Protection of the TSF	The TOE provides secure communications amongst TOE components to protect confidentiality and integrity of the transmitted data between them. The TOE also protects TSF data against unauthorized exposure and modification through encryption and proprietary encoding.
TOE Access	The TOE manages the authorized administrator's access to itself by terminating interactive sessions after defined time interval of their inactivity.

[Table 4] The TOE Security Functions

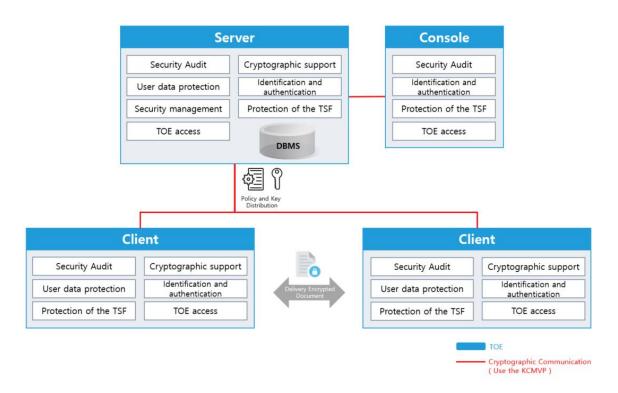
4. Assumptions and Clarification of Scope

There are no explicit Assumptions in the Security Problem Definition in the Low Assurance ST. The followings are procedural method supported from operational environment in order to provide the TOE security functionality accurately.

- The place where the Server(TOE) among the TOE components are installed and operated shall be equipped with access control and protection facilities so that only authorized administrator can access.
- The authorized administrator of the TOE shall be non-malicious users, have appropriately trained for the TOE management functions and accurately fulfill the duties in accordance with administrator guidance.
- The authorized administrator shall periodically checks a spare space of audit data storage in case of the audit data loss, and carries out the audit data backup (external log server or separate storage device, etc.) to prevent audit data loss.
- The authorized administrator of the TOE shall ensure the reliability and security
 of the operating system by removing all unnecessary services or means and
 performing the reinforcement on the latest vulnerabilities of the operating system
 in which the TOE is installed and operated.
- The audit record where the audit trail, such as the DBMS interacting with the TOE, is saved should be protected against unauthorized deletion or modification.
- The TOE shall accurately record the security related events using the reliable time stamp from the TOE operational environment.

5. Architectural Information

The following security functions are provided by the TOE Logical scope and boundary of TOE is shown in [Figure 2]



[Figure 2] TOE Logical scope and boundary

6. Documentation

The following documentation is evaluated and provided with the TOE by the developer to the customer.

Identifier	Version	Date
Document Security V5.0 Preparative Procedures (PRE)	1.2	September 20, 2019
Document Security V5.0 Manager Guidance (OPE_A)	1.2	September 20, 2019
Document Security V5.0 User Guidance (OPE_U)	1.3	September 20, 2019

[Table 5] Documentation

7. TOE Testing

The developer took a testing approach based on the security services provided by each TOE component based on the operational environment of the TOE. Each test case includes the following information:

- Test no. and conductor: Identifier of each test case and its conductor
- Test Purpose: Includes the security functions and modules to be tested
- Test Configuration: Details about the test configuration
- Test Procedure detail: Detailed procedures for testing each security function
- Expected result: Result expected from testing
- Actual result: Result obtained by performing testing
- Test result compared to the expected result: Comparison between the expected and actual result

The developer correctly performed and documented the tests according to the assurance component ATE FUN.1.

The evaluator has installed the product using the same evaluation configuration and tools as the developer's test and performed all tests provided by the developer. The evaluator has confirmed that, for all tests, the expected results had been consistent with the actual results. In addition, the evaluator conducted penetration testing based upon test cases devised by the evaluator resulting from the independent search for potential vulnerabilities. The evaluator testing effort, the testing approach, configuration, depth, and results are summarized in the ETR [4].

8. Evaluated Configuration

The TOE is software consisting of the following components:

TOE: Document Security V5.0

Version: V5.0.0.6

- Document Security Server V5.0 (V5.0.0.3)
- Document Security Client V5.0 (V5.0.0.6)
- Document Security Console V5.0 (V5.0.0.4)

The Administrator can identify the complete TOE reference after installation using the product's Info check menu. And the guidance documents listed in this report chapter 6,

9. Results of the Evaluation

The evaluation facility provided the evaluation result in the ETR [4] which references Single Evaluation Reports for each assurance requirement and Observation Reports.

The evaluation result was based on the CC [1] and CEM [2].

As a result of the evaluation, the verdict PASS is assigned to all assurance components

9.1 Security Target Evaluation (ASE)

The ST Introduction correctly identifies the ST and the TOE, and describes the TOE in a narrative way at three levels of abstraction (TOE reference, TOE overview and TOE description), and these three descriptions are consistent with each other. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_INT.1.

The Conformance Claim properly describes how the ST and the TOE conform to the CC and how the ST conforms to PPs and packages. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_CCL.1.

The Security Objectives for the operational environment are clearly defined. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_OBJ.1.

The Extended Components Definition has been clearly and unambiguously defined, and it is necessary. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_ECD.1.

The Security Requirements is defined clearly and unambiguously, and they are internally consistent. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE_REQ.1.

The TOE Summary Specification addresses all SFRs, and it is consistent with other narrative descriptions of the TOE. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ASE TSS.1.

Thus, the ST is sound and internally consistent, and suitable to be used as the basis for the TOE evaluation.

The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ASE.

9.2 Life Cycle Support Evaluation (ALC)

The developer has clearly identified the TOE. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ALC_CMC.1.

The configuration management document verifies that the configuration list includes the

TOE and the evaluation evidence. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ALC_CMS.1.

Also the evaluator confirmed that the correct version of the software is installed in device.

The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ALC.

9.3 Guidance Documents Evaluation (AGD)

The procedures and steps for the secure preparation of the TOE have been documented and result in a secure configuration. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to AGD_PRE.1.

The operational user guidance describes for each user role the security functionality and interfaces provided by the TSF, provides instructions and guidelines for the secure use of the TOE, addresses secure procedures for all modes of operation, facilitates prevention and detection of insecure TOE states, or it is misleading or unreasonable. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to AGD_OPE.1.

Thus, the guidance documents are adequately describing the user can handle the TOE in a secure manner. The guidance documents take into account the various types of users (e.g. those who accept, install, administrate or operate the TOE) whose incorrect actions could adversely affect the security of the TOE or of their own data.

The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class AGD.

9.4 Development Evaluation (ADV)

The functional specifications specifies a high-level description of the SFR-enforcing and SFR-supporting TSFIs, in terms of descriptions of their parameters. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ADV_FSP.1.

The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ADV.

9.5 Test Evaluation (ATE)

The developer correctly performed and documented the tests in the test documentation. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ATE_FUN.1.

By independently testing a subset of the TSFI, the evaluator confirmed that the TOE behaves as specified in the functional specification and guidance documentation. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to ATE_IND.1.

Thus, the TOE behaves as described in the ST and as specified in the evaluation evidence (described in the ADV class).

The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class ATE.

9.6 Vulnerability Assessment (AVA)

By penetrating testing, the evaluator confirmed that there are no exploitable vulnerabilities by attackers possessing basic attack potential in the operational environment of the TOE. Therefore the verdict PASS is assigned to AVA_VAN.1.

Thus, potential vulnerabilities identified, during the evaluation of the development and anticipated operation of the TOE or by other methods (e.g. by flaw hypotheses), don't allow attackers possessing basic attack potential to violate the SFRs.

The verdict PASS is assigned to the assurance class AVA.

9.7 Evaluation Result Summary

				Verdict			
Assurance Class	Assurance Component	Evaluator Action Elements	Evaluator Action Elements	Assurance Component	Assurance Class		
	ACE INT 4	ASE_INT.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
	ASE_INT.1	ASE_INT.1.2E	PASS	PASS			
	ASE_CCL.1	ASE_CCL.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
	ASE_OBJ.1	ASE_OBJ.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
ASE	ASE ECD 1	ASE_ECD.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS		
	ASE_ECD.1	ASE_ECD.1.2E	PASS	PASS			
	ASE_REQ.1	ASE_REQ.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
	ASE_TSS.1	ASE_TSS.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
		ASE_TSS.1.2E	PASS				
ALC	ALC_CMS.1	ALC_CMS.1.1E	PASS	PASS	PASS		
ALC	ALC_CMC.1	ALC_CMC.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
	ACD DDE 4	AGD_PRE.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
AGD	AGD_PRE.1	AGD_PRE.1.2E	PASS	PASS	PASS		
	AGD_OPE.1	AGD_OPE.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
4D)/	ADV 50D 4	ADV_FSP.1.1E	PASS	PASS	DACC		
ADV	ADV_FSP.1	ADV_FSP.1.2E	PASS	PASS	PASS		
	ATE_FUN.1	ATE_FUN.1.1E	PASS	PASS			
ATE	ATE IND 4	ATE_IND.1.1E	PASS	DACC	PASS		
	ATE_IND.1	ATE_IND.1.2E	PASS	PASS			

		AVA_VAN.1.1E	PASS		
AVA	AVA_VAN.1	AVA_VAN.1.2E	PASS	PASS	PASS
		AVA_VAN.1.3E	PASS		

[Table 6] Evaluation Result Summary

10. Recommendations

The TOE security functionality can be ensured only in the evaluated TOE operational environment with the evaluated TOE configuration, thus the TOE shall be operated by complying with the followings:

- The administrator should periodically check the free space of the audit data storage in preparation for the loss of the audit records, and perform backups of the audit records so that the audit storage is not exhausted.
- The Server(TOE) must be installed and operated in a physically secure environment that is accessible only to authorized administrators and should not allow remote administration from outside.
- The administrator shall maintain a safe state such as application of the latest security patches, eliminating unnecessary service, change of the default ID/password, etc., of the operating system and DBMS in the TOE operation.
- If a cryptographic key is lost due to administrator's neglectful cryptographic key management, document users may not be able to decrypt the encrypted file stored on the user's PC, so administrator has to be careful with cryptographic key management

11. Security Target

Document Security V5.0 Security Target V1.4 is included in this report for reference

12. Acronyms and Glossary

CC Common Criteria

EAL Evaluation Assurance Level

PP Protection Profile

SAR Security Assurance Requirement
SFR Security Functional Requirement

ST Security Target

TOE Target of Evaluation

TSF TOE Security Functionality

TSFI TSF Interface

Authorized Document The TOE user who may, in accordance with the

User SFRs, perform an operation

Authorized Administrator Authorized user to securely operate and manage the

TOE

Data Encryption Key Key that encrypts the data

(DEK)

Decryption The act that restoring the ciphertext into the plaintext

using the decryption key

Encryption The act that converting the plaintext into the

ciphertext using the encryption key

External Entity An entity (person or IT object) that interact (or can

interact) with the TOE from outside the TOE

Key Encryption Key

(KEK)

Key that encrypts another cryptographic key

13. Bibliography

The certification body has used following documents to produce this report.

- [1] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5, CCMB-2017-04-001 ~ CCMB-2017-04-003, April, 2017
- [2] Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5, CCMB-2017-04-004, April, 2017
- [3] Korean National Protection Profile for Electronic Document Encryption V1.0, August 18, 2017
- [4] Document Security V5.0 Evaluation Technical Report Lite V3.00, October 24, 2019
- [5] Document Security V5.0 Security Target V1.4, October 23, 2019