

ID&Trust

IDENTITY APPLET V3.4/EIDAS

ELECTRONIC IDENTITY CARD WITH PACE-GM,
PACE-CAM, EXTENDED ACCESS CONTROL V1
AND V2, RESTRICTED IDENTIFICATION AND ACTIVE
AUTHENTICATION

SECURITY TARGET

COMMON CRITERIA / ISO 15408

EAL4+

2020

Classification: Public

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104 1. ST INTRODUCTION

105 This section provides document management and overview information required to register

the Security Target (ST) and to enable a potential user of the ST to determine, whether the ST

is of interest.

108 1.1. ST REFERENCE

109 Title: Security Target ID&Trust IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS - Electronic

110 Identity Card with PACE-GM, PACE-CAM, Extended Access

111 Control v1 and v2, Restricted Identification and Active

112 Authentication

113 TOE: IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS on NXP JCOP 4 P71

114 Author: ID&Trust Ltd.

115 Version Number: v1.02

116 Date: 13.10.2020

117 1.2.TOE Reference

118 The Security Target refers to the product "ID&Trust IDentity Applet Suite v3.4" for CC

119 evaluation.

120 TOE Name: IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS on NXP JCOP 4 P71

121 TOE short name: IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS

122 TOE Identification

123 Data: IDentity Applet/eIDAS v3.4.7470

124 Evaluation Criteria: [4]

125 Evaluation

126 Assurance Level: EAL EAL4 augmented with ALC_DVS.2, ATE_DPT.2 and

127 AVA_VAN.5 as defined in [3].

128 Developer: ID&Trust Ltd.



129 Evaluation Sponsor: NXP Semiconductors Netherlands B.V. 5656, AG Eindhoven, High

Tech Campus 60

1.3.TOE Overview

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This ST claims strict conformance to [5], [6], [13] and [20]. There, slightly different terminology is used. For the ease of understanding, Table 1 gives a brief translation for the used terminology. Compound words that contain terminology of the table should be replaced accordingly.

This ST	PACE PP [13]	EAC1PP [5]	EAC2PP [6]
electronic document	travel document	travel document	electronic document
electronic document presenter	traveler	traveler	electronic document presenter
EAC1 protected data	-	sensitive (user) data	-
EAC2 protected data	-	-	Sensitive User Data
common user data	user data	user data	common user data
PACE terminal	BIS-PACE	BIS-PACE	PACE terminal
EAC1 terminal	-	Extended Inspection System	-
EAC2 terminal	-	-	EAC2 terminal

Table 1 Overview of identifiers of current ST and PPs

137 1.3.1. TOE TYPE

IDentity Applet Suite v3.4 is a highly configurable eID solution. It is able to satisfy multiple different application requirements even within a single applet instance. The Application part of the TOE, the applet functionalities are distributed according to the following table:

Application	Function	Standard	Protection Profile (certified or in progress)
IDentity/PKI	Flexible PKI token	CEN TS 14890-1/2 IAS-ECC 1.0.1 [30]	-
IDentity/IAS	European card for e-	CEN/TS 15480-	-
	Services and National e-	IAS-ECC 1.0.1 [30]	
	ID applications		
IDentity/QSCD	Qualified Signature	CEN/TS 15480-2	[14]
	Creation Device	IAS-ECC 1.0.1 [30]	[15]
		REGULATION (EU) No	
		910/2014	
		BSI TR-03117	
IDentity/IDL	International Driving License	ISO/IEC 18013	-



IDentity/EDL	European Driving License	2012/383/EC	-
IDentity/eVR	Electronic Vehicle Registration	1999/37/EC	-
IDentity/eHC	Electronic Health Insurance	CEN/CWA 15794	-
IDentity/BAC	Basic Access Control (BAC)	ICAO Doc 9303 [8]	BSI-CC-PP-0055
IDentity-J	Basic Access Control (BAC) Password Authenticated Connection Establishment (PACE)	ICAO Doc 9303 [8]	JISEC500 [32] JISEC499 [33]
IDentity/PACE- EAC1	Password Authenticated Connection Establishment (PACE) Extended Access Control v1 (EAC1)	ICAO Doc 9303 [8] ICAO TR-SAC [7] BSI TR-03110 v2.21 [16][17][18][19]	BSI-CC-PP-0068- V2-2011 [13] BSI-CC-PP-0056- V2-2012 [5]
IDentity/eIDAS	Password Authenticated Connection Establishment (PACE) Extended Access Control v2 (EAC2)	ICAO TR-SAC [7] BSI TR-03110 v2.21 [16][17][18][19]	BSI-CC-PP-0087 [20]

Table 2 IDentity Applet Suite v3.4 functionalities

All the functions are supplied by the applet "IDentity Applet Suite v3.4", the behaviour of the applet changes according to the configuration applied during the personalization phase of IDentity Applet life cycle and the environmental behaviour of the usage phase.

The scope of the current ST is only concerned with applet behaviour of configuration IDentity Applet/eIDAS.

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is contactless smart card with the IDentity Applet Suite v3.4 configured as IDentity Applet/eIDAS. The TOE is applicable as an electronic document (with three applications: ePassport, eID and eSign), which compliance to relevant eIDAS standards [16], [17], [18] and provide all necessary security protocols (such as PACE, EAC1, EAC2, etc).

1.3.2. TOE DEFINITION AND OPERATIONAL USAGE

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is a smartcard programmed according to [16] [17]. The smartcard contains multiple applications (at least one). The programmed smartcard is called an electronic document as a whole. Here, an application is a collection of data(groups) and their access conditions. We mainly distinguish between common user data, and sensitive user-



- data. Depending on the protection mechanisms involved, these user data can further be
- 157 distinguished as follows:
- EAC1-protected data: Sensitive User Data protected by EAC1 (cf. [16]),
- EAC2-protected data: Sensitive User Data protected by EAC2 (cf. [17]), and
- all other (common) user data: Other user data are protected by Password Authenticated
- 161 Connection Establishment (PACE, cf. also [17]). Note that EAC1 recommends, and EAC2
- requires prior execution of PACE.
- 163 1. Application note (taken from [20], application note 1.)
- Due to migration periods, some developers have to implement products that function-ally
- support both PACE and Basic Access Control (BAC), i.e. Supplemental Access Control (SAC)
- 166 [8]. However, any product using BAC is not conformant to the current ST; i.e. the TOE may
- 167 functionally support BAC, but, while performing BAC, it is acting outside of the security policy
- 168 defined by the current ST.
- In addition to the above user data, there are also data required for TOE security functionality
- 170 (TSF). Such data is needed to execute the access control protocols, to verify integrity and
- authenticity of user data, or to generate cryptographic signatures.
- 172 Application considered in [16] and [17] are
- 1. an electronic passport (ePass) application
- 174 2. an electronic identity (eID) application, and
- 175 3. a signature (eSign) application.
- 176 The TOE shall comprise at least:
- 1. the circuitry of the chip, including all integrated circuit (IC) dedicated software that is active in the operational phase of the TOE,
- 179 2. the IC embedded software, i.e. the operating system.
- 180 3. all access mechanisms, associated protocols and corresponding data,
- 181 4. one or several applications, and
- 182 5. the associated guidance documentation.
- 183 2. Application note (taken from [20], application note 2)
- Since contactless interface parts (e.g. the antenna) may impact specific aspects of vulnerability
- assessment and are thus relevant for security, such parts might be considered as a part of the
- TOE. The decision upon this is up to the certification body in charge that defines the evaluation
- methodology for the assessment of the contactless interface.



1.3.3. TOE MAJOR SECURITY FEATURES FOR OPERATIONAL USE

- The following TOE security features are the most significant for its operational use:
- 190 The TOE ensures that

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- only authenticated terminals can get access to the User Data stored on the TOE and use security functionality of the electronic document according to the access rights of the terminal,
 - the Electronic Document Holder can control access by consciously presenting his electronic document and/or by entering his secret PIN,
 - authenticity and integrity of user data can be verified,
 - confidentiality of user data in the communication channel between the TOE and the connected terminal is provided,
- inconspicuous tracing of the electronic document is averted,
 - its security functionality and the data stored inside are self-protected, and
- digital signatures can be created, if the TOE contains an eSign application.
- Optionally support the Active Authetnication and Chip Authentication mapping.
- 203 1.3.4. Non-TOE hardware/software/firmware
- In order to be powered up and to communicate with the external world, the TOE needs a terminal (card reader) supporting the communication according to [12] and [11]; the latter only if the card has a contactless interface. Akin to [16] and [17] the TOE shall be able to recognize the following terminal types:
- 208 PACE terminal
- 209 A PACE terminal is a basic inspection system according to [16], [17] resp. It performs the
- 210 standard inspection procedure, i.e. PACE followed by Passive Authentication, cf. [16].
- 211 Afterwards user data are read by the terminal. A PACE terminal is allowed to read only
- 212 common user data.
- 213 For more information see: PACE Terminal
- 214 EAC1 terminal
- 215 An EAC1 terminal is an extended inspection system according to [16]. It performs the
- 216 advanced inspection procedure ([16]) using EAC1, i.e. PACE, then Chip Authentication 1
- followed by Passive Authentication, and finally Terminal Authentication 1. Afterwards user data



- are read by the terminal. An EAC1 terminal is allowed to read both EAC1 protected data, and
- 219 common user data.
- 220 For more information see: EAC1 Terminal / EAC2 Terminal
- **EAC2** terminal
- 222 An EAC2 terminal is an extended inspection system performing the general authentication
- procedure according to [17] using EAC2, i.e. PACE, then Terminal Authentication 2 followed
- by Passive Authentication, and finally Chip Authentication 2. Depending on its authorization
- level, an EAC2 terminal is allowed to read out some or all EAC2 protected Sensitive User Data,
- and common user data.
- 227 For more information see: EAC1 Terminal / EAC2 Terminal
- 228 In general, the authorization level of a terminal is determined by the effective terminal
- 229 authorization. The authorization is calculated from the certificate chain presented by the
- 230 terminal to the TOE. It is based on the Certificate Holder Authorization Template (CHAT). A
- 231 CHAT is calculated as an AND-operation from the certificate chain of the terminal and the
- 232 electronic document presenter's restricting input at the terminal. The final CHAT reflects the
- effective authorization level and is then sent to the TOE [18]. For the access rights, cf. also the
- 234 SFR component FDP_ACF.1/TRM in Chapter 6.1.3.
- 235 All necessary certificates of the related public key infrastructure Country Verifying
- 236 Certification Authority (CVCA) Link Certificates, Document Verifiers Certificates and Terminal
- 237 Certificates must be available in the card verifiable format defined in [18].
- The term terminal within this ST usually refers to any kind of terminal, if not explicitly mentioned
- 239 otherwise.
- 240 The current TOE knows three different configuration as described in 1.4.5 Features of the
- 241 IDentity Applet. According to the each configuration the following tables give an overview which
- of the above terminals are related to what application, and which data group is accessible.

243 European Passport configuration

Terminal/Application	ePassport	elD	eSign
PACE terminal	Common user data	n.a.	n.a.
EAC1 terminal	Common user data and EAC1 protected data	n.a.	n.a.
EAC2 terminal	none	n.a.	n.a.



244 Identity Card with Protected MRTD Application configuration

Terminal/Application	ePassport	elD	eSign
PACE terminal	none	none	none
EAC1 terminal	none	none	none
EAC2 terminal	Common user data EAC2 protected data	Common user data EAC2 protected data	EAC2 protected data

245 Identity Card with EU-compliant MRTD Application configuration

Terminal/Application	ePassport	elD	eSign
PACE terminal	Common user data	None	None
EAC1 terminal	Common user data and EAC1 protected data	None	None
EAC2 terminal	none	common user data EAC2 protected data	EAC2 protected data

Other terminals than the above are out of scope of this ST. In particular, terminals using Basic
Access Control (BAC) may be functionally supported by the electronic document, but if the
TOE is operated using BAC, it is not in a certified mode.

1.4. TOE DESCRIPTION

1.4.1. PRODUCT TYPE

The TOE type addressed by the current ST is a smartcard programmed according to [16] and [17]. The smartcard contains IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS, which may be contain multiple applications (at least one). The smartcard with IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS is called an electronic document as a whole.

Justification: TOE type definitions of the claimed PPs ([5], [6], [14]) differ slightly. We argue that these differences do not violate consistency:

The TOE type defined both in [5] and [6] is a smartcard. Whereas [5] references [16] (and also [8] and related ICAO specifications, however [16] is fully compatible with those ICAO specifications, and they are mostly listed there for the sake of completeness and the context of use) w.r.t. programming of the card, [17] is given as a reference in [6]. Reference [16] defines the EAC1 protocol, whereas EAC2 is defined in [17]. Thus, this difference in reference is introduced just due to different applications on the card, that do not contradict each other. The term 'travel document' of [5] is here understood in a more broader sense (cf. also Table 1), since the document can also be used in contexts other than just traveling.



The TOE type definition given in [14] is "a combination of hardware and software configured to securely create, use and manage signature-creation data (SCD)". The definition of hardware and software in this ST is more specific by explicitly mentioning a smartcard and the software on the card. However, the very fundamental purpose of a smartcard is to store data on it in a protected way. Hence, the TOE type definition of this ST is also not inconsistent with the one of [14].

The typical life cycle phases for the current TOE type are development, manufacturing, card issuing and operational use. The life cycle phase development includes development of the IC itself and IC embedded software. Manufacturing includes IC manufacturing and smart card manufacturing, and installation of a card operating system. Card issuing includes installation of the smart card applications and their electronic personalization, i. e. tying the application data up to the Electronic Document Holder.

Operational use of the TOE is explicitly in the focus of [20]. Nevertheless, some TOE functionality might not be directly accessible to the end-user during operational use. Some single properties of the manufacturing and the card issuing life cycle phases that are significant for the security of the TOE in its operational phase are also considered by the current ST. Conformance with [20] requires that all life cycle phases are considered to the extent that is required by the assurance package chosen here for the TOE; c.f. also chapter 6.2

1.4.2. COMPONENTS OF THE TOE

Micro Controller

The Micro Controller is a secure smart card controller from NXP from the SmartMX3 family. The Micro Controller contains a co-processor for symmetric cipher, supporting DES operations and AES, as well as an accelerator for asymmetric algorithms. The Micro Controller further contains a physical random number generator. The supported memory technologies are volatile (Random Access Memory (RAM)) and non-volatile (Read Only Memory (ROM) and FLASH) memory. Access to all memory types is controlled by a Memory Management Unit (MMU) which allows to separate and restrict access to parts of the memory.

IC dedicated software – Micro Controller Firmware

The Micro Controller Firmware is used for testing of the Micro Controller at production, for booting of the Micro Controller after power-up or after reset, for configuration of communication devices and for writing data to non-volatile memory.

IC dedicated software – Crypto Library



297	The Crypto Library provides implementations for symmetric and asymmetric cryptographic			
298	operations, hashing, the generation of hybrid deterministic and hybrid physical random			
299	numbers and further tools like secure copy and compare. The supported asymmetric			
300	cryptographic operations are ECC and RSA. These algorithms use the Public Key Crypto			
301	Coprocessor (PKCC) of the Micro Controller for the cryptographic operations.			
302	Micro Controller, IC dedicated software (Micro Controller Firmware, Crypto Library) are			
303	covered by the follow	wing certification: Certification ID: BSI-DSZ-CC-1040-2019-MA-01		
304	Evaluation level EA	AL6+ ALC_FLR.1 and ASE_TSS.2 according to Security IC Platform		
305	Protection Profile wi	th Augmentation Packages Version 1.0, 13 January 2014, BSI-CC-00084-		
306	2014.			
307	IC Embedded Software			
308	Certification ID: NS0	CIB-CC-180212-CR2		
309	JCOP4 consists of	Java Card Virtual Machine (JCVM), Java Card Runtime Environment		
310	(JCRE), Java Card	API (JCAPI), Global Platform (GP) framework, Configuration Module, etc.		
311	OS Name:	JCOP 4 Operating System		
312 313 314	Applied OS configuration:	Banking & Secure ID		
315 316 317	Product Identification:	JCOP 4 v4.7 R1.00.4		
318	Evaluation Level:	CC EAL 6+ with ASE_TSS.2, ALC_FLR.1 according to Java Card		
319		System – Open Configuration Protection Profile, version 3.0.5, Certified		
320		by Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik (BSI, BSI-CC-		
321		PP-0099-2017).		
322	Platform UGD:	[24]		
323	ID&Trust IDentity Applet Suite – accomplishing IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS			
324	Product name:	ID&Trust IDentity Applet Suite		
325	Version:	3.4		
326	Application name ¹ : I	Dentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS		
327	TOE Guidance			

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The applet is provided in cap file format.

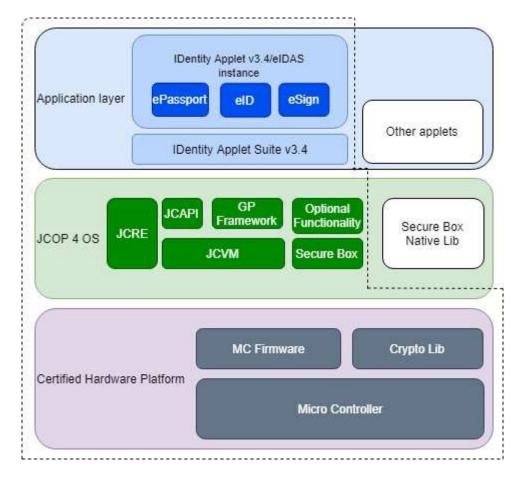


328 Documentation: ² IDentity Applet Administrator's Guide [21]

329 IDentity Applet User's Guide [22]

330 The composite part always means IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS

The logical architecture of the TOE:



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333 1. Figure TOE Boundaries

The TOE is a composite TOE and the dashed line denotes the whole TOE. The underlying certified hardware platform and JCOP 4 OS are marked with purple and green. In this ST the common short name of certified hardware platform and JCOP 4 OS is Platform.

The blue box marks the application layer. The ID&Trust IDentity Applet Suite v3.4 could be loaded in the Flash. During the creation phase an instance is created in the Flash and after several configuration steps it will be personalized as IDentity Applet v3.4/eIDAS. For details please see: section 1.4.3 TOE life cycle and [23].

² The AGD documents provided in electronic document format.



The boxes marked with white are not certified.

342 1.4.3. TOE LIFE CYCLE

- The TOE life cycle is described in terms of the above mentioned four life cycle phases. Akin to
- 344 [10], the TOE life-cycle is additionally subdivided into seven steps.
- 345 **Phase 1: Development**
- 346 Step 1
- 347 The TOE is developed in phase 1. NXP develops the integrated circuit, the IC dedicated
- 348 software and the guidance documentation associated with these TOE components.
- 349 Step 2
- 350 The software developer uses the guidance documentation for the integrated circuit and the
- 351 guidance documentation for relevant parts of the IC dedicated software, and develops the IC
- 352 embedded software (operating system), the electronic document application(s) and the
- 353 guidance documentation associated with these TOE components. The operating system is
- developed by NXP as well. The IDentity Applet v3.4 is developed by ID&Trust Ltd.
- 355 The manufacturing documentation of the IC including the IC dedicated software and the
- 356 embedded software in the non-volatile non-programmable memories is securely delivered to
- 357 the IC manufacturer. The IC embedded software in the non-volatile programmable memories,
- 358 the application(s), and the guidance documentation is securely delivered to the electronic
- 359 document manufacturer.
 - Phase 2: Manufacturing
- 361 Step 3

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- 362 In a first step, the TOE integrated circuit is produced. The circuit contains the electronic
- 363 document's chip dedicated software, and the parts of the electronic document's chip
- 364 embedded software in the non-volatile non-programmable memory (ROM). The IC
- 365 manufacturer writes IC identification data onto the chip in order to track and control the IC as
- 366 dedicated electronic document material during IC manufacturing, and during delivery to the
- 367 electronic document manufacturer. The IC is securely delivered from the IC manufacturer to
- the electronic document manufacturer. If necessary, the IC manufacturer adds parts of the IC
- embedded software in the non-volatile programmable memory, e. g. EEPROM or in FLASH.



370 Step 4 (optional) 371 If the electronic document manufacturer delivers a packaged component, the IC is combined 372 with hardware for the contact based or contactless interface. 373 Step 5 374 The electronic document manufacturer 375 1. if necessary, adds the IC embedded software, or parts of it in the non-volatile 376 programmable memories, e. g. EEPROM or FLASH, 377 2. creates the application(s), and 378 3. equips the electronic document's chip with pre-personalization data. Creation of the application(s) implies the creation of the master file (MF), dedicated files (DFs), 379 380 and elementary files (EFs) according to [12]. How this process is handled internally depends 381 on the IC and IC embedded software. 382 The pre-personalized electronic document together with the IC identifier is securely delivered 383 from the electronic document manufacturer to the Personalization Agent. The electronic 384 document manufacturer also provides the relevant parts of the guidance documentation to the 385 Personalization Agent. Phase 3: Personalization of the Electronic Document 386 387 Step 6 388 The personalization of the electronic document includes 389 1. the survey of the Electronic Document Holder's biographical data, 390 2. the enrollment of the Electronic Document Holder's biometric reference data, such as 391 a digitized portrait or other biometric reference data, 392 3. printing the visual readable data onto the physical part of the electronic document, and 393 4. configuration of the TSF, if necessary. 394 Configuration of the TSF is performed by the Personalization Agent and includes, but is not 395 limited to, the creation of the digitized version of the textual, printed data, the digitized version 396 of e.g. a portrait, or a cryptographic signature of a cryptographic hash of the data that are 397 stored on the chip. The personalized electronic document, if required together with appropriate 398 guidance for TOE use, is handed over to the Electronic Document Holder for operational use.



399 3. Application note (taken from [20], Application Note 3)

400 TSF data are data for the operation of the TOE upon which the enforcement of the SFRs relies

401 [1]. Here TSF data include, but are not limited to, the Personalization Agent's authentication

402 key(s).

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Phase 4: Operational Use

404 Step 7

The chip of the TOE is used by the electronic document and terminals that verify the chip's

data during the phase operational use. The user data can be read and modified according to

407 the security policy of the issuer.

4. Application note (taken from [20], application note 4)

This ST considers at least the first phase and parts of the second phase, i.e. Step 1 up to Step 3, as part of the evaluation. Therefore, the TOE delivery is defined to occur, according to CC, after Step 3. Since specific production steps of the second phase are of minor security relevance (e.g. plastic card or booklet manufacturing and antenna integration) these are not part of the CC evaluation under ALC. Nevertheless, the decision about this has to be taken by the certification body resp. the national body of the issuer or organization. In this case the

ational body of the issuer is responsible for these specific production steps.

Note that the personalization process and its environment may depend on specific security needs of the issuer. All production, generation and installation procedures after TOE delivery up to the phase operational use have to be considered in the product evaluation process under assurance class AGD. Therefore, the security target has to outline how to split up P.Manufact, P.Personalisation and related security objectives into aspects relevant before vs. those relevant after TOE delivery.

Some production steps, e. g. Step 4 in Phase 2 may also take place in the Phase 3.

1.4.4. TOE SECURITY FUNCTIONS

TSF	Description		
TSF.AccessControl	The TOE enforces access control in order to ensure only for authorised users to access User Data and TSF-data and maintains different security roles.		
TSF.Authenticate	The TOE supports several authentication mechanisms in order to authenticate the Users, Terminals and to prove the genuineness of the electronic document. The supported mechanism and protocols are based on ICAO and BSI standards [7], [8], [16], [17] and [18].		
TSF.SecureManagement	The TOE enforces the secure management of the security attributes, data and functions. Furthermore the TOE restricts the available commands in each TOE life-cycle phase.		
TSF.CryptoKey	The TOE uses several cryptographic services such as digital signature creation and verification, asymmetric and		



	symmetric cryptography, random number generation and complete key management.
TSF.AppletParametersSign	The TOE enforces the integrity of itself in each life cycle phases.
TSF.Platform	The TOE relies on the certified functions and services of the Platform. This TSF is collection of those SFRs, which are uses these functions and services.

424 1.4.5. FEATURES OF THE IDENTITY APPLET

- Taking into consideration the [20] the current ST makes distinct the following configuration:
- 426 European Passport
- Identity Card with Protected MRTD Application
- Identity Card with EU-compliant MRTD Application
- 430 Passwords
- 431 MRZ [16]
- 432 CAN [16]
- 433 Authentication Procedure
- This configuration requires implementation t the following Authentication Procedure for access to DG3 and DG4 (Sensitive User Data) of the ePassport Application:
- Advanced Inspection procedure [16]
- 437 Applications
- 438 ePassport Application
- 439 Protocols
- PACE (Generic Mapping, Integrated Mapping and Chip Authentication Mapping) [9], [16]
- Active Authentication [7] (optionally)
- 443 EAC1 [16]
- o Terminal Authentication version 1 [16]
- o Chip Authentication version 1 [16]
- 446 Data Groups
- 447 According to [16].
- 448 Data types in:



- Common user data: All DG, which require only BAC/PACE protocol
- EAC1 protected data: All DG, which require EAC1 protocol
- The authorization level of EAC1 terminal is determined by the effective authorization calculated
- by from the certificate chain.

453 Terminals and access control

Data types	PACE terminal	EAC1 terminal	EAC2 terminal
common user data	Χ	X	-
EAC1 protected data	-	X	-

Table 3 Terminals and access control in European Passport

455 Security Functional Requirements

TOE SFR / Application	ePassport	
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP	-	
FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2PP	-	
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC2PP	-	
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP	-	
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP	-	
FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	-	
FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP	-	
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP	X	
FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	X	
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC1PP	X	
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP	X	
FCS_RND.1/EAC1PP	X	
FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	X	
FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP	X	
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP	X	
FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP	X	
FCS_CKM.1/CA2	-	
FCS_CKM.1/RI	-	
FCS_CKM.1/AA	X	
FCS_COP.1/AA	X	
FCS CKM.1/CAM	X	
FCS_COP.1/CAM	X	
FCS CKM.1/SSCDPP	-	
FCS COP.1/SSCDPP	-	
FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP	X	
FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP	X	
FIA API.1/CA EAC2PP	-	
FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP	-	
FIA UID.1/PACE EAC2PP	-	
FIA UID.1/EAC2 Terminal EAC2PP	-	
FIA UAU.1/PACE EAC2PP	-	
FIA UAU.1/EAC2 Terminal EAC2PP	-	
FIA UAU.4/PACE EAC2PP	-	
FIA UAU.5/PACE EAC2PP	-	
FIA UAU.6/CA EAC2PP	-	
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FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP	-	
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP	-	
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	X	
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	X	
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP	X	
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP	X	
FIA UAU.6/PACE EAC1PP	Х	
FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP	X	
FIA API.1/EAC1PP	X	
FIA API.1/PACE CAM	X	
FIA API.1/AA	X	
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP	X	
FIA UID.1/SSCDPP		
FIA AFL.1/SSCDPP		
FIA UAU.1/SSCDPP	<u>-</u>	
	<u>-</u>	
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	- -	
FDP_ACF.1/TRM	X	
FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP	-	
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	-	
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	-	
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP	X	
FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP	X	
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Χ	
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Х	
FDP ACC.1/SCD/SVD Generation S	-	
SCDPP		
FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_S	-	
SCDPP		
SCDPP FDP ACC.1/SVD Transfer SSCDPP	<u>-</u>	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	<u>-</u>	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	- - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature-	- - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP	- - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature-	- - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP	- - - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP	- - - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP	- - - - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP	- - - - - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP	- - - - - - - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP	- - - - - - - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP	- - - - - - - - - X	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP	-	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP	- - - - - - - - - X	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	-	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP	- X	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	- X - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1	- X	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	- X - -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1	- X - - - X	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP	- X - - - X	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP	- X - - - X -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP	- X - - - X -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP	- X - - - X -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP	- X - - - X -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP FMT_SMR.1 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP	- X - - - X -	
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP FDP_ACC.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/Signature- creation_SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SMF.1 FMT_SMR.1 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP	- X - - - X -	



FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP	-
FMT SMR.1/SSCDPP	-
FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP	-
FMT MOF.1/SSCDPP	-
FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP	_
FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP	_
FMT MSA.2/SSCDPP	_
FMT MSA.3/SSCDPP	_
FMT MSA.4/SSCDPP	_
FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP	<u>-</u>
FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP	<u>-</u>
FMT LIM.1/EAC2PP	<u> </u>
FMT LIM.2/EAC2PP	-
FMT MTD.1/INI ENA EAC2PP	-
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP	<u>-</u>
	X
FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP	X
FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP	
FMT_LIM.2/EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP	X
FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP	X
FMT_LIM.1/Loader	Χ
FMT_LIM.2/Loader	Χ
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	X
FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP	-
FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP	-
FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP	-
FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP	-
FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP	Χ
FPT_FLS.1/EAC1PP	Χ
FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP	Χ
FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP	Χ
FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP	-
FPT_FLS.1/SSCDPP	-
FPT_PHP.1/SSCDPP	-
FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP	-
FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP	-

456 1.4.5.2. Identity Card with Protected MRTD Application

457 Passwords

458 • MRZ [16]

459 • CAN [16]

460 • PIN [17]



- 461 PUK [17]
- While it is technically possible to grant access to the electronic signature functionality by
- 463 inputting only CAN, this technical option is not allowed in this ST. This is due to the fact that
- solely the signatory which is here the Electronic Document Holder shall be able to generate
- an electronic signature on his own behalf.
- 466 Authentication Procedure
- 467 This configuration requires implementation at the following Authentication Procedure for
- 468 access any User Data stored on the TOE:
- General Authentication Procedure [17]
- 470 Applications
- ePassport Application
- 472 eID Application
- 473 eSign Application
- 474 Protocols
- PACE (Generic Mapping, Integrated Mapping) [17]
- 476 EAC2 [17]
- o Terminal Authentication version 2 [17]
- o Chip Authentication version 2 [17]
- Restricted Identification [17]
- 480 Data Groups
- 481 According to [17].
- 482 According to [9] and [16].
- 483 Data type in:
- EAC2 protected data: All DG in ePassport, eID and eSign application.
- The authorization level of EAC2 terminal is determined by the effective authorization calculated
- 486 by from the certificate chain.
- 487 Terminals and access control

Data type	PACE terminal	EAC1 terminal	EAC2 terminal
Common user data	-	-	X
EAC2 protected data	-	-	X

Table 4 Terminals and access control in Identity Card with Protected MRTD Application



TOE SFR / Application	ePassport	eID	eSign
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP	X	X	Х
FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FCS COP.1/SIG VER EAC2PP	X	X	X
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FCS CKM.4/EAC2PP	X	X	X
FCS RND.1/EAC2PP	X	X	X
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP			- -
FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	<u> </u>		
FCS COP.1/PACE ENC EAC1PP	<u>-</u>	-	-
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP			<u>-</u>
FCS RND.1/EAC1PP	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	<u>-</u>		-
FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP			
FCS COP.1/SIG VER EAC1PP	-	<u>-</u>	-
FCS COP.1/CA MAC EAC1PP			<u>-</u>
FCS CKM.1/CA2	X	X	X
FCS CKM.1/RI	^	X	-
FCS CKM.1/AA	-		-
FCS COP.1/AA	-	-	-
FCS CKM.1/CAM	-	-	-
FCS COP.1/CAM	-	-	-
FCS CKM.1/SSCDPP	-	-	X
	-	-	X
FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP	X	X	X
FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FIA_APL4/CA_FACORP			X
FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP	X	X	-
FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP	X	X	X
	X	X	X
FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FIA UAU.4/PACE EAC2PP	X	X	X
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP	X		
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP	X	X	X X
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP	λ		
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_API.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	-	-	-
FIA_API.1/AA	-	-	-
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP	-	-	X
FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP	-	-	X
FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP	- V	- V	X
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FDP_ACF.1/TRM	X	X	X



FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP	Χ	Χ	Χ
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	Χ	Χ	Χ
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	Χ	Χ	Χ
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FDP UIT.1/TRM EAC1PP	-	-	-
FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCD	-	-	X
PP			
FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCD	-	-	Χ
PP			
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FDP_ACC.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FDP_ACF.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP	Х	Χ	Х
FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP	Χ	X	X
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FAU SAS.1/EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х
FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х
FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	Х	Х	-
FMT_SMR.1	Х	Х	Х
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х
FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP	Х	X	-
FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP	Х	Х	-
FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP	Х	Х	
FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP	X	X	
FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2PP	X	X	
FMT_MTD.1/Activate_PIN_EAC2PP	X	X	
FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP	X	X	
FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP	-	-	X
FMT_MOF.1/SSCDPP	-	-	X
FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP	-	-	X
FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP	-	-	X
FMT_MSA.2/SSCDPP	-	-	X
FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP	-	-	X
FMT MSA.4/SSCDPP	-	-	X
FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP	-	<u>-</u>	X
FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP	_	<u>-</u>	X
FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP	X	X	X
FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP	X	X	X
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP	X	X	X
FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP		-	_
FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
	-	-	-
FMT_LIM.2/EAC1PP	-	-	-



FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC1PP	-		-
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_LIM.1/Loader	-	Χ	Χ
FMT_LIM.2/Loader	-	Χ	Χ
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	-	-	-
FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP	Χ	Χ	Χ
FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP	Χ	Χ	Χ
FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP	Χ	Χ	Χ
FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP	Χ	Χ	Χ
FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP	-	-	
FPT_FLS.1/EAC1PP	-	-	
FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP	-	-	
FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP	-	-	
FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FPT_FLS.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FPT_PHP.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
•			

489 1.4.5.3. Identity Card with EU-compliant MRTD Application

490 Passwords

491 • MRZ [16]

492 • CAN [16]

493 • PIN [17]

494 • PUK [17]

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While it is technically possible to grant access to the electronic signature functionality by inputting only CAN, this technical option is not allowed in this ST. This is due to the fact that solely the signatory – which is here the Electronic Document Holder – shall be able to generate an electronic signature on his own behalf.

499 Authentication Procedure

This configuration requires implementation at the following Authentication Procedure for access to non-sensitive user data of the ePassport Application:

Advanded Inspection Procedure [16]

This configuration requires implementation of the following Authentication Procedure for access any further User Data stored on the TOE:

General Authentication Procedure [17]



- 506 Applications
- ePassport Application
- eID Application
- eSign Application
- 510 Protocols
- PACE (Generic Mapping, Integrated Mapping and Chip Authentication Mapping) [9] [16] and [17]
- Active Authentication [7] (optionally)
- EAC1 [16]
- 515 o Terminal Authentication version 1 [16]
- o Chip Authentication version 1 [16]
- EAC2 [17]
- 518 o Terminal Authentication version 2 [17]
- 519 o Chip Authentication version 2 [17]
- Restricted Identification [17]
- 521 Data Groups
- 522 According to [17].
- Data types in Table 5 Terminals and access control in Identity Card with EU-compliant MRTD Application:
- Common user data: All DG, which require only BAC/PACE protocol in ePassport;
- EAC1 protected data: All DG, which require EAC1 protocol in ePassport;
- EAC2 protected data: All DG in eID and eSign application.
- The authorization level of EAC1 and EAC2 terminals are determined by the effective authorization calculated by from the certificate chain.
- 530 Terminals and access control

Data	PACE	EAC1	EAC2
types	terminal	terminal	terminal
Common user data	Х	Х	Х



EAC1 protected data	-	Х	-
EAC2	-	-	Х
protected data			

Table 5 Terminals and access control in Identity Card with EU-compliant MRTD Application

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TOE SFR / Application	ePassport	eID	eSign
FOO OVM A/DU DAOF FACODO		V	V
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	-	X	X
FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP	-	X	X
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP	X	-	-
FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	X	-	-
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC1PP	X	-	-
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP	X	-	-
FCS_RND.1/EAC1PP	X	-	-
FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP	-	-	-
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP	X	-	-
FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP	X	-	-
FCS_CKM.1/CA2	-	Χ	Χ
FCS_CKM.1/RI	-	Χ	-
FCS_CKM.1/AA	Χ	-	-
FCS_COP.1/AA	Χ	-	-
FCS_CKM.1/CAM	Χ	-	-
FCS_COP.1/CAM	X	-	-
FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Χ
FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP	Х	Х	X
FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP	-	Х	X
FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP	-	Х	-
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP	-	Х	Х
FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FIA UAU.4/PACE EAC2PP	-	X	X
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP		X	X
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP	<u>-</u>	X	X
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP		X	X
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	X	-	-
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	X	<u>-</u>	
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP	X	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP	X	<u> </u>	-
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC1PP	X	<u> </u>	-
	X		-
FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP	X	-	-



FIA_API.1/EAC1PP	X	-	-
FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	X	-	-
FIA_API.1/AA	Χ	-	-
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP	-	=	Χ
FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	-	X	Х
FDP ACF.1/TRM	Х	X	Χ
FDP RIP.1/EAC2PP	-	X	Χ
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	-	Х	Χ
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	-	X	Χ
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Х	-	-
FDP RIP.1/EAC1PP	Х	-	-
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Х	-	-
FDP UIT.1/TRM EAC1PP	X	-	-
FDP ACC.1/SCD/SVD Generation SSCD	-	-	Х
PP			~
FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCD	-	-	Х
PP			
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FDP ACF.1/SVD Transfer SSCDPP	-	-	X
FDP_ACC.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP		_	X
FDP_ACF.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP			X
FDP RIP.1/SSCDPP			X
FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP			X
FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP		_	X
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP		X	X
FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP	X	^	٨
FAU SAS.1/EAC2PP		X	X
FAU SAS.1/EAC2PP	- X		
		- V	- V
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP	-	X	Х
FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	- V	X	- V
FMT_SMR.1	Χ	X	X
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP	-	X	X
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP	-	X	-
FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP	-	X	-
FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP	-	X	
FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP	-	X	
FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2PP	-	X	
FMT_MTD.1/Activate_PIN_EAC2PP	-	X	
FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP	-	X	
FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FMT_MOF.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP		-	Х
FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP	-	-	Х
FMT_MSA.2/SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP	-	-	Х



FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP	-	-	Х
FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP	-	X	X
FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP	-	Χ	Χ
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP	-	Χ	Χ
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP	-	Χ	Χ
FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_LIM.2/EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC1PP	Χ		-
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-
FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP	-	-	-
FMT_LIM.1/Loader	Χ	Χ	Χ
FMT_LIM.2/Loader	Χ	Χ	Χ
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	Χ	-	-
FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP	-	X	Χ
FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP	-	Χ	Χ
FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP	-	X	X
FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP	-	X	X
FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP	Χ	-	
FPT_FLS.1/EAC1PP	X	-	
FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP	X	-	
FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP	Χ	-	
FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FPT_FLS.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FPT_PHP.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP	-	-	Χ
- A II 41 - 4 (6 41 OF 41)			

5. Application note (from the ST author)

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Taking into consideration the [20] specifies authentication and communication protocols that have to be used for the eSign application for the TOE, all the EAC2 relevant SFR are listed to the eSign application as well. These SFRs contribute to secure Signature Verification Data (SVD) export, Data To Be Signed (DTBS) import, and Verification Authentication Data (VAD) import functionality.



539 2. CONFORMANCE CLAIMS

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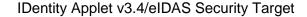
Version number:

Registration:

1.01

BSI-CC-PP-0087

540	2.1.CC Conform	nance Claim		
541	This ST claims confor	mance to		
542 543 544 545 546 547	and general mCommon Crite functional comCommon Crite	eria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Part 1: Introduction nodel; CCMB-2017-04-001, Version 3.1, Revision 5, April 2017, [1] eria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Part 2: Security Evaluation, Part 2: Security Evaluation, Part 3: Security Evaluatio		
548	as follows			
549	Part 2 extended,			
550	Part 3 conformant.			
551	The			
552 553		hodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Evaluation CCMB-2017-04-004, Version 3.1, Revision 5, April 2017, [4]		
554	has to be taken into a	ccount.		
555	2.2.PP Claim			
556	This ST claims strict	conformance to the following protection profile:		
557 558	Title:	Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use [MR.ED-PP] [20]		
559 560 561 562	Sponsor: CC version: Assurance Level: General Status:	Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik (BSI) 3.1 (Revision 3.4) EAL4 augmented with ALC_DVS.2, ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5. Final		





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597

CC Version:

Assurance Level:

Version Number:

ICAO, PACE, EAC, Extended Access Control, ID-Card, electronic 565 Keywords: 566 document, smart card, TR-03110 567 568 Since the [20] claims strict conformance to [5], [6] and [14], this ST also claims strict 569 conformance to Title: 570 Machine Readable Travel Document with "ICAO Application", 571 Extended Access Control with PACE (EAC PP) [5] 572 Sponsor: Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik 573 CC Version: 3.1 (revision 3) 574 Assurance Level: EAL4 augmented with ALC_DVS.2, ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5 575 General Status: Final 576 Version number: version 1.3.2 577 Registration: BSI-CC-PP-0056-V2-2012 ICAO, Machine Readable Travel Document, Extended Access Control, 578 Keywords: 579 PACE, Supplemental Access Control (SAC) 580 581 Title: Common Criteria Protection Profile Electronic Document 582 implementing Extended Access Control Version 2 defined in BSI TR-03110 [6] 583 584 Editor/Sponsor: Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik (BSI) 585 CC Version: 3.1 (Revision 4) 586 Assurance Level: EAL4 augmented ALC_DVS.2, ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5. 587 General Status: final 588 Version Number: Version 1.01 589 BSI-CC-PP-0086 Registration: 590 Keywords: EAC2, eID-Application, eID-Card, PACE 591 592 Title: Protection profiles for Secure signature creation device — Part 2: 593 Device with key generation 594 Author: CEN / CENELEC (TC224/WG17)

3.1 (Revision 3)

Version 2.0.1

EAL4 augmented with AVA_VAN.5

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598	Registration:	BSI-CC-PP-0059-2009-MA-01	
599	Keywords:	secure signature-creation device, electronic signature, digital signature	
600	6. Application note (take	en from [20] Application note 7)	
601 602 603 604 605 606	TOE corresponding to application is operat communication proto TOE. These protocols	aim covers the part of the security policy for the eSign application of the of the security policy defined in [14], and hence is applicable, if the eSign ional. In addition to [14], the current ST specifies authentication and cols (at least PACE) that have to be used for the eSign application of the scontribute to secure Signature Verification Data (SVD) export, Data To aport, and Verification Authentication Data (VAD) import functionality.	
607	Since [5] and [6] cl	aim strict conformance to [13], this ST implicitly also claims strict	
608	conformance to		
609	Title:	Machine Readable Travel Document using Standard Inspection	
610		Procedure with PACE (PACE PP) [13]	
611	Sponsor:	Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik	
612	CC Version:	3.1 (revision 4)	
613	Assurance Level:	EAL4 augmented with ALC_DVS.2, ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5	
614	General Status:	Final	
615	Version number:	Version 1.01	
616	Registration:	BSI-CC-PP-0068-V2-2011-MA-01	
617	Keywords:	ePassport, travel document, ICAO, PACE, Standard Inspection	
618		Procedure, Supplemental Access Control (SAC)	
619			
620	However since [5] ar	nd [6] already claim strict conformance to [13], this implicit conformance	
621	claim is formally mos	tly ignored within this ST for the sake of presentation; but if necessary to	
622	yield a better overvi	ew however, references to [13] are given or the relation with [13] is	
623	explained.		
624	2.3.Package Cl	aim	
625	The current ST is conformant to the following packages:		
626	Assurance package	EAL4 augmented with ALC_DVS.2, ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5 as	
627	defined in [3].		



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2.4.Conformance Rationale

- This ST conforms to the PPs [20], [5], [6] and [14]. This implies for this ST:
- 1. The TOE type of this ST is the same as the TOE type of the claimed PPs:

 The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is an electronic document implemented as a smart card programmed according to [16] and [17], and additionally representing a combination of hardware and software configured to securely create, use and manage
- signature-creation data, for the eSign application.
- 2. The security problem definition (SPD) of this ST contains the SPD of the claimed PPs.

 The SPD contains all threats, organizational security policies and assumptions of the claimed PPs.
- The current ST extended the OSP **P.Terminal** because of the optional Active Authentication function of TOE.
- 3. The security objectives for the TOE in this ST include all the security objectives for the TOE of the claimed PPs. This objective does not weaken the security objectives of the claimed PPs.
 - In addition, the OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM security objective is defined in the ST because of the Chip Authentication mapping and OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_AA because of the Active Authentication protocol.
- 4. The security objectives for the operational environment in this ST include all security objectives for the operational environment of the claimed PPs.
 - In addition the OE.Auth_Key_AA and OE.Exam_Electronic_Document_AA security objectives are defined in the ST because of the Active Authentication protocol. These additions were necessary because none of the original security objectives for the TOE or OSPs do not concern the obligations of States or Organization in connection with Active Authentication protocol.
 - Those SFR, which are refined in order to ensure the unified terminology usage, are not detailed in the following.
 - The SFRs specified in this ST include all security functional requirements (SFRs) specified in the claimed PPs. We especially point to the following three refined SFRs within [20]:
- The SFR FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP is redefined from [14] by additional assignments. Note that this does not violate strict conformance to [14].
- Multiple iterations of FDP_ACF.1 and FMT_SMR.1 exist from imported PPs to define the access control SFPs and security roles for (common) user data, EAC1-protected



user data, and EAC2-protected user data. These access control SFPs and security 662 663 roles are unified to FDP ACF.1/TRM and FMT SMR.1. The following SFRs were iterated from FCS CKM.1, FCS COP.1 and FIA API.1 to 664 665 the ST because of PACE-CAM: FCS CKM.1/CAM 666 667 FCS_COP.1/CAM • FIA API.1/PACE CAM 668 669 The following SFR was extended to the ST because of PACE-CAM: FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP 670 671 The following SFRs were refined to the ST because of PACE-CAM: FIA UID.1/PACE EAC1PP 672 673 • FIA UAU.5/PACE EAC1PP 674 The following SFRs were iterated from FCS CKM.1, FCS COP.1, FIA API.1 and 675 FMT MTD.1 to the ST because of Active Authentication protocol: 676 FCS CKM.1/AA FCS COP.1/AA 677 678 FIA API.1/AA 679 FMT MTD.1/AA Private Key 680 The following SFRs was extended to the ST because of Active Authentication protocol: 681 FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP 682 FPT EMS.1/EAC1PP 683 The following SFRs were refined to the ST because of Active Authentication protocol: 684 FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP FMT MTD.1/KEY READ EAC1PP 685 686 The following SFRs are iterated from FCS CKM.1 because the TOE supports the Chip 687 Authentication version 2 and Restricted Identification key pair(s) generation on the TOE 688 as described in FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP. Furthermore, these SFRs were 689 refined to emphasize the purpose of the SFRs: 690 • FCS_CKM.1/CA2 691 FCS CKM.1/RI The following SFR is refined because the electronic document manufacturer may 692 693 generate or load the private keys: FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP 694 695 The following SFR is slightly refined in order not to confuse Chip Authentication 1 with 696 Chip Authentication 2:



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697FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP

These additional SFRs do not affect the strict conformance. All assignments and selections of the security functional requirements are defined in the [6] section 6.1 and in this ST Security Functional Requirements.

The extension of the OSP **P.Terminal** do not affect the strict conformance because it do not modify the original requirements only added new requirements concern the Active Authentication protocol.

The SARs specified in this ST are the same as specified in the claimed PPs or extend them.

2.5. Statement of Compatibility

2.5.1. SECURITY FUNCTIONALITIES

The following table contains the security functionalities of the [23] and of current ST, showing which Functionality correspond to the [23] and which has no correspondence. This statement is compliant to the requirements of [25].

A classification of SFs of the [23] has been made. Each TSF has been classified as 'relevant' or 'not relevant' for current ST.

Platform Security	Corresponding TOE	Relevant or not	Remarks
Functionality	Security Functionality	relevant	
SF.JCVM	TSF.Platform	Relevant	Java Card Virtual
			Machine
SF.CONFIG	TSF.Platform	Relevant	Configuration
			Management
SF.OPEN	TSF.AccessControl	Relevant	Card Content
	TSF.Authenticate		Management
	TSF.Platform		
SF.CRYPTO	TSF.AppletParametersSi	Relevant	Cryptographic
	gn		Functionality
	TSF.Authenticate		j
	TSF.CryptoKey		
	TSF.Platform		
SF.RNG	TSF.CryptoKey	Relevant	Random Number
	TSF.Platform		Generator
SF.DATA_STORAG	TSF.AccessControl	Relevant	Secure Data
E	TSF.AppletParametersSi		Storage
	gn		-
	TSF.CryptoKey		
	TSF.Platform		



Platform Security	Corresponding TOE	Relevant or not	Remarks
Functionality	Security Functionality	relevant	
SF.PUF	-	Relevant	User Data Protection using PUF
SF.EXT_MEM	-	Not relevant	External Memory
SF.OM	TSF.Platform	Relevant	Java Object Management
SF.MM	-	Not relevant	Memory Management
SF.PIN	TSF.AppletParametersSi gn TSF.Authenticate	Relevant	PIN Management
SF.PERS_MEM	TSF.Platform	Relevant	Persistent Memory Management
SF.SENS_RES	-	Not relevant	Sensitive Result
SF.EDC	TSF.Platform	Relevant	Error Detection Code API
SF.HW_EXC	TSF.Platform	Relevant	Hardware Exception Handling
SF.RM	-	Not relevant	Restricted Mode
SF.PID	-	Not relevant	Platform Identification
SF.SMG_NSC	TSF.Platform	Relevant	No Side-Channel
SF.ACC_SBX	-	Not relevant	Secure Box
SF.MOD_INVOC	-	Not relevant	Module Invocation

Table 6 Classification of Platform-TSFs

- 713 All the above SFs of [23], which are indicated as relevant are relevant for this ST.
- 714 2.5.2. OSPs

- 715 P.Card_PKI, P.Trustworthy_PKI, P.Terminal, P.Sensitive_Data, P.Personalisation,
- 716 P.EAC2_Terminal, P.RestrictedIdentity and P.Terminal_PKI are not applicable to the Platform
- 717 and therefore not mappable for [23].
- 718 The OSP.VERIFICATION, OSP.PROCESS-TOE, OSP.KEY-CHANGE are covered by the
- 719 ALC class, furthermore P.Manufact, P.Pre-Operational and P.Lim_Block_Loader correspond
- 720 to these OSPs.
- OSP.SECURE-BOX and OSP.SECURITY-DOMAINS do not deal with any additional security
- 722 components.
- 723 2.5.3. SECURITY OBJECTIVES
- These objectives from [23] can be mapped to this ST's objectives as shown in the following table, so they are relevant.

Objective from the Platform ST	Objective from this ST
OT ALARM	OT SCD. Secrecy



I.	OT.Tamper_Resistance
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
	OT.Prot_Phys-Tamper
	OT.PTOL_PTIYS-Tallipel
OT.CARD-CONFIGURATION	OT.Prot_Abuse-Func
OT.CARD-MANAGEMENT	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Identification
	OT.Sens_Data_Conf
	OT.AC_PERS_EAC2
OT.CIPHER	OT.Lifecycle_Security
	OT.SCD_Unique
	OT.SCD_SVD_Corresp
	OT.SCD_Secrecy
	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Active_Auth_Proof
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Sens_Data_Conf
	OT.CA2
OT.COMM_AUTH	OT.Lifecycle_Security
	OT.Sig_Secure
	OT.TOE_QSCD_Auth
	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Identification
	OT.Sens_Data_Conf
	OT.Tracing
	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.COMM_CONFIDENTIALITY	OT.Lifecycle_Security
	OT.Sig_Secure
	OT.TOE_QSCD_Auth
	OT.TOE_TC_SVD_Exp
	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity



OT.Identification OT.Sens_Data_Conf OT.Tracing OT.RI_EAC2 OT.Sens_Data_EAC2 OT.Lifecycle_Security OT.AC_Pers OT.Chip_Auth_Proof OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Tracing OT.RI_EAC2 OT.Sens_Data_EAC2 OT.Lifecycle_Security OT.AC_Pers OT.Chip_Auth_Proof OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.RI_EAC2 OT.Sens_Data_EAC2 OT.COMM_INTEGRITY OT.AC_Pers OT.Chip_Auth_Proof OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Sens_Data_EAC2 OT.COMM_INTEGRITY OT.AC_Pers OT.Chip_Auth_Proof OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.COMM_INTEGRITY OT.AC_Pers OT.Chip_Auth_Proof OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.AC_Pers OT.Chip_Auth_Proof OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Chip_Auth_Proof OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Data_Authenticity OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Data_Confidentiality OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Identification
OT.Sens_Data_Conf
OT.Tracing
OT.Sig_Secure
OT.TOE_QSCD_Auth
OT.TOE_TC_SVD_Exp
ΟΤ.ΤΟΕ_ΤΟ_3VΒ_ΕΧΡ ΟΤ.RI_EAC2
OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.COMM AUTH OT.AC Pers
OT.Chip_Auth_Proof
OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM
OT.Data_Authenticity
OT.Data_Confidentiality
OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Identification
OT.Sens_Data_Conf
OT.Tracing
OT.RI_EAC2
OT.AC_PERS_EAC2
OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.DOMAIN-RIGHTS OT.AC_Pers
OT.Data_Authenticity
OT.Data_Confidentiality
OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Identification
OT.Sens_Data_Conf
OT.GLOBAL_ARRAYS_CONFID OT.SCD_Secrecy
OT.Sigy_SigF
OT.Data_Authenticity
OT.Data_Confidentiality
OT.Data_Integrity
OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.IDENTIFICATION OT.AC_Pers
OT.Identification
OT.KEY-MNGT OT.Lifecycle_Security
OT.SCD_Unique
OT.SCD_SVD_Corresp



	OT.SCD_Secrecy
	OT.Sig_Secure
	OT.TOE_QSCD_Auth
	OT.TOE_TC_SVD_Exp
	OT.Sigy_SigF
	OT.AC Pers
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Authernicity OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
	OT. Prot_Malfunction
	OT.Sens_Data_Conf
	OT.CA2
	OT.RI_EAC2
OT OBERATE	OT.SCD_Secretary
OT.OPERATE	OT.SCD_Secrecy
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
	OT.Prot_Malfunction
OT DIN MNOT	OT.Prot_Phys-Tamper
OT.PIN-MNGT	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
	OT.Prot_Malfunction
OT DEALL COATION	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.REALLOCATION	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
07.05040050	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.RESOURCES	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
27 212	OT.Prot_Phys-Tamper
OT.RND	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Sens_Data_Conf
	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.RNG	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Sens_Data_Conf
	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.SCP.IC	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak



	OT.Prot_Phys-Tamper
OT.SCP.RECOVERY	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
	OT.Prot_Phys-Tamper
OT.SCP.SUPPORT	OT.AC_Pers
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof
	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM
	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Sens_Data_Conf
	OT.Tracing
	OT.CA2
	OT.RI_EAC2
	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
OT.SID_MODULE	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
	OT.Prot_Malfunction
OT.TRANSACTION	OT.Data_Authenticity
	OT.Data_Confidentiality
	OT.Data_Integrity
	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2

Table 7 Mapping of security objectives for the TOE

727 The following objectives of [23] are not relevant for or cannot be mapped to the TOE of this ST: 728

729	•	OT.SID
730	•	OT.APPLI-AUTH
731	•	OT.ATTACK-COUNTER
732	•	OT.EXT-MEM
733	•	OT.FIREWALL
734	•	OT.Global_ARRAYS_IN

NTEG 735

OT.NATIVE 736

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738 739 **OT.OBJ-DELETION**

OT.RESTRICTED-MODE OT.SEC_BOX_FW

OT.SENSITIVE_RESULT_INTEG

740 cannot be mapped because these are out of scope.

741 The objectives for the operational environment can be mapped as follows:

Objective from the Platform-ST	Classification of OE	Objective from this ST
OE.APPLET	CfPOE	Covered by ALC class



OE.PROCESS_SEC_IC	CfPOE	Covered by the Platform's certification and ALC class	
OE.VERIFICATION	CfPOE	Covered by ALC class	
OE.CODE-EVIDENCE	CfPOE	Covered by ALC class	
OE.USE_DIAG	SgOE	Covered by OE.Terminal, OE.Exam_Travel_Document, OE.Prot_Logical_Travel_Document and OE.SSCD_Prov_Service	
OE.USE_KEYS	SgOE	Covered by OE.Terminal, OE.Exam_Travel_Document, OE.Prot_Logical_Travel_Document, OE.Terminal_Authentication and OE.HID_VAD	
OE.APPS-PROVIDER	CfPOE	Covered by ALC class	
OE.VERIFICATION- AUTHORITY	CfPOE	Covered by ALC class	
OE.KEY-CHANGE	CfPOE	Covered by ALC class	
OE.SECURITY- DOMAINS	CfPOE	Covered by ALC class	

There is no conflict between security objectives of this ST and the [23].

743 **2.5.4.** SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

744 The Security Requirements of the Platform ST can be mapped as follows:

Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
FAU_ARP.1	FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP	RP_SFR-MECH	FAU_ARP.1 facilitate to protect the TOE as required by these SFRs./SSCD
FAU_SAS.1[SCP]	FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP	RP_SFR-MECH	FAU_SAS.1[SCP] covers these SFRs.
FCO_NRO.2[SC]	-	IP_SFR	-
FCS_CKM.1t	-	IP_SFR	-
FCS_COP.1	FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_E AC2PP FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_E AC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[ECDHPACEKeyA greement] is applied for key agreement during the PACE and CA2 protocols. FCS_COP1.1[SHA] is applied for session key derivation during PACE, protocols.



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
	FCS_CKM.1/CAM	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[ECDHPACEKeyA greement] is applied for key agreement during the PACE-CAM.
	FCS_CKM.1/CA2	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_CKM.1.1 is applied for generation chip authentication key(s) pair on the TOE:
	FCS_CKM.1/RI	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_CKM.1.1 is applied for generation chip restricted identification key pair(s) on the TOE:
	FCS_CKM.1/AA	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_CKM.1.1 is applied for generation chip active authentication key pair on the TOE:
	FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_CKM.1.1 is applied for generation chip SCD/SVD key pair on the TOE:
	FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_ EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[AES] is applied for nonce encryption during the PACE protocol. FCS_COP1.1[AES] is applied for encryption and decryption during secure messaging (PACE)
	FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_ EAC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[AES] or FCS_COP.1[TripleDES] is applied for nonce encryption during the PACE-CAM protocol. FCS_COP1.1[AES] or FCS_COP.1[TripleDES] is applied for encryption and decryption during secure messaging (PACE).
	FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[SHA] is applied for session key derivation during CA2 and ephemeral key compression (CA2 and TA2).
	FCS_COP.1/CAM	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[AES] is applied for message encryption of Chip Authentication Data.
	FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[ECDHPACEKeyA greement] is applied for key agreement related to CA1 FCS_COP1.1[SHA] is applied for session key derivation during CA1.
	FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EA C2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[RSASignaturePK CS1] orFCS_COP.1.1[ECSignature]



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
			for digital signature verification related to TA2.
	FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_ EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[AESMAC] is applied to generate and verify the message authentication codes.
	FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_ EAC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP.1.1[AESMAC] is applied to generate and verify the message authentication codes.
	FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EA C1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1[TripleDES] or FCS_COP1.1[AES] is applied for encryption and decryption during secure messaging (CA1)
	FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_E AC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP.1.1[AESMAC] is applied to generate and verify the message authentication codes (CA1)
	FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EA C1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[RSASignaturePK CS1] orFCS_COP.1.1[ECSignature] for digital signature verification related to TA1.
	FCS_COP.1/AA	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[RSASignaturePK CS1] orFCS_COP.1.1[ECSignature] for digital signature generation related to Active Authentication.
	FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[RSASignaturePK CS1] or FCS_COP.1.1[ECSignature] for digital signature creation.
	FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1 fAESMAC] is applied for generating the authentication token.
	FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[ECDHPACEKeyA greement] is applied for key agreement related to RI FCS_COP1.1[SHA] is applied for restricted identification.
	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2 PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during PACE secure messaging the verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during CA secure messaging to verify the



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
			message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during secure messaging to verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[SHA] is applied for public key compression (in case DH).
	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1 PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during PACE secure messaging the verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during CA secure messaging to verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during secure messaging (based on Personalisation Agent Key) to verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[SHA] is applied for public key compression (in case DH).
	FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2 PP FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC1 PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during PACE secure messaging the verify the message authentication codes
	FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[AESMAC] o FCS_COP.1[DESMAC] is applied for message authentication code generation and verification related to PACE.
	FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[AESMAC] is applied for message authentication code generation and verification related to CA2.
	FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[AESMAC] o FCS_COP.1[DESMAC] is applied for message authentication code



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
			generation and verification related to CA1.
	FIA_API.1/EAC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied for message authentication code verification related to CA1.
	FIA_API.1/AA	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[RSASignaturePK CS1] or FCS_COP.1.1[ECSignature] is applied for digital signature verification for Active Authentication protocol.
	FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[AESMAC] is applied for chip authentication data generation related to PACE-CAM.
	FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[RSASignaturePK CS1] or FCS_COP.1.1[ECSignature] is applied for digital signature verification for TA.
	FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during PACE secure messaging the verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[AESMAC] is applied during CA secure messaging to verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP1.1[DESMAC] is applied during secure messaging (based on Personalisation Agent Key) to verify the message authentication codes. FCS_COP1.1[SHA] is applied for public key compression (in case DH).
	FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1[AES] and or FCS_COP.1[AESMAC] are applied during secure messaging to protect against disclosure and modification
	FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1[AES] and FCS_COP.1[AESMAC] are applied during secure



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
			messaging to protect against disclosure and modification
	FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1[TripleDES] or FCS_COP.1[AES] and FCS_COP.1[DESMAC] or FCS_COP.1[AESMAC] are applied during secure messaging to protect against disclosure and modification
	FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1.1[RSASignaturePK CS1] or FCS_COP.1.1[ECSignature] is applied for digital signature verification for TA1 and TA2.
FCS_RNG.1	FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_RNG.1 provides nonce and challenge generation for PACE and TA2.
	FCS_RND.1/EAC1PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1[TripleDES] or FCS_COP.1[AES] is applied during secure messaging to protect the confidentiality of transmitted and received user data.
	FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC2 PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_RNG.1 is applied to generate fresh nonce for PACE and TA2
	FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1 PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_RNG.1 is applied to generate fresh nonce for PACE, TA1 and Active Authentication.
	FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1[AESMAC] is applied during secure messaging to protect the integrity of transmitted and received user data.
	FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2P P	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_COP.1[AES] is applied during secure messaging to protect the confidentiality of transmitted and received user data.
FCS_CKM.4	FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	RP_SFR-SERV	FCS_CKM.4 of the Platform matches this SFR
FCS_RNG.1[HDT]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_ACC.2[FIRE WALL]	-	IP_SFR	
FDP_ACF.1[FIRE WALL]	-	IP_SFR	
FDP_ACC.1[SD]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_ACF.1[SD] FDP_ACC.2[ADE	-	IP_SFR IP_SFR	-
L]			



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
FDP_ACF.1[ADE L]	-	IP_SFR	
FDP_ACC.2[RM]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_ACC.1[EXT-	-	IP_SFR	
MEM]		_	
FDP_ACF.1[EXT-	-	IP_SFR	-
MEM]		_	
FDP_ACC.2[Secu	-	IP_SFR	
reBox]			
FDP_ACF.1[Secu	-	IP_SFR	
reBox]			
FDP_ACF.1[RM]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_IFC.1[JCVM	-	IP_SFR	-
]			
FDP_IFC.2[SC]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_IFC.2[CFG]	FMT_LIM.1/Loader	RP_SFR-MECH	FDP_IFC.2[CFG] applied to
	FMT_LIM.2/Loader		protect the TOE in
	FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP		operational phase.
	FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP		
	FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP		
FDP_IFC.1[MOD	FMT_LIM.2/EAC1PP	IP_SFR	
ULAR-DESIGN]	-	IF_3FK	
FDP_IFF.1[JCVM	-	IP_SFR	_
1		<u>_</u> 5	
FDP_IFF.1[SC]	FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_E	RP_SFR-MECH	FDP_IFF.1[SC] applied to
	AC2PP	_	control the writing of
	FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_E		initialization and pre-
	AC2PP		personalization data as
	FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_E		required by these SFRs.
	A1PP		
	FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_E		
EDD 155 4[050]	AC1PP	ID CED	
FDP_IFF.1[CFG]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_IFF.1[MOD	-	IP_SFR	-
ULAR-DESIGN] FDP_ITC.2[CCM]		IP_SFR	_
FDP_RIP.1[OBJE		IP_SFR	_
CTS]		11 _31 IV	
FDP_RIP.1[ABO	-	IP_SFR	_
RT]		•	
FDP_RIP.1[APD	-	IP_SFR	-
U]		_	
FDP_RIP.1[bArra	-	IP_SFR	-
y]		_	
FDP_RIP.1[Glob	-	IP_SFR	-
alArray_Refined			
]			
FDP_RIP.1[KEYS]	FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP	RP_SFR-MECH	FDP_RIP.1[KEYS] is applied to
	FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP		destroy the secure message
	FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP		session keys, the PACE



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
			ephemeral private key and SCD.
FDP_RIP.1[TRAN SIENT]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_RIP.1[ADEL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_RIP.1[ODEL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_ROL.1[FIRE WALL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_ROL.1[CCM	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_SDI.2[DATA	FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP	RP_SFR-MECH	FDP_SDI.2[DATA] checks the integrity of TSF data.
	FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDP P	RP_SFR-MECH	FDP_SDI.2[DATA] is applied to protect DTBS against integrity errors.
	FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_S SCDPP	RP_SFR-MECH	FDP_SDI.2[DATA] is applied to protect SCD against integrity errors.
FDP_SDI.2[SENS ITIVE_RESULT]	-	IP_SFR	-
FDP_UIT.1[CCM]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_AFL.1[PIN]	FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2P P	IP_SFR	FIA_AFL.1[PIN] is applied for PIN management.
	FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP	IP_SFR	FIA_AFL.1[PIN] is applied for PIN management.
FIA_ATD.1[AID]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_ATD.1[MOD ULAR-DESIGN]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_UID.1[SC]	FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2P P FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Termin al_EAC2PP FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1P P	RP_SFR-MECH	FIA_UID.1[SC] handled the identifier data of the TOE.
FIA_UID.1[CFG]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_UID.1[RM]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_UID.2[AID]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_UID.1[MOD ULAR-DESIGN]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_USB.1[AID]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_USB.1[MOD ULAR-DESIGN]	-	IP_SFR	-
FIA_UAU.1[RM]	-	IP_SFR	
FIA_UAU.1[SC]	FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Termi nal_EAC2PP FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2 PP FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1 PP	RP_SFR-MECH	FIA_UAU.1[SC] handled the identifier data of the TOE.



Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
FIA_UAU.4[SC]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.1[JCR	-	IP_SFR	-
E]			
FMT_MSA.1[JCV M]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.1[AD EL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.1[SC]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.1[EXT -MEM]	-	IP_SFR	-
_	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.1[CF	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.1[SD]	_	IP_SFR	_
FMT_MSA.1[RM	_	IP_SFR	_
]		11 _JI IV	
FMT_MSA.1[MO DULAR-DESIGN]	-	IP_SFR	-
_	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.3[FIR EWALL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.3[JCV	-	IP_SFR	-
M] FMT_MSA.3[AD	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.3[EXT	-	IP_SFR	-
-MEM] FMT_MSA.3[Sec ureBox]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.3[CF	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.3[SD]	-	IP_SFR	_
FMT_MSA.3[SC]	-	IP SFR	_
FMT_MSA.3[RM	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MSA.3[MO DULAR-DESIGN]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MTD.1[JCR	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_MTD.3[JCR E]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMF.1	-	IP_SFR	_
FMT_SMF.1[AD EL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMF.1[EXT -MEM]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMF.1[Sec ureBox]	-	IP_SFR	-



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Platform SFR	Corresponding TOE SFR	Category of Platform's SFRs	Remarks
FMT_SMF.1[CFG	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMF.1[SD]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMF.1[SC]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMF.1[RM	-	IP_SFR	-
]		_	
FMT_SMF.1[MO	-	IP_SFR	-
DULAR-DESIGN]			
FMT_SMR.1	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMR.1[INS	-	IP_SFR	-
TALLER]			
FMT_SMR.1[AD	-	IP_SFR	-
EL]			
FMT_SMR.1[CF	-	IP_SFR	-
G]			
FMT_SMR.1[SD]	-	IP_SFR	-
FMT_SMR.1[MO	-	IP_SFR	-
DULAR-DESIGN]		10.050	
FPR_UNO.1	-	IP_SFR	-
FPT_EMSEC.1	FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP	RP_SFR-MECH	FPT_EMSEC.1 of the Platform matches these SFRs.
FPT_FLS.1	FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP FPT_FLS.1/EAC1PP FPT_FLS.1/SSCDPP	RP_SFR-MECH	FPT_FLS.1 of the Platform ensures the secure state of the TOE as required by FPT_FLS.1
FPT_FLS.1[INSTA	-	IP_SFR	-
LLER]			
FPT_FLS.1[ADEL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FPT_FLS.1[ODEL]	-	IP_SFR	-
FPT_FLS.1[CCM]	-	IP_SFR	-
FPT_FLS.1[MOD	-	IP_SFR	-
ULAR-DESIGN]			
FPT_TDC.1	-	IP_SFR	<u>-</u>
FPT_RCV.3[INST	-	IP_SFR	-
ALLER]			
FPT_PHP.3	FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP	RP_SFR-MECH	FPT_PHP.3 of the Platform
	FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP		matches these SFRs.
	FPT_PHP.1/SSCDPP		
	FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP		
FTP_ITC.1[SC]	-	IP_SFR	-
ADV_SPM.1	Table 0.55	IP_SFR upping of Security requirements	-

Table 8 Mapping of Security requirements

The FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP, FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP, FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP and FMT_LIM.2/EAC1PP are not covered directly by [23]. As described in [20] the purposes of these SFRs is to prevent misuse of test features of the TOE over the life cycle phases.





- According to [23] the Platform consists of the Micro Controller, CryptoLibrary and Operation
- 750 System, which are certified as well. By the Micro Controller the limited availability and capability
- 751 of test features are ensured after Manufacturing phase of the TOE. FMT_LIM.1 and
- 752 FMT_LIM.2 is covered by the following Security Functions of Micro Controller ST: TSF.Control.
- 753 For details please check: [34]
- To sum up the above-mentioned Security Functions of Micro Controller ensure that the test
- 755 features of TOE cannot be misused.
- The Personalization Agent (FMT_SMR.1) may use the GlobalPlatform function of the Platform.
- 757 The TOE initialization and pre-personalization (FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP and
- 758 FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP) rely on the Platform functions.
- 760 **2.5.5.** ASSURANCE REQUIREMENTS
- 761 This ST requires EAL 4 according to Common Criteria V3.1 R5 augmented by ALC_DVS.2,
- 762 ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5.
- The [23] requires EAL 6 according to Common Criteria V3.1 R5 augmented by: ASE_TSS.2
- 764 and ALC_FLR.1.

- As EAL 6 covers all assurance requirements of EAL 4 all non-augmented parts of this ST will
- 766 match to the [23] assurance requirements.
- **2.6.Analysis**
- Overall there is no conflict between security requirements of this ST and [23].



769 3. SECURITY PROBLEM DEFINITION

770	3.1.Introduction
771	3.1.1. ASSETS
772	3.1.1.1.Primary Assets
773 774	As long as they are in the scope of the TOE, the primary assets to be protected by the TOE are listed below. For a definition of terms used, but not defined here, see the Glossary.
775	Authenticity of the Electronic Document's Chip
776 777 778	The authenticity of the electronic document's chip personalized by the issuing state or organization for the Electronic Document Holder, is used by the electronic document presenter to prove his possession of a genuine electronic document.
779	Generic Security Property: Authenticity
780	This asset is equal to the one(s) of [5] and [6], which itself stem from [13].
781	Electronic Document Tracing Data
782	Technical information about the current and previous locations of the electronic document
783	gathered unnoticeable by the Electronic Document Holder recognizing the TOE not knowing
784	any PACE password. TOE tracing data can be provided / gathered.
785	Generic Security Property: Unavailability
786	This asset is equal to the one(s) of [5] and [6], which itself stem from [13]. Note that
787	unavailability here is required for anonymity of the Electronic Document Holder.
788	Sensitive User Data
789	User data, which have been classified as sensitive data by the electronic document issuer, e.
790 791	g. sensitive biometric data. Sensitive user data are a subset of all user data, and are protected by EAC1, EAC2, or both.

Generic Security Properties: Confidentiality, Integrity, Authenticity



793	User Data stored on the TOE
794 795	All data, with the exception of authentication data, that are stored in the context of the application(s) on the electronic document. These data are allowed to be read out, used or
796 797	modified either by a PACE terminal, or, in the case of sensitive data, by an EAC1 terminal or an EAC2 terminal with appropriate authorization level.
798	Generic Security Properties: Confidentiality, Integrity, Authenticity
799	This asset is included from [5] and [6] respectively. In these protection profiles it is an extension
800 801	of the asset defined in [13]. This asset also includes "SVD" (Integrity and Authenticity only), "SCD" of [14].
802	User Data transferred between the TOE and the Terminal
803 804 805	All data, with the exception of authentication data, that are transferred (both directions) during usage of the application(s) of the electronic document between the TOE and authenticated terminals.
806	Generic Security Properties: Confidentiality, Integrity, Authenticity
807 808 809 810 811	This asset is included from [5] and [6] respectively. In these protection profiles it is an extension of the asset defined in [13]. As for confidentiality, note that even though not each data element being transferred represents a secret, [16], [17] resp. require confidentiality of all transferred data by secure messaging in encrypt-then-authenticate mode. This asset also includes "DTBS" of [14].
812	3.1.1.2.Secondary Assets
813 814	In order to achieve a sufficient protection of the primary assets listed above, the following secondary assets also have to be protected by the TOE.
815	Accessibility to the TOE Functions and Data only for Authorized Subjects
816 817	Property of the TOE to restrict access to TSF and TSF-Data stored in the TOE to authorized subjects only.
818	Generic Security Property: Availability
819	Genuineness of the TOE
820 821	Property of the TOE to be authentic in order to provide claimed security functionality in a proper way.



822	Generic Security Property: Availability
823	Electronic Document Communication Establishment Authorization Data
824	Restricted-revealable authorization information for a human user being used for verification of
825	the authorization attempts as an authorized user (PACE password). These data are stored in
826	the TOE and are not send to it.
827	Restricted-revealable here refers to the fact that if necessary, the Electronic Document Holder
828	may reveal her verification values of CAN and MRZ to an authorized person, or to a device
829	that acts according to respective regulations and is considered trustworthy.
830	Generic Security Properties: Confidentiality, Integrity
831	Secret Electronic Document Holder Authentication Data
832	Secret authentication information for the Electronic Document Holder being used for
833	verification of the authentication attempts as authorized Electronic Document Holder (PACE
834	passwords).
835	Generic Security Properties: Confidentiality, Integrity
836	TOE internal Non-Secret Cryptographic Material
837	Permanently or temporarily stored non-secret cryptographic (public) keys and other non-secret
838	material used by the TOE in order to enforce its security functionality.
839	Generic Security Properties: Integrity, Authenticity
840	TOE internal Secret Cryptographic Keys
841	Permanently or temporarily stored secret cryptographic material used by the TOE in order to
842	enforce its security functionality.
843	Generic Security Properties: Confidentiality, Integrity
844	7. Application note (taken from [20], application note 8)
845	The above secondary assets represent TSF and TSF-Data in the sense of CC.
846	3.1.2. Subjects
847	This ST considers the following external entities and subjects:



848 Attacker 849 A threat agent (a person or a process acting on his behalf) trying to undermine the security 850 policy defined by the current ST, especially to change properties of the assets that have to be 851 maintained. The attacker is assumed to possess at most high attack potential. Note that the 852 attacker might capture any subject role recognized by the TOE. 853 **Country Signing Certification Authority (CSCA)** 854 An organization enforcing the policy of the electronic document issuer, i.e. confirming 855 correctness of user and TSF data that are stored within the electronic document. The CSCA 856 represents the country specific root of the public key infrastructure (PKI) for the electronic 857 document and creates Document Signer Certificates within this PKI. The CSCA also issues a 858 self-signed CSCA certificate that has to be distributed to other countries by secure diplomatic 859 means, see [7]. 860 **Country Verifying Certification Authority (CVCA)** 861 The Country Verifying Certification Authority (CVCA) enforces the privacy policy of the issuing 862 state or organization, i. e. enforcing protection of Sensitive User Data that are stored in the 863 electronic document. The CVCA represents the country specific root of the PKI of EAC1 864 terminals, EAC2 terminals respectively, and creates Document Verifier Certificates within this PKI. Updates of the public key of the CVCA are distributed as CVCA Link-Certificates. 865 866 **Document Signer (DS)** 867 An organization enforcing the policy of the CSCA. A DS signs the Document Security Object 868 that is stored on the electronic document for Passive Authentication. A Document Signer is 869 authorized by the national CSCA that issues Document Signer Certificate, see [7]. Note that 870 this role is usually delegated to a Personalization Agent. 871 **Document Verifier (DV)** 872 An organization issuing terminal certificates as a Certificate Authority, authorized by the 873 corresponding CVCA to issue certificates for EAC1 terminals, EAC2 terminals respectively, 874 see [18]. 875 **Electronic Document Holder** 876 A person the electronic document issuer has personalized the electronic document for. 877 Personalization here refers to associating a person uniquely with a specific electronic 878 document. This subject includes "Signatory" as defined [14].



879 Electronic Document Presenter

- 880 A person presenting the electronic document to a terminal and claiming the identity of the
- 881 Electronic Document Holder. Note that an electronic document presenter can also be an
- attacker. Moreover, this subject includes "user" as defined in [14].

883 Manufacturer

- 884 Generic term comprising both the IC manufacturer that produces the integrated circuit, and the
- 885 electronic document manufacturer that creates the electronic document and attaches the IC to
- it. The manufacturer is the default user of the TOE during the manufacturing life cycle phase.
- When referring to the role manufacturer, the TOE itself does not distinguish between the IC
- 888 manufacturer and the electronic document manufacturer.

PACE Terminal

889

- 890 A technical system verifying correspondence between the password stored in the electronic
- 891 document and the related value presented to the terminal by the electronic document
- 892 presenter. A PACE terminal implements the terminal part of the PACE protocol and
- authenticates itself to the electronic document using a shared password (CAN, eID-PIN, eID-
- 894 PUK or MRZ). A PACE terminal is not allowed reading Sensitive User Data.

895 Personalization Agent

- 896 An organization acting on behalf of the electronic document issuer that personalizes the
- 897 electronic document for the Electronic Document Holder. Personalization includes some or all
- 898 of the following activities:
- establishing the identity of the Electronic Document Holder for the biographic data
- 900 in the electronic document,
- 901 (ii) enrolling the biometric reference data of the Electronic Document Holder,
- 902 (iii) writing a subset of these data on the physical electronic document (optical personalization) and storing them within the electronic document's chip (electronic
- 904 personalization),
- 905 (iv) writing document meta data (i. e. document type, issuing country, expiry date, etc.)
- 906 (v) writing the initial TSF data, and
- 907 (vi) signing the Document Security Object, and the elementary files EF.CardSecurity
- 908 and the EF.ChipSecurity (if applicable [7], [18]) in the role DS. Note that the role
- 909 Personalization Agent may be distributed among several institutions according to



the operational policy of the electronic document issuer. This subject includes 910 911 "Administrator" as defined in [14]. 912 **EAC1 Terminal / EAC2 Terminal** 913 A terminal that has successfully passed the Terminal Authentication protocol (TA) version 1 is 914 an EAC1 terminal, while an EAC2 terminal needs to have successfully passed TA version 2. 915 Both are authorized by the electronic document issuer through the Document Verifier of the 916 receiving branch (by issuing terminal certificates) to access a subset or all of the data stored 917 on the electronic document. 918 **Terminal** 919 A terminal is any technical system communicating with the TOE through the contactless or 920 contact-based interface. The role terminal is the default role for any terminal being recognized 921 by the TOE as neither being authenticated as a PACE terminal nor an EAC1 terminal nor an 922 EAC2 terminal. 923 3.2.Threats 924 This section describes the threats to be averted by the TOE independently or in collaboration 925 with its IT environment. These threats result from the assets protected by the TOE and the 926 method of the TOE's use in the operational environment. 927 T.InconsistentSec 928 **Inconsistency of security measures** 929 Adverse action: An attacker gains read or write access to user data or TOE data 930 without being allowed to, due to an ambiguous/unintended 931 configuration of the TOE's internal access conditions of user or 932 TSF data. This may lead to a forged electronic document or 933 misuse of user data. 934 Threat agent: having high attack potential, being in possession of one or more 935 legitimate electronic documents 936 Asset: authenticity, integrity and confidentiality of User Data stored on the TOE 937



T.Interfere

550	1.interiere		
939	Interference of security pr	otocols	
940	Adverse action:	An attacker uses an unintended interference of implemented	
941		security protocols to gain access to user data.	
		essamily processes as game accesses as accessed as	
942	Threat agent:	having high attack potential, being in possession of one or more	
943		legitimate electronic documents	
944	Asset:	authenticity, integrity and confidentiality of User Data stored on	
945		the TOE	
946	3.2.1. THREATS FRO	DM EAC1PP	
947	This ST includes the following	ag throats from [5]. They concern EAC1 protected data	
947	This ST includes the following	ng threats from [5]. They concern EAC1-protected data.	
948	• T.Counterfeit		
949	• T Dood Concitive Do	ata.	
949	• T.Read_Sensitive_Data		
950	Due to identical definitions and names they are not repeated here. For the remaining threats		
951	from [5], cf. Chapter 3.2.3.		
952	3.2.2. THREATS FRO	DM EAC2PP	
953	This ST includes the following	ng threats from the [6]. They concern EAC2-protected data.	
333	This ST includes the following	ig threats from the [o]. They concern LAG2-protected data.	
954	• T.Counterfeit/EAC2		
955	T.Sensitive_Data		
333	- 1.5chstuve_Data		
956	Due to identical definitions a	and names, they are not repeated here.	
057	202 TUREATO ERO	DA CEDD	
957	3.2.3. THREATS FRO	DM PACEPP	
958	Both [5] and [6] claim [13], a	and thus include the threats formulated in [13]. We list each threat	
959	only once here. Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here.		
555	orny orioo rioro. Duo to lucrit	isal delimitatio and names, their delimitation are not repeated here.	



- 960 T.Abuse-Func
- T.Eavesdropping
- **962 T.Forgery**
- T.Information_Leakage
- T.Malfunction
- 965 T.Phys-Tamper
- 966 T.Skimming
- **967** T.Tracing
- 968 3.2.4. THREATS FROM SSCDPP
- The current ST also includes all threats of [14]. These items are applicable if the eSign application is operational.
- T.DTBS_Forgery
- 972 T.Hack_Phys
- 973 T.SCD_Derive
- 974 T.SCD_Divulge
- 975 T.Sig_Forgery
- 976 T.SigF_Misuse
- 977 T.SVD_Forgery
- 978 Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here.
- 979 3.3. Organizational Security Policies
- The TOE shall comply with the following Organizational Security Policies (OSP) as security
- 981 rules, procedures, practices, or guidelines imposed by an organization upon its operations (see
- 982 [1], sec. 3.2). This ST includes the OSPs from the claimed protection profiles as listed below
- and provides no further OSPs.
- 984 **3.3.1.** OSPS FROM EAC1PP
- 985 This ST includes the following OSPs from [5], if the TOE contains EAC1-protected data.



- 986 P.Personalisation
- 987 P.Sensitive_Data
- 988 Due to identical definitions and names, they are not repeated here. For the remaining OSPs
- 989 from [5], see the next sections.
- 990 **3.3.2.** OSPS FROM EAC2PP
- 991 This ST includes the following OSPs from [6]. They mainly concern EAC2-protected data.
- 992 P.EAC2_Terminal
- P.RestrictedIdentity
- 994 P.Terminal_PKI
- 995 Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here. For the
- 996 remaining OSPs from [6], cf. the next section.
- 997 3.3.3. OSPS FROM PACEPP
- 998 This ST includes the following OSPs from [13], since both [5] and [6] claim [13]. We list each
- 999 OSP only once here. Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated
- 1000 here as well.
- 1001 P.Card_PKI
- 1002 P.Manufact
- P.Pre-Operational
- P.Trustworthy_PKI
- 1005 **3.3.4.** OSPS FROM SSCDPP
- 1006 The current ST also includes all OSPs of [14]. They are applicable, if the eSign application is
- 1007 included.
- 1008 P.CSP_QCert
- 1009 P.QSign
- 1010 P.Sig_Non-Repud
- 1011 P.Sigy_SSCD
- Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here.



1013 **3.3.5.** ADDITIONAL OSPS

- The next OSP addresses the need of a policy for the document manufacturer. It is formulated
- 1015 akin to [10].
- 1016 P.Lim_Block_Loader
- 1017 The composite manufacturer uses the Loader for loading of Security IC Embedded Software,
- 1018 user data of the Composite Product or IC Dedicated Support Software in charge of the IC
- 1019 Manufacturer. She limits the capability and blocks the availability of the Loader in order to
- 1020 protect stored data from disclosure and manipulation.
- The ST includes the following OSP from [13], since both [5] and [6] claim [13], but the
- 1022 P.Terminal was extended because the Active Authentication protocol. The extension is
- marked with **bold** and the other part of the OSP remained unchanged.
- 1024 P.Terminal
- 1025 The PACE terminal shall operate their terminals as follows:
- 1026 1. The related terminals (PACE terminal) shall be used by terminal operators and by travel document holders as defined in [9].
- 1028 2. They shall implement the terminal parts of the PACE protocol [9], of the Passive
- Authentication [9] and use them in this order³. The PACE terminal shall use randomly and
- 1030 (almost) uniformly selected nonce, if required by the protocols (for generating ephemeral
- 1031 keys for Diffie-Hellmann).
- Furthermore the PACE terminal and EAC1 terminal shall implement the terminal parts
- of the Active Authentication protocol as described in [9].
- 1034 3. The related terminals need not to use any own credentials.
- 1035 4. They shall also store the Country Signing Public Key and the Document Signer Public Key
- 1036 (in form of C_{CSCA} and C_{DS}) in order to enable and to perform Passive
- Authentication(determination of the authenticity of data groups stored in the travel
- 1038 document, [9]).
- 1039 5. The related terminals and their environment shall ensure confidentiality and integrity of
- respective data handled by them (e.g. confidentiality of PACE passwords, integrity of PKI
- 1041 certificates, etc.), where it is necessary for a secure operation of the TOE according to the
- 1042 [13].

³ This order is commensurate with [9].



Justification: The modification of **P.Terminal** is extended the original OSP in order to support the Active Authentication protocol. Taking into consideration the extension is not modify the original OSP, but added further requirements, this extension is not hurt the strict conformance as determined in PP Claim.

3.4.Assumptions

- The assumptions describe the security aspects of the environment in which the TOE will be used or is intended to be used. This ST includes the assumptions from the claimed protection profiles as listed below and defines no further assumptions.
- 1051 3.4.1. ASSUMPTIONS FROM EAC1PP
- This ST includes the following assumptions from the [5]. They concern EAC1-protected data.
- 1053 A.Auth_PKI

- A.Insp_Sys
- Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here. For the remaining assumptions from [5], see the next sections.
- 1057 3.4.2. ASSUMPTIONS FROM EAC2PP
- 1058 [6] only includes the assumption from [13] (see below) and defines no other assumption.
- 1059 3.4.3. ASSUMPTIONS FROM PACEPP
- This ST includes the following assumptions from [13], since both [5] and [6] claim [13].
- 1061 A.Passive_Auth
- Due to an identical definition and name, its definition is not repeated here as well.
- 1063 3.4.4. ASSUMPTIONS FROM SSCDPP
- The current ST also includes all assumptions of [14]. These items are applicable, if the eSign application is included.
- 1066 A.CGA
- 1067 A.SCA
- 1068 Due to identical definitions and names their definitions are not repeated here.



1069 4. SECURITY OBJECTIVES

- This chapter describes the security objectives for the TOE and for the TOE environment. The security objectives for the TOE environment are separated into security objectives for the development, and production environment and security objectives for the operational environment.
- **4.1.Security Objectives for the TOE**
- This section describes the security objectives for the TOE, addressing the aspects of identified threats to be countered by the TOE, and organizational security policies to be met by the TOE.
- 1077 OT.Non_Interfere
- 1078 No interference of Access Control Mechanisms
- The various implemented access control mechanisms must be consistent. Their implementation must not allow to circumvent an access control mechanism by exploiting an unintended implementational interference of one access control mechanism with another one.
- 1082 OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_AA
- 1083 Proof of the electronic documents authenticity with Active Authentication
- The TOE must support the Terminal to verify the identity and authenticity of the electronic document as issued by the identified issuing State or Organisation by means of the Active Authentication protocol as defined in [7], [9]. The authenticity proof provided by electronic document shall be protected against attacks with high attack potential.
- 1088 4.1.1. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FOR THE TOE FROM EAC1PP
- This ST includes the following additional security objectives for the TOE from [5] that are not included in [13]. They concern EAC1-protected data.
- OT.Chip_Auth_Proof
- OT.Sens_Data_Conf
- Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here. For the remaining security objectives from [5], see the next sections.
- 1095 In addition, the following security objective is defined here:



1096	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM
1097	Proof of the electronic document's chip authenticity
1098	The TOE must support the terminals to verify the identity and authenticity of the Electronic
1099	document's chip as issued by the identified issuing State or Organization by means of the
1100	PACE-Chip Authentication Mapping (PACE-CAM) as defined in [9]. The authenticity proof
1101	provided by electronic document's chip shall be protected against attacks with high attack
1102	potential.
1103	Application note 8 (from ST author)
1104 1105 1106 1107	PACE-CAM enables much faster authentication of the of the chip than running PACE with General Mapping (according to [16]) followed by CA1. OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM is intended to require the Chip to merely provide an additional means – with the same level of security – of authentication.
1108	4.1.2. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FOR THE TOE EAC2PP
1109	This ST includes the following additional security objectives for the TOE from [6] that are not
1110	included in [13]. They concern EAC2-protected data.
1111	• OT.AC_Pers_EAC2
1112	• OT.CA2
1113	• OT.RI_EAC2
1114	• OT.Sens_Data_EAC2
1115	Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here. For the
1116	remaining security objectives from [6], see the next sections.
1117	4.1.3. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FOR THE TOE PACEPP
1118	Both [5] and [6] claim [13]. Therefore, the following security objectives are included as well.
1119	We list them only once here.



- 1120 **OT.AC_Pers**
- OT.Data_Authenticity
- OT.Data_Confidentiality
- OT.Data_Integrity
- OT.Identification
- OT.Prot_Abuse-Func
- OT.Prot_Inf_Leak
- OT.Prot_Malfunction
- OT.Prot_Phys-Tamper
- **OT.Tracing**
- Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here.
- 1131 4.1.4. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FOR THE TOE SSCDPP
- 1132 The current ST also includes all security objectives for the TOE of [14]. These items are
- applicable, if an eSign application is included.
- OT.DTBS_Integrity_TOE
- OT.EMSEC_Design
- OT.Lifecycle_Security
- OT.SCD_Secrecy
- OT.SCD_SVD_Corresp
- OT.SCD_Unique
- OT.SCD/SVD_Gen
- OT.Sig_Secure
- 1142 OT.Sigy_SigF
- **OT.Tamper_ID**
- OT.Tamper_Resistance
- Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here as well. Note
- that all are formally included here, but careful analysis reveals that OT.SCD_Secrecy,
- 1147 OT.DTBS Integrity TOE, OT.EMSEC Design, OT.Tamper ID, and OT.Tamper Resistance
- are actually fully or partly covered by security objectives included from [13].



1150 1151 1152	A loader is a part of the chip operating system that allows to load data, i.e. the file-system/applet containing (sensitive) user data, TSF data etc. into the Flash memory after delivery of the smartcard to the document manufacturer.
1153 1154	The following objective for the TOE addresses limiting the availability of the loader, and is formulated akin to [10].
1155	OT.Cap_Avail_Loader
1156 1157 1158	The TSF provides limited capability of the Loader functionality of the TOE embedded software and irreversible termination of the Loader in order to protect user data from disclosure and manipulation.
1159	4.2.Security Objectives for the Operational Environment
1160	4.2.1. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FROM EAC1PP
1161	This ST includes the following security objectives for the TOE from the [5]. They mainly concern
1162	EAC1-protected data.
1163	OE.Auth_Key_Travel_Document
1164	OE.Authoriz_Sens_Data
1165	OE.Exam_Travel_Document
1166	OE.Ext_Insp_Systems
1167	• OE.Prot_Logical_Travel_Document
1168 1169	Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here. For the remaining ones, see the next sections
1170	4.2.2. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FROM EAC2PP
1171	This ST includes the following security objectives for the TOE from the [6]. They mainly concern
1172	EAC2-protected data.

4.1.5. ADDITIONAL SECURITY OBJECTIVES FOR THE TOE



1173	OE.Chip_Auth_Key
1174	• OE.RestrictedIdentity
1175	OE.Terminal_Authentication
1176 1177	Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here. For the remaining ones, see the next section.
1178	4.2.3. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FROM PACEPP
1179 1180	Both [5] and [6] claim [13]. Therefore, the following security objectives on the operational environment are included as well. We repeat them only once here.
1181	OE.Legislative_Compliance
1182	OE.Passive_Auth_Sign
1183	• OE.Personalisation
1184	• OE.Terminal
1185	• OE.Travel_Document_Holder
1186	Due to identical definitions and names, they are not repeated here as well.
1187	4.2.4. SECURITY OBJECTIVES FROM SSCDPP
1188	The current ST also includes all security objectives for the TOE of [14]. These items are
1189	applicable, if an eSign application is included.
1190	• OE.CGA_QCert
1191	OE.DTBS_Intend
1192	OE.DTBS_Protect
1193	• OE.HID_VAD
1194	• OE.Signatory
1195	OE.SSCD_Prov_Service
1196	• OE.SVD_Auth
1197	Due to identical definitions and names, their definitions are not repeated here.
1198	4.2.5. ADDITIONAL SECURITY OBJECTIVES FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

The following objective on the environment is defined akin to the objective from [10].



1200 OE.Lim_Block_Loader

- 1201 The manufacturer will protect the Loader functionality against misuse, limit the capability of the
- 1202 Loader and terminate irreversibly the Loader after intended usage of the Loader.
- 1203 **Justification:** This security objective directly addresses the threat **OT.Non_Interfere**. This
- threat concerns the potential interference of different access control mechanisms, which could
- 1205 occur as a result of combining different applications on a smartcard. Such combination does
- 1206 not occur in one of the claimed PPs. Hence, this security objective for the environment does –
- 1207 neither mitigate a threat of one of the claimed PPs that was addressed by security objectives
- of that PP,- nor does it fulfill any organizational security policy of one of the claimed PPs that
- was meant to be addressed by security objectives of the TOE of that PP.
- 1210 The following objectives on the environment are introduced because of the Active
- 1211 Authentication

- 1212 **OE.Auth_Key_AA**
 - **Electronic document Active Authentication key pair**
- 1214 The issuing State or Organisation has to establish the necessary infrastructure in order to (i)
- 1215 generate the electronic document's Active Authentication Key Pair, (ii) sign (Passive
- 1216 Authentication) and store the Active Authentication Public Key in the Active Authentication
- 1217 Public Key data in EF.DG15 and (iii) support Terminals of receiving States or Organisations to
- verify the authenticity of the electronic document used for genuine electronic document.
- OE.Exam_Electronic_Document_AA
- 1220 Examination of the genuineness of the electronic document with Active Authentication
- 1221 The Terminal of the receiving State or Organisation perform the Active Authentication protocol
- according to [7] and [9] in order to verify the genuineness of the presented electronic document.
- 1223 4.3. Security Objective Rationale
- Table 9 provides an overview of the security objectives' coverage. According to [1], the tracing
- between security objectives and the security problem definition must ensure that 1) each
- 1226 security objective traces to at least one threat, OSP and assumption, 2) each threat, OSP and
- 1227 assumption has at least one security objective tracing to it, and 3) the tracing is correct (i.e.
- the main point being that security objectives for the TOE do not trace back to assumptions).



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1229 This is illustrated in the following way:

- can be inferred for security objectives from claimed PPs by looking up the security objective rationale of the claimed PPs and for newly introduced security objectives because of [20] or the newly introduced functions (i.e. OE.Lim_Block_Loader, OT.Cap_Avail_Loader, OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_AA, OE.Auth_Key_AA, OE.Exam_Electronic_Document_AA and OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM) by checking the columns of Table 9,
- 2. can be inferred for threats, OSPs and assumptions from the claimed PPs by looking up the security objective rationale of the claimed PPs and for newly introduced or extended⁴ threats, OSPs and assumptions by checking the rows of Table 9, and
- 3. simply by checking the columns of Table 9 and the security objective rationales from the claimed PPs.

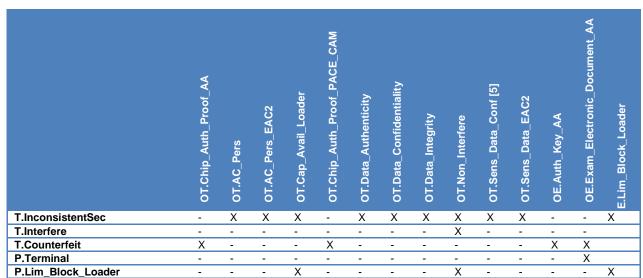


Table 9 Security Objective Rationale

The threat **T.InconsistentSec** addresses attacks on the confidentiality and the integrity of User

Data stored on the TOE, facilitated by the data not being protected as intended.

OT.AC_Pers and OT.AC_Pers_EAC2 define the restriction on writing or modifying data;

OT.Data_Authenticity, OT.Data_Confidentiality, OT.Data_Integrity, OT.Sens_Data_Conf (from [5]), and OT.Sens_Data_EAC2 require the security of stored user data as well as user data that are transferred between the TOE and a terminal to be secure w.r.t. authenticity, integrity and confidentiality.

⁴ Only the impact of the modification is marked in the table.



- OT.Non_Interfere requires the TOE's access control mechanisms to be implemented consistently and their implementations not to allow to circumvent an access control mechanism by exploiting an unintended implementational interference of one access control mechanism with another one. OT.Cap_Avail_Loader requires the TOE to provide limited capability of the loader functionality and irreversible termination of the loader in order to protect stored user data.
- OE.Lim_Block_Loader requires the manufacturer to protect the loader functionality against misuse, limit the capability of the loader, and terminate irreversibly the loader after intended usage of the loader.
- The combination of these security objectives cover the threat posed by **T.InconsistentSec**.
- The threat **T.Interfere** addresses the attack on user data by exploiting the unintended interference of security protocols. This is directly countered by OT.Non_Interfere, requiring the TOE's access control mechanisms to be implemented consistently, and their implementations to not allow to circumvent an access control mechanism by exploiting an unintended implementational interference of one access control mechanism with another one.
- 1264 The threat **T.Counterfeit** (from [5]) is countered in [5] by OT.Chip Auth Proof. That security 1265 objectives addresses the implementation of the Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1 (CA1) 1266 and thus counters the thread of counterfeiting an electronic document containing an ePassport 1267 application. Here, the additional security objective for the TOE 1268 OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM is introduced. It ensures that the chip in addition to CA1 1269 also supports the PACE-Chip Authentication Mapping (PACE-CAM) protocol, which supports 1270 the same security functionality as CA1 does. PACE-CAM enables much faster authentication 1271 of the of the chip than running PACE with general mapping followed by CA1.
- Furthermore **T.Counterfeit** is countered by OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_AA, OE.Auth_Key_AA and OE.Exam_Electronic_Document_AA. These security objectives addresses the implementation of the Active Authentication and thus counters the thread of counterfeiting an electronic document containing an ePassport application. It ensures that the chip supports the Active Authentication protocol, which supports to verify that the electronic document is genuine (similar as Chip Authentication without secure messaging).
- The OSP **P.Lim_Block_Loader** addresses limiting the capability and blocking the availability of the Loader in order to protect stored data from disclosure and manipulation. This is addressed by OT.Cap_Avail_Loader, which requires the TOE to provide a limited capability of





the loader functionality and irreversible termination of the loader in order to protect stored user data; by OT.Non_Interfere, which requires the TOE's access control mechanisms to be implemented consistently and their implementations not to allow to circumvent an access control mechanism by exploiting an unintended implementational interference of one access control mechanism with another one; and by OE.Lim_Block_Loader, which requires the manufacturer to protect the Loader functionality against misuse, limit the capability of the Loader and terminate irreversibly the Loader after intended usage of the Loader.

The OSP **P.Terminal** is extended to support the Active Authentication protocol. With this extension the **P.Terminal** countered by the security objective **OE.Exam_Electronic_Document_AA**. The **OE.Exam_Electronic_Document_AA** enforces the terminal parts of the Active Authentication.



1292 5. EXTENDED COMPONTENTS DEFINITION

- 1293 This ST includes all extended components from the claimed PPs. This includes
- FAU_SAS.1 from the family FAU_SAS from [13]
- FCS_RND.1 from the family FCS_RND from [13]
- FMT_LIM.1 and FMT_LIM.2 from the family FMT_LIM [13]
- FPT_EMS.1 from the family FPT_EMS from [13]
- FIA_API.1 from the family FIA_API from [6]
- 1299 For precise definitions we refer to [13] and [6].



6. SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

1301 This part defines detailed security requirements that shall be satisfied by the TOE. The 1302 statement of TOE security requirements shall define the functional and assurance security 1303 requirements that the TOE must satisfy in order to meet the security objectives for the TOE. 1304 Common Criteria allows several operations to be performed on security requirements on the 1305 component level: refinement, selection, assignment and iteration, cf. sec. 8.1 of [1]. Each of 1306 these operations is used in this ST. 1307 The **refinement** operation is used to add detail to a requirement, and thus further restricts a 1308 requirement. Refinements of security requirements are denoted in such a way that added 1309 words are in **bold text** and removed words are crossed out. 1310 The **selection** operation is used to select one or more options provided by CC in stating a 1311 requirement. Selections that have been made by the PP author are denoted as underlined text. 1312 Selections to be filled in by the ST author appear in square brackets with an indication that a 1313 selection has to be made, [selection:], and are italicized. Selections filled in by the ST author 1314 are denoted as double underlined text and a foot note where the selection choices from the 1315 PP are listed. 1316 The assignment operation is used to assign a specific value to an unspecified parameter, 1317 such as the length of a password. Assignments that have been made by the PP author are 1318 denoted as underlined text. Assignments to be filled in by the ST author appear in square 1319 brackets with an indication that an assignment has to be made [assignment:], and are italicized. 1320 In some cases the assignment made by the PP authors defines a selection to be performed 1321 by the ST author. Thus this text is underlined and italicized like this. Assignments filled in by 1322 the ST author are denoted as double underlined text. 1323 The **iteration** operation is used when a component is repeated with varying operations. 1324 Iteration is denoted by showing a slash "/", and the iteration indicator after the component 1325 identifier. For the sake of better readability, the iteration operation may also be applied to a 1326 non-repeated single component in order to indicate that such component belongs to a certain 1327 functional cluster. In such a case, the iteration operation is applied to only one single 1328 component.



Thus internal consistency is not violated.

In order to distinguish between SFRs defined here and SFRs that are taken over from PPs to 1329 1330 which this ST claims strict conformance, the latter are iterated resp. renamed in the following 1331 way: 1332 /EAC1PP or /XXX EAC1PP [5], 1333 /EAC2PP or /XXX_EAC2PP for [6], 1334 and /SSCDPP or /XXX_SSCDPP for [14]. 1335 **6.1.Security Functional Requirements** The statements of security requirements must be internally consistent. As several different PPs 1336 1337 with similar SFRs are claimed, great care must be taken to ensure that these several iterated 1338 SFRs do not lead to inconsistency. 1339 Despite this ST claims strict conformance to [13], SFRs can be safely ignored in this ST as 1340 long as [5] and [6] are taken into account. One must remember that each of these iterated SFRs mostly concerns different (groups of) 1341 user and TSF data for each protocol (i.e. PACE, EAC1 and EAC2). Three cases are 1342 1343 distinguished: 1344 1. The SFRs apply to different data that are accessible by executing different protocols. 1345 Hence, they are completely separate. An example is FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE from [5] 1346 and [6]. No remark is added in such case in the text below. 1347 2. The SFRs are equivalent. Then we list them all for the sake of completeness. Hence, 1348 it suffices to consider only one iteration. For such SFRs, we explicitly give a remark. An example is FIA_AFL.1/PACE from [5] and [6]. 1349 1350 3. The SFRs do not apply to different data or protocols, but are also not completely 1351 equivalent. Then these multiple SFRs are refined in such a way, that one common 1352 component is reached that subsumes all iterations that stem from the inclusions of the claimed PPs. An example is FDP_ACF.1, which is combined here from [5] and [6]. 1353 1354 Such a case is also explicitly mentioned in the text.

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1356	6.1.1. Class FCS		
1357 1358			
1359	• FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_I	EAC2PP	
1360	• FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2F	op	
1361	• FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_E	AC2PP	
1362	• FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_	_EAC2PP	
1363	• FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC	_EAC2PP	
1364	• FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP		
1365	• FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP		
1366 1367	FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP Cryptographic Key Generation – Di	ffie-Hellman for PACE and CA2 Session Keys	
1368	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1369	Dependencies:	[FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution or	
1370		FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation] not fulfilled, but	
1371		justified:	
1372		A Diffie-Hellman key agreement is used in order to	
1373		have no key distribution, therefore FCS_CKM.2 makes	
1374		no sense in this case.	
1375		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by	
1376		FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	
1377	FCS_CKM.1.1/DH_PACE_EAC2I	PP	
1378	The TSF shall generate cryp	tographic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic	
1379	key generation algorithm Diff	fie-Hellman-Protocol compliant to [27] and ECDH compliant	
1380	to [26]]56 and specified cryptog	graphic key sizes <u>AES 128, 192, 256</u> 7 that meet the following:	
1381	[17] ⁸		
1382	9. Application note (taken from [6], ap	plication note 10)	

⁵ [assignment: cryptographic key generation algorithm]
⁶ [selection: Diffie-Hellman-Protocol compliant to [27], ECDH compliant to [26]]
⁷ [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
⁸ [assignment: list of standards]



1383 In the above and all subsequent related SFRs, the reference w.r.t. the PACE protocol is 1384 changed to [17], whereas [13] references [7]. The difference between the two definitions is that 1385 [17] defines additional optional parameters for the command MSE:Set AT. This optional parameters (e.g. the CHAT) are technically required, since here Terminal Authentication 2 1386 1387 (TA2) can be executed right after PACE (see FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP). As [7] does not consider TA2, no such definition is given there. These additional parameters are 1388 optional and not used during PACE itself (only afterwards). If PACE is run without TA2 1389 afterwards, access to data on the chip is given as specified by [13]. If TA2 is run afterwards, 1390 1391 access to data on the chip can be further restricted w.r.t. to the authorization level of the terminal. Therefore, this change of references does not violate strict conformance to [13]. We 1392 1393 treat this change of references as a refinement operation, and thus mark the changed 1394 reference using **bold** text. 1395 10. Application note (redefined by ST author, taken from [6], application note 11) 1396 Applied. 1397 11. Application note (taken from [6], application note 12) 1398 [13] considers Diffie-Hellman key generation only for PACE. Since the TOE is required to 1399 implement Chip Authentication 2 (cf. FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP), FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP applies for CA2 as well. 1400 1401 FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2PP 1402 Cryptographic operation – Hash for key derivation 1403 Hierarchical to: No other components 1404 Dependencies: [FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security 1405 attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with 1406 security attributes, or FCS CKM.1 Cryptographic key 1407 generation] not fulfilled, but justified: 1408 A hash function does not use any cryptographic key; 1409 hence, neither a respective key import nor key 1410 generation can be expected here. 1411 FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction not fulfilled, 1412 but justified: 1413 A hash function does not use any cryptographic key; 1414 hence, a respective key destruction cannot be 1415 expected here. 1416 FCS COP.1.1/SHA EAC2PP



1417	The TSF shall perform hashing in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm		
1418	SHA-1, SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512 ¹⁰ and cryptographic key sizes none ¹¹ that		
1419	meet the following: [28] ¹² .		
1420	12. Application note (taken from [6], appli	cation note 13)	
1421 1422 1423 1424 1425	SHA-1 shall be used ([18]). The TOE shall implement as hash functions either SHA-1 or SHA-224 or SHA-256 for Terminal Authentication 2, cf. [18]. Within the normative Appendix of [18] 'Key Derivation Function', it is stated that the hash function SHA-1 shall be used for deriving		
1426 1427	FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC2PP Cryptographic operation – Signature v	verification	
1428	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1429	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security	
1430		attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with	
1431		security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key	
1432		generation] not fulfilled, but justified:	
1433		The root key PK _{CVCA} (initialization data) used for	
1434		verifying the DV Certificate is stored in the TOE during	
1435		its personalization in the card issuing life cycle phase ¹³ .	
1436		Since importing the respective certificates (Terminal	
1437		Certificate, DV Certificate) does not require any special	
1438		security measures except those required by the current	
1439		SFR (cf. FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP below), the current ST	
1440		does not contain any dedicated requirement like	
1441		FDP_ITC.2 for the import function.	
1442		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction not fulfilled,	
1443		but justified:	
1444		Cryptographic keys used for the purpose of the current	
1445		SFR (PK $_{PCD}$, PK $_{DV}$, PK $_{CVCA}$) are public keys; they do	
1446		not represent any secret, and hence need not to be	
1447		destroyed.	

⁹ [assignment: *list of cryptographic operations*]

¹⁰ [assignment: *cryptographic algorithm*]

¹¹ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]

¹² [assignment: *list of standards*]

¹³ as already mentioned, operational use of the TOE is explicitly in focus of the ST and in the [20]



1448	FCS_COP.1.1/SIG_VER_EAC2PP		
1449 1450 1451 1452 1453	The TSF shall perform <u>digital signature verification</u> ¹⁴ in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm <u>RSA, RSA CRT and ECDSA</u> ¹⁵ and cryptographic key sizes RSA: <u>RSA, RSA CRT: 1024, 1280, 1536, 1984, 2048, 3072, 4096 and from 2000 bit to 4096 bit in one bit steps; ECDSA: 160, 192, 224, 256, 320, 384, 521 bit 16 that meet the following: [24], [29]¹⁷.</u>		
1454	13. Application note (taken from [6], application note 14)		
1455	This SFR is concerned with Terminal Authentication 2, cf. [17].		
1456	14. Application note (from ST author)		
1457 1458 1459	algorithms and cryptographic key sizes 512 bits up to 4096 bits with equal security measures.		
1460 1461	FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP Cryptographic operation – Encryption/Decryption AES		
1462	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1463 1464 1465 1466 1467	Dependencies:	FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation] fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP	
1468 1469		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	

14 [assignment: list of cryptographic operations]
 15 [assignment: cryptographic algorithm]
 16 [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
 17 [assignment: list of standards]

FCS_COP.1.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP



1471	The TSF shall perform secure messaging – encryption and decryption ¹⁸ in accordance		
1472	with a specified cryptographic algorithm AES in CBC mode ¹⁹ and cryptographic key sizes		
1473	128, 192, 256 bit ²⁰ that meet the following: [18] ²¹		
1474	15. Application note (taken from [6], application note 15)		
1475 1476 1477 1478 1479 1480	This SFR requires the TOE to implement the cryptographic primitive AES for secure messaging with encryption of transmitted data. The related session keys are agreed between the TOE and the terminal as part of either the PACE protocol (PACE- K_{Enc}) or Chip Authentication 2 (CA- K_{Enc}) according to FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP. Note that in accordance with [18], 3DES could be used in CBC mode for secure messaging. Due to the fact that 3DES is not recommended any more (cf. [17]), 3DES in any mode is no longer applicable here.		
1481	16. Application note (taken from [6], application note 16)		
1482 1483 1484 1485	Refinement of FCS_COP.1.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP, since here PACE must adhere to [18]. All references (both the one in [13] and [18]) itself reference [12] for secure messaging. [18] however further restricts the available choice of key-sizes and algorithms. Hence, [18] is fully (backward) compatible to the reference given in [13].		
1486 1487	FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP Cryptographic operation – MAC		
1488	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1489	Dependencies:	FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security	
1490		attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with	
1491		security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key	
1492		generation] fulfilled by	
1493		FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP	
1494		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by	
1495		FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	
1496	FCS_COP.1.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2P	P	

^{18 [}assignment: list of cryptographic operations]
19 [selection: cryptographic algorithm]
20 [selection: 128, 192, 256 bit]
21 [assignment: list of standards]



1497	The TSF shall perform secure messaging – message authentication code ²² in accordance		
1498	with a specified cryptographic algorithm CMAC ²³ and cryptographic key sizes 128, 192,		
1499	256 bit ²⁴ that meet the following: [18] ²⁵		
1500	17. Application note (redefined by ST aut	hor, taken from [6], application note 17)	
1501	See 16. Application note (taken from	n [6], application note 16).	
1502	18. Application note (taken from [6], appli	ication note 18)	
1503 1504	This SFR removes 3DES and restrict Hence, a minimum key-size of 128 b	icts to CMAC compared to the SFR of [13] by selection. bit is required.	
1505 1506	- ,		
1507	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1508	Dependencies:	FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security	
1509		attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with	
1510		security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key	
1511		generation] fulfilled by	
1512		FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP and	
1513		FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	
1514	FCS_CKM.4.1/EAC2PP		
1515	The TSF shall destroy cryptogr	aphic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic	
1516	key destruction method physical	ally overwriting the keys in a randomized manner ²⁶ that	
1517	meets the following: provided by the underlying certified Platform ²⁷ .		
1518	19. Application note		
1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525	In [13] concerning this component requires the destruction of PACE session keys after detection of an error in a received command by verification of the MAC. While the definition of FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP remains unaltered, here this component also requires the destruction of sessions keys after a successful run of Chip Authentication 2. The TOE shall destroy the CA2 session keys after detection of an error in a received command by verification of the MAC. The TOE shall clear the memory area of any session keys before starting the communication with the terminal in a new after-reset-session as required by FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP.		

²² [assignment: *list of cryptographic operations*]
²³ [selection: *cryptographic algorithm*]
²⁴ [selection: *112 128, 192, 256 bit*]
²⁵ [assignment: *list of standards*]
²⁶ [assignment: *cryptographic key destruction method*]
²⁷ [assignment: *list of standards*]



- 1526 FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP1527 Quality metric for random numbers1528 Hierarchical to:
- 1529 Dependencies: No dependencies.
- 1530 FCS RND.1.1/EAC2PP
- The TSF shall provide a mechanism to generate random numbers that meet <u>DRG.3</u>²⁸.

No other components

- 1532 20. Application note
- In [13] concerning this component requires the TOE to generate random numbers (random nonce) for PACE. While the definition of FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP remains unaltered, here this
- nonce) for PACE. While the definition of FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP remains unaltered, here this component requires the TOE to generate random numbers (random nonce) for all
- authentication protocols (i.e. PACE, CA2), as required by FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC2PP.
- 1537 The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [5]. They concern cryptographic support for
- 1538 applications that contain EAC1-protected data groups.
- FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP
- **FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP**
- (equivalent to FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness)
- FCS COP.1/PACE ENC EAC1PP
- FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP
- 1544 21. Application note (redefined by ST author, taken from[20], application note 9)
- 1545 Applied.
- **FCS_RND.1/EAC1PP**
- 1547 (equivalent to FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness)
- 1548 FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP
- FCS COP.1/CA ENC EAC1PP
- FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP
- **FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP**

²⁸ [assignment: a defined quality metric]



1552 1553	FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP Cryptographic key generation – Diffie-Hellman for PACE session keys		
1554	Hierarchical to:	rchical to: No other components	
1555 1556 1557 1558 1559	Dependencies:	[FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution or FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation]. Justification: A Diffie-Hellman key agreement is used in order to have no key distribution, therefore FCS_CKM.2 makes no sense in this case.	
1560 1561		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction: fulfilled by FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	
1562	FCS_CKM.1.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP		
1563 1564 1565 1566 1567 1568	key generation algorithm <u>Diffie-</u>	raphic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic -Hellman-Protocol compliant to [27], ECDH compliant to hic key sizes TDES 128, AES 128, 192 and 256 bits 1 that	
1569	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1570 1571 1572 1573 1574 1575 1576	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation]: fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP. FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction: fulfilled by FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP.	
1577	FCS_COP.1.1/PACE_ENC_EAC1P	P	

²⁹ [assignment: *cryptographic key generation algorithm*]
³⁰ [selection: *Diffie-Hellman-Protocol compliant to* [27], *ECDH compliant to* [26]]
³¹ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
³² [assignment: *list of standards*]



1370	The 131 shall perform secure messaging — encryption and decryption in accordance			
1579	with a specified cryptographic algorithm <u>AES, 3DES³⁴ in CBC mode³⁵</u> and cryptographic			
1580	key sizes <u>3DES 112, AES 128, 192, 256</u> bit ³⁶³⁷ that meet the following: <u>compliant to [7]</u> ³⁸ .			
1581	FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP			
1582	Cryptographic operation – MAC			
1583	Hierarchical to:	No other components		
1504	Danandanaiaa	IEDD ITC 4 Import of user date without accomity		
1584	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security		
1585		attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with		
1586	security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key			
1587	generation]: fulfilled by			
1588	FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP			
1589	FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction: fulfilled by			
1590		FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP.		
1591	ECS COD 1 1/DACE MAC EAC1DD			
1331	FCS_COP.1.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP			
1592	The TSF shall perform secure messaging – message authentication code ³⁹ in accordance			
1593	with a specified cryptographic	algorithm CMAC, Retail-MAC4041 and cryptographic key		
1594		that meet the following: compliant to [7] ⁴⁴ .		
	<u></u>			
1595	FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP			
1596	Cryptographic key generation – Diffie-Hellman for Chip Authentication session keys			
1597	Hierarchical to: No other components			
1598	Dependencies:	[FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution or		
1599	FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation] fulfilled by			

The TSF shall perform secure messaging - encryption and decryption³³ in accordance

³³ [assignment: *list of cryptographic operations*]

³⁴ [selection: *AES*, *3DES*]

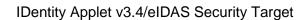
³⁵ [assignment: *cryptographic algorithm*]

[[]assignment: cryptographic algorithm]
36 [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
37 [selection: 112, 128, 192, 256]
38 [assignment: list of standards]
39 [assignment: list of cryptographic operations]
40 [assignment: cryptographic algorithm]
41 [selection: CMAC, Retail-MAC]

⁴² [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]

⁴³ [selection: *112*, *128*, *192*, *256*]

^{44 [}assignment: *list of standards*]





1600	FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP and
1601	FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP
1602	FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by
	_
1603	FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP.
1604	FCS_CKM.1.1/CA_EAC1PP
1605	The TSF shall generate cryptographic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic
1606	key generation algorithm Diffie-Hellman protocol compliant to PKCS#3 and based on an
1607	ECDH protocol ⁴⁵ and specified cryptographic key sizes TDES 112, AES 128, 192 and 256
1608	bits 46 that meet the following: based on the Diffie-Hellman key derivation protocol compliant
1609	to [27] and [16], based on an ECDH protocol compliant to [26]4748
1610	22. Application note (taken from [5], application note 12)
1611 1612	FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP implicitly contains the requirements for the hashing functions used for key derivation by demanding compliance to [16].
1613	23. Application note (taken from [5], application note 13)
1614 1615 1616 1617 1618 1619 1620	The TOE generates a shared secret value with the terminal during the Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1, see [16]. This protocol may be based on the Diffie-Hellman-Protocol compliant to PKCS#3 (i.e. modulo arithmetic based cryptographic algorithm, cf. [27]) or on the ECDH compliant to TR-03111 (i.e. an elliptic curve cryptography algorithm) (cf. [26], for details). The shared secret value is used to derive the Chip Authentication Session Keys used for encryption and MAC computation for secure messaging (defined in Key Derivation Function [16]).
1621	24. Application note (taken from [5], application note 14)
1622 1623 1624 1625 1626	The TOE shall implement the hash function SHA-1 for the cryptographic primitive to derive the keys for secure messaging from any shared secrets of the Authentication Mechanisms. The Chip Authentication Protocol v.1 may use SHA-1 (cf. [16]). The TOE may implement additional hash functions SHA-224 and SHA-256 for the Terminal Authentication Protocol v.1 (cf. [16] for details).
1627	25. Application note (taken from [5], application note 15)
1628 1629 1630 1631 1632	The TOE shall destroy any session keys in accordance with FCS_CKM.4 from [13] after (i) detection of an error in a received command by verification of the MAC and (ii) after successful run of the Chip Authentication Protocol v.1. (iii) The TOE shall destroy the PACE Session Keys after generation of a Chip Authentication Session Keys and changing the secure messaging to the Chip Authentication Session Keys. (iv) The TOE shall clear the memory area of any

⁴⁵ [assignment: *cryptographic key generation algorithm*]
⁴⁶ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
⁴⁷ [assignment: *list of standards*]

⁴⁸ [selection: based on the Diffie-Hellman key derivation protocol compliant to [27] and [16] , based on an ECDH protocol compliant to [26]



1633 1634 1635	session keys before starting the communication with the terminal in a new after-reset-session as required by FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP. Concerning the Chip Authentication keys FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP is also fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP.		
1636 1637	FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP Cryptographic operation – Symmetric Encryption / Decryption		
1638	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1639 1640 1641 1642	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation] fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	
1643		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by	
1644		FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	
1645	FCS_COP.1.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP		
1646	The TSF shall perform secure messaging – encryption and decryption ⁴⁹ in accordance		
1647	with a specified cryptographic algorithm <u>Triple-DES and AES</u> 50 and cryptographic key		
1648	sizes Triple-DES:112, AES: 128, 192 and 256 bits ⁵¹ that meet the following:[16] ⁵² .		
1649	26. Application note (taken from [5], application note 16)		
1650 1651 1652 1653	This SFR requires the TOE to implement the cryptographic primitives (e.g. Triple-DES and/or AES) for secure messaging with encryption of the transmitted data. The keys are agreed between the TOE and the terminal as part of the Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1 according to the FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP.		
1654 1655	FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP Cryptographic operation – Signature verification by electronic document		
1656	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1657	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security	
1658		attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with	
1659		security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key	
1660		generation] fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	

⁴⁹ [assignment: *list of cryptographic operations*]
⁵⁰ [assignment: *cryptographic algorithm*]
⁵¹ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
⁵² [assignment: *list of standards*]



1661 1662		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	
1663	FCS_COP.1.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP		
1664 1665 1666 1667 1668	The TSF shall perform <u>digital signature verification</u> ⁵³ in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm <u>RSA v1.5 with SHA-256 and SHA-512</u> , <u>RSA-PSS with SHA-256 and SHA-512</u> , <u>ECDSA with SHA-256</u> , <u>SHA-224</u> , <u>SHA-384 and SHA-512</u> ⁵⁴ and cryptographic key sizes <u>RSA 2048</u> , <u>4096 and from 2000 bit to 4096 bit in one bit steps</u> , <u>ECDSA 160</u> , 192, 224, 256, 320, 384, 521 bits ⁵⁵ that meet the following: [24][29] ⁵⁶ .		
1669	27. Application note (redefined by ST auth	nor, taken from [5], application note 17)	
1670	Applied.		
1671	28. Application note (from ST author)		
1672 1673 1674	algorithms and cryptographic key sizes 512 bits up to 4096 bits with equal security measures.		
1675 1676	FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP Cryptographic operation – MAC		
1677	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1678 1679 1680 1681	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation] fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	
1682		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by	
1683		FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	
1684	FCS_COP.1.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP		

^{53 [}assignment: list of cryptographic operations]
54 [assignment: cryptographic algorithm]
55 [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
56 [assignment: list of standards]



1685	The TSF shall perform secure messaging – message authentication code ⁵⁷ in accordance		
1686	with a specified cryptographic algorithm <u>CMAC or Retail-MAC⁵⁸</u> and cryptographic key		
1687	sizes <u>112, 128, 192 and 256 bit</u>	s ⁵⁹ that meet the following: [16] ⁶⁰ .	
1688	29. Application note (taken from [5], appli	ication note 18)	
1689 1690 1691 1692 1693	This SFR requires the TOE to implement the cryptographic primitive for secure messaging with encryption and message authentication code over the transmitted data. The key is agreed between the TSF by Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1 according to the FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP. Furthermore, the SFR is used for authentication attempts of a terminal as Personalisation Agent by means of the authentication mechanism.		
1694 1695 1696	and Restricted Identification key pair(s) generation on the TOE as described in		
1697 1698	- ,		
1699	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1700	Dependencies:	[FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution or	
1701		FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation]	
1702		fulfilled by FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP and	
1703		FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP	
1704		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by	
1705		FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	
1706	FCS_CKM.1.1/CA2		
1707 1708 1709 1710	The TSF shall generate cryptographic keys to Chip Authentication 2 in accordance with a specified cryptographic key generation algorithm RSA or ECC ⁶¹ and specified cryptographic key sizes 1024, 1280, 1536, 1984, 2048, 3072 and 4096 bits or 160, 192, 224, 256, 384 and 521 bits 62 that meet the following: [31] ⁶³ .		
1711	30. Application note (from ST author)		
1712 1713	The TOE supports to create Chip Authentication version 2 Key pair(s) on the TOE as described in FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP. The TOE generates the key pair(s) in secure way, but the		

^{57 [}assignment: list of cryptographic operations]
58 [assignment: cryptographic algorithm]
59 [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
60 [assignment: list of standards]
61 [assignment: cryptographic key generation algorithm]
62 [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
63 [assignment: list of standards]



1714 1715	11 1	d during the personalization of the TOE. f clarity.	
1716 1717	_ ,	itification Key pair (s)	
1718	Hierarchical to: No other	er components	
1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 1724	FCS_CC justified: Identific cryptogr	CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution or OP.1 Cryptographic operation] not fullfilled but I: the crypgographic part of Restricted cation protocol is not part of the TOE, so no raphic operation is related to FCS_CKM.1/RI.	
1724		KM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fullfilled by KM.4/EAC2PP	
1726	FCS_CKM.1.1/RI		
1727 1728 1729 1730	specified cryptographic key generation algorithm RSA or ECC ⁶⁴ and specified cryptographic key sizes 1024, 1280, 1536, 1984, 2048, 3072 and 4096 bits or 160, 192, 224, 256, 384 and		
1731	31. Application note (from ST author)		
1732 1733 1734 1735	The TOE supports to create Restricted Identification Key pair(s) on the TOE as described in FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP. The TOE generates the key pair(s) in secure way, but the appropriate key size shall be assessed during the personalization of the TOE. The refinement was necessary for the sake of clarity.		
1736 1737	•	yptographic support for ePassport application in ntication protocol is active:	
1738 1739	_		
1740	FCS_CKM.1/AA		

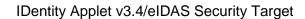
No other components

⁶⁴ [assignment: *cryptographic key generation algorithm*]
 ⁶⁵ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
 ⁶⁶ [assignment: *list of standards*]

Cryptographic key generation – Active Authentication Key Pair

Hierarchical to:

1741





1743	Dependencies:	[FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution or
1744		FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation]
1745		fulfilled by FCS_COP.1/AA
1746		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by
1747		FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP
1748	FCS_CKM.1.1/AA	
1749 1750 1751 1752	generation algorithm RSA or ECDS	nic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic key \underline{SA}^{67} and specified cryptographic key sizes $\underline{1024, 1280,}$ its or 160, 192, 224, 256, 384 and 521 bits $\underline{^{68}}$ that meet the
1753 1754	FCS_COP.1/AA Cryptographic operation – Active Aut	hentication
1755	Hierarchical to:	No other components
1756	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security
1757		attributes, FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security
1758		attribute or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation]
1759		fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/AA
1760		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by
1761		FCS CKM.4/EAC1PP
1701		1 66_61Wi. WE/1611 1
1762	FCS_COP.1.1/AA	
1763	The TSF shall perform <u>digita</u>	Il signature creation 10 in accordance with a specified
1764	cryptographic algorithm RSA o	r ECDSA ⁷¹ and . cryptographic key sizes RSA with key
1765	sizes 2048-4096 and ECDSA w	rith key sizes 160-521 ⁷² that meet the following: [7][9] ⁷³ .
1766 1767	The following SFRs are new and cor combination with [5].	ncerns cryptographic support for ePassport applications in
1768	• FCS_CKM.1/CAM	

⁶⁷ [assignment: *cryptographic key generation algorithm*]
⁶⁸ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
⁶⁹ [assignment: *list of standards*]
⁷⁰ [assignment: *list of cryptographic operations*]
⁷¹ [assignment: *cryptographic algorithm*]
⁷² [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
⁷³ [assignment: *list of standards*]



1769	• FCS_COP.1/CAM	
1770 1771 1772	FCS_CKM.1/CAM Cryptographic key generation – PACE-PACE-GM	-CAM public key and Diffie-Hellman for General Mapping in
1773	Hierarchical to:	No other components
1774 1775 1776	Dependencies:	[FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution or FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation] fulfilled by FCS_COP.1/CAM
1777		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction
1778		fulfilled by FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP
1779	FCS_CKM.1.1/CAM	
1780	The TSF shall generate cryptog	raphic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic
1781	key generation algorithm PACI	E-CAM in combination with PACE-GM ⁷⁴ and specified
1782	cryptographic key sizes <u>AES 128</u>	8, 192 and 256 bit ⁷⁵ that meet the following: [9] ⁷⁶ .
1783	32. Application note (from ST author)	
1784 1785 1786 1787	general mapping (PACE-GM), the randomly chosen nonce of the GM s	M, after the completion of PACE in combination with the chip authenticates itself by adding (multiplying) the tep with the inverse of the chip authentication secret key, hip authentication public key to the card; cf.[9].
1788 1789	FCS_COP.1/CAM Cryptographic operation – PACE-CAM	
1790	Hierarchical to:	No other components
1791	Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security
1792		attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with
1793		security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key
1794		generation]
1795		fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/CAM

 ⁷⁴ [assignment: *cryptographic key generation algorithm*]
 ⁷⁵ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
 ⁷⁶ [assignment: *list of standards*]



1796	FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction		
1797	fulfilled by FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP		
1798	FCS_COP.1.1/CAM		
1799	The TSF shall perform the F	PACE-CAM protocol ⁷⁷ in accordance with a specified	
1800	cryptographic algorithm PACE-0	CAM ⁷⁸ and cryptographic key sizes AES 128, 192 and 256	
1801	bits ⁷⁹ that meet the following:[9]	80	
1802	33. Application note (from ST author)		
1803 1804 1805 1806	Whereas FCS_CKM.1/CAM addresses the Diffie-Hellman based key-derivation, this SFR is concerned with the correct implementation and execution of the whole PACE-CAM protocol. Note that in particular the last protocol step to authenticate the chip towards the terminal is an essential part of the protocol, and not addressed in FCS_CKM.1/CAM.		
1807 1808	The following SFRs are imported desupport for an eSign application.	ue to claiming [14]. They only concern the cryptographic	
1809	• FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP		
1810	• FCS_CKM.4/SSCDPP		
1811	(equivalent to FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PF	P, but listed here for the sake of completeness)	
1812	• FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP		
1813 1814	FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP Cryptographic key generation		
1815	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1816	Dependencies:	FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution, or	
1817		FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation] fulfilled by	
1818		FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP	
1819		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by	
1820		FCS CKM.4/EAC2PP	
.020			
1821	FCS_CKM.1.1/SSCDPP		

⁷⁷ [assignment: *list of cryptographic operations*]
⁷⁸ [assignment: *cryptographic algorithm*]
⁷⁹ [assignment: *cryptographic key sizes*]
⁸⁰ [assignment: *list of standards*]



1822	The TSF shall generate an SCD/SVD pair in accordance with a specified cryptographic		
1823	key generation algorithm RSA or ECDSA ⁸¹ and specified cryptographic key sizes 1024,		
1824	1280, 1536, 1984, 2048, 3072	and 4096 bits or 160, 192, 224, 256, 384 and 521 bits ⁸²	
1825	that meet the following: [23] ⁸³ .		
1826	34. Application note (taken from [14], application note 5)		
1827 1828 1829	The ST writer performed the missing operations in the element FCS_CKM.1.1/SSCDPP. The refinement in the element FCS_CKM.1.1 SSCDPP substitutes "cryptographic keys" by "SCD/SVD pairs" because it clearly addresses the SCD/SVD key generation.		
1830 1831	FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP Cryptographic operation		
1832	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1833	Dependencies:	FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security	
1834		attributes, FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security	
1835		attribute or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation]	
1836		fulfilled by FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP	
1837		FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction fulfilled by	
1838		FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	
1839	FCS_COP.1.1/SSCDPP		
1840	The TSF shall perform digita	I signature creation ⁸⁴ in accordance with a specified	
1841	cryptographic algorithm RSA according to RSASSA-PKCS1-v1_5, RSASSA-PSS or		
1842	ECDSA according to ISO14883-385 and . cryptographic key sizes RSA with key sizes		
1843	2048-4096 and ECDSA with key	<u>/ sizes 160-52186</u> that meet the following: [24] [29]87.	
1844	35. Application note (taken from [14], app	lication note 7)	
1845	Applied.		
1846	36. Application note (from ST author)		
1847 1848	, , ,	SA, RSA-CRT and ECDSA digital signature algorithms and 4096 bits (RSA) and 160 bits to 521 bits (ECDSA) with	

^{81 [}assignment: cryptographic key generation algorithm]
82 [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
83 [assignment: list of standards]
84 [assignment: list of cryptographic operations]
85 [assignment: cryptographic algorithm]
86 [assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
87 [assignment: list of standards]



equal security measures. However, to fend off attackers with high attack potential an adequate key length must be used

1851 **6.1.2. Class FIA**

Table 10 provides an overview of the authentication and identification mechanisms used.

N.	
Name	SFR for the TOE
PACE protocol	FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP
	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP
	FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP
	FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP
	FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP
	FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP
PACE-CAM protocol	SFRs above for the PACE part; in addition, for the Chip
	Authentication Mapping (CAM):
	FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM
	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP
	FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP
Protocol version 2	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP
Chip Authentication Protocol	
version 2	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP
	FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP
	FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP
Protocol version 1	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP
Chip Authentication Protocol	
version 1	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP
	FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP
Active Authentication	FIA_API.1/AA
	FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP
	FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP
Restricted Identification	FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP
eSign-PIN	FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP

Table 10 Overview of authentication and identification SFRs

1854 *6.1.2.1. SFRs for EAC2-protected Data*

The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [6]. They mainly concern authentication mechanisms related to applications with EAC2-protected data.

- FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP
- FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP
- 1859 **FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP**

1853

- 1860 **FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP**
- FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP
- FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP



1863	37. Application note (taken from [20], app	lication note 10)
1864 1865 1866		Ily performed TA2 protocol is an EAC2 terminal. Note that _EAC1PP. In that case, the terminal identified is in addition
1867	• FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
1868	• FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Termina	I_EAC2PP
1869	• FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC2PP	
1870	38. Application note (taken from [6], appli	ication note 26)
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	For PACE, the TOE randomly selects an almost uniformly distributed nonce of 128 bit length. The [20] and the current ST support a key derivation function based on AES; see [17]. For TA2, the TOE randomly selects a nonce r _{PICC} of 64 bit length, see [17]. This SFR extends FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP from [13] by assigning the authentication mechanism Terminal Authentication 2.	
1876	• FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP	
1877	• FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP	
1878	• FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
1879	• FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP	
1880 1881	FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP Authentication failure handling – Sus	pending PIN
1882	Hierarchical to:	No other components
1883	Dependencies:	[FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication] fulfilled by
1884		FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP
1885	FIA_AFL.1.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2P	P
1886	The TSF shall detect when an a	administrator configurable positive integer within [1-127]88
1887	unsuccessful authentication att	empts occur related to consecutive failed authentication
1888	attempts using the PIN as the s	hared password for PACE ⁸⁹ .

FIA_AFL.1.2/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP

 ^{88[}selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values]]
 89 [assignment: list of authentication events]



1890	When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been met90, the		
1891	TSF shall suspend the reference value of the PIN according to [17]91.		
		· · · · · ·	
1892	39. Application note (taken from [6], application note 19)		
1893		L.1 from [13], since it just adds a requirement specific to	
1894 1895		ared password. Thus, the assigned integer number for	
1896	unsuccessful authentication attempts with any PACE password could be different to the integer for the case when using a PIN.		
1897	FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP		
1898	Authentication failure handling – Bloc	cking PIN	
1899	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
		The same semiperior	
1900	Dependencies:	[FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication] fulfilled by	
1901		FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
1902	FIA_AFL.1.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP		
1903	The TSF shall detect when an a	administrator configurable positive integer within [1-127]92	
1904	unsuccessful authentication attempts occur related to consecutive failed authentication		
1905		PIN as the shared password for PACE ⁹⁴ .	
		·	
1906	FIA_AFL.1.2/Block_PIN_EAC2PP		
1907	When the defined number of u	nsuccessful authentication attempts has been met ⁹⁵ , the	
1908	TSF shall block the reference va	•	
1300	131 Shall block the reference va	aide of Fire according to [17].	
1909	FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP		
1910	Authentication Proof of Identity		
1911	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
1912	Dependencies:	No dependencies	
1913	FIA_API.1.1/CA_EAC2PP		
טופו	TIA_ALLILI/OA_LAOZEE		

^{90 [}selection: met, surpassed]

^{91 [}assignment: *list of actions*]

⁹² [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values]]

⁹³ as required by FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP

⁹⁴ [assignment: *list of authentication events*]

^{95 [}selection: met, surpassed]

⁹⁶ [assignment: *list of actions*]



1914 1915	' -	Authentication 2 according to [17] ⁹⁷ , to prove the
1916 1917	_ , _	
1918	Hierarchical to: No other	r components
1919	Dependencies: No depe	endencies
1920	FIA_API.1.1/RI_EAC2PP	
1921 1922		ntification protocol according to [17]99, to prove
1923	40. Application note (taken from [6], application note	20)
1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	thus provides a pseudonymous way to identify the CHAT of the terminal does not allow to acc Electronic Document Holder. Restricted Iden running Terminal Authentication 2 and Chip Autis optional according to [17], and thus the above	ecific identifier of every electronic document. It the Electronic Document Holder in a case where ess Sensitive User Data that directly identify the tification shall only be used after successfully thentication 2. Note that Restricted Identification we SFR only applies if Restricted Identification is
1931 1932	FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP Timing of identification	
1933	Hierarchical to: No other	r components
1934	Dependencies: No depe	endencies
1935	FIA_UID.1.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
1936	The TSF shall allow:	
1937	1. to establish a communication char	nnel,
1938	2. carrying out the PACE protocol ac	cording to [17]
1939	3. to read the Initialization Data	if it is not disabled by TSF according to
1940	<u>FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS</u> FMT_MTD.1/	/INI_DIS_EAC2PP ¹⁰¹

⁹⁷ [assignment: authentication mechanism]⁹⁸ [assignment: authorised user or role, or of the TOE itself]

⁹⁹ [assignment: authentication mechanism]

^{100 [}assignment: authorized user or role]

^{101 [}assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions]



1941	4. <u>none</u> ¹⁰²		
1942	on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is identified.		
1943	FIA_UID.1.2/PACE_EAC2PP		
1944 1945	The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.		
1946	41. Application note (taken from [6], application note 21)		
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	were used for PACE, the user identified is the Electronic Document Holder using a PACE terminal. Note that neither the CAN nor the MRZ effectively represent secrets, but are restricted-revealable; i.e. in case the CAN or the MRZ were used for PACE, it is either the Electronic Document Holder itself, an authorized person other than the Electronic Document		
1953	42. Application note (from ST author)		
1954	The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs.		
1955 1956	= , = =		
1957	Hierarchical to: No other components		
1958	Dependencies: No dependencies		
1959	FIA_UID.1.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP		
1960	The TSF shall allow		
1961	1. to establish a communication channel,		
1962	carrying out the PACE protocol according to [17].		
1963	3. to read the Initialization Data if it is not disabled by TSF according to		
1964	FMT_MTD.1/INI_DISFMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP		
1965	4. carrying out the Terminal Authentication protocol 2 according to [17] ¹⁰³		
1966	5. <u>none</u> ¹⁰⁴		
1967	on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is identified.		
1968	FIA_UID.1.2/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP		

 ^{102 [}assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions]
 103 [assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions]
 104 [assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions]



The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other 1969 1970 TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user. 1971 43. Application note (taken from [6], application note 22) 1972 The user identified after a successfully performed TA2 is an EAC2 terminal. The types of EAC2 1973 terminals are application dependent; 1974 44. Application note (taken from [6], application note 23) 1975 In the life cycle phase manufacturing, the manufacturer is the only user role known to the TOE. The manufacturer writes the initialization data and/or pre-personalization data in the audit 1976 1977 records of the IC. Note that a Personalization Agent acts on behalf of the electronic document issuer under his 1978 and the CSCA's and DS's policies. Hence, they define authentication procedures for 1979 Personalization Agents. The TOE must functionally support these authentication procedures. 1980 1981 These procedures are subject to evaluation within the assurance components ALC DEL.1 and AGD PRE.1. The TOE assumes the user role Personalization Agent, if a terminal proves the 1982 respective Terminal Authorization level (e. g. a privileged terminal, cf. [17]). 1983 1984 45. Application note (from ST author) 1985 The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs. 1986 FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP 1987 Timing of authentication 1988 Hierarchical to: No other components 1989 Dependencies: [FIA UID.1 Timing of identification]: fulfilled 1990 FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP 1991 FIA_UAU.1.1/PACE_EAC2PP 1992 The TSF shall allow: 1993 1. to establish a communication channel, 1994 2. carrying out the PACE protocol according to [17], 1995 3. to read the Initialization Data if it is not disabled by TSF according to FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP, 1996 1997 none¹⁰⁵ 4. 1998 on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is authenticated. 1999 FIA UAU.1.2/PACE EAC2PP

¹⁰⁵ [assignment: *list of TSF-mediated actions*]



The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other 2000 2001 TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user. 2002 46. Application note (taken from [6], application note 24) If PACE has been successfully performed, secure messaging is started using the derived 2003 session keys (PACE-K_{MAC}, PACE-K_{Enc}), cf. FTP ITC.1/PACE EAC2PP. 44. Application note 2004 (taken from [6], application note 23) also applies here. 2005 2006 47. Application note (from ST author) 2007 The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs. 2008 FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP 2009 Timing of authentication 2010 Hierarchical to: No other components 2011 Dependencies: [FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification]: fulfilled by FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP 2012 2013 FIA UAU.1.1/EAC2 Terminal EAC2PP The TSF shall allow: 2014 2015 1. to establish a communication channel, 2016 2. carrying out the PACE protocol according to [17], 3. to read the Initialization Data if it is not disabled by TSF according to 2017 FMT MTD.1/INI DIS EAC2PP 2018 4. carrying out the Terminal Authentication protocol 2 according to [17]¹⁰⁶ 2019 2020 on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is authenticated. 2021 FIA UAU.1.2/EAC2 Terminal EAC2PP 2022 The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other 2023 TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user. 2024 48. Application note (taken from [6], application note 25) The user authenticated after a successful run of TA2 is an EAC2 terminal. The authenticated 2025 2026 immediately perform Chip Authentication 2 FIA API.1/CA EAC2PP using, amongst other, Comp(ephem-PK_{PCD}-TA) from 2027 accomplished TA2. Note that Passive Authentication using SOc is considered to be part of 2028 2029 CA2 within this ST.

¹⁰⁶ [assignment: *list of TSF-mediated actions*]



2030	49. Application note (from ST author)		
2031	The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs.		
2032 2033	FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC2PP Single-use authentication of the Terminals by the TOE		
2034	Hierarchical to: No other components		
2035	Dependencies: No dependencies		
2036	FIA_UAU.4.1/PACE_EAC2PP		
2037	The TSF shall prevent reuse of authentication data related to:		
2038	1. PACE protocol according to [17],		
2039	2. <u>Authentication Mechanism based on AES¹⁰⁷</u>		
2040	3. Terminal Authentication 2 protocol according to [17]. 108		
2041	4. <u>none</u> ¹⁰⁹		
2042	50. Application note (taken from [6], application note 26)		
2043 2044 2045 2046	The [6] supports a key derivation function based on AES; see [17]. For TA2, the TOE randomly selects a nonce r _{PICC} of 64 bit length, see [17]. This SFR extends FIA_UAU.4/PACE from [13]		
2047 2048	FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP Multiple authentication mechanisms		
2049	Hierarchical to: No other components		
2050	Dependencies: No dependencies		
2051	FIA_UAU.5.1/PACE_EAC2PP		
2052	The TSF shall provide		
2053	PACE protocol according to [17],		
2054	2. Passive Authentication according to [8]		
2055	3. Secure messaging in MAC-ENC mode according to [18]		
2056	4. Symmetric Authentication Mechanism based on <u>TDES and AES</u> ¹¹⁰¹¹¹		

 ^{107 [}selection: *Triple-DES* , AES or other approved algorithms]
 108 [assignment: identified authentication mechanism(s)]

^{109 [}assignment: identified authentication mechanism(s)]

¹¹⁰ restricting the [selection: *Triple-DES, AES or other approved algorithms*]

^{111 [}selection: AES or other approved algorithms]



- Terminal Authentication 2 protocol according to [17], 2057 5. Chip Authentication 2 according to [17]¹¹²¹¹³ 6. 2058 none¹¹⁴ 7. 2059 2060 to support user authentication. 2061 FIA UAU.5.2/PACE EAC2PP 2062 The TSF shall authenticate any user's claimed identity according to the following rules: 2063 1. Having successfully run the PACE protocol the TOE accepts only received 2064 commands with correct message authentication codes sent by secure messaging 2065 with the key agreed with the terminal by the PACE protocol. 2066 2. The TOE accepts the authentication attempt as Personalization Agent by 2067 Symmetric Authentication (Device authentication) according to [30]115 The TOE accepts the authentication attempt by means of the Terminal 2068 2069 Authentication 2 protocol, only if (i) the terminal presents its static public key PK_{PCD} and the key is successfully verifiable up to the CVCA and (ii) the terminal uses the 2070 2071 PICC identifier IDP_{ICC} = Comp(ephem-PK_{PICC}-PACE) calculated during, and the 2072 secure messaging established by the, current PACE authentication. 2073
 - 4. Having successfully run Chip Authentication 2, the TOE accepts only received commands with correct message authentication codes sent by secure messaging with the key agreed with the terminal by Chip Authentication 2.116
- 2076 5. <u>none</u>¹¹⁷

- 51. Application note (taken from [6], application note 27)
- Refinement of FIA_UAU.5.2/PACE_EAC2PP, since here PACE must adhere to [17] and [18], cf. 9. Application note (taken from [6], application note 10). Since the formulation "MAC-ENC mode" is slightly ambiguous (there is only one secure messaging mode relevant both in [13] and here, and it is actually the same in both references), it is removed here by refinement in the third bullet point of FIA_UAU.5.1/PACE_EAC2PP.
- 2083 Remark: Note that 5. and 6. in FIA_UAU.5.1/PACE_EAC2PP and 3. and 4. of 2084 FIA_UAU.5.2/PACE_EAC2PP are additional assignments (using the open assignment 2085 operation) compared to [13].
- 2086 52. Application note (from ST author)

¹¹² Passive Authentication using SOc is considered to be part of CA2 within this ST.

¹¹³ [assignment: list of multiple authentication mechanisms]

¹¹⁴ [assignment: list of multiple authentication mechanisms]

^{115 [}selection: the Authentication Mechanism with Personalization Agent Key(s)]

¹¹⁶ [assignment: rules describing how the multiple authentication mechanisms provide authentication]

^{117 [}assignment: rules describing how the multiple authentication mechanisms provide authentication]



2087	Symmetric Authentication Mechanism implemented according to [30].	
2088 2089	FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP Re-authenticating of Terminal by the TOE	
2090	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2091	Dependencies:	No dependencies
2092	FIA_UAU.6.1/CA_EAC2PP	
2093	The TSF shall re-authenticate the	he user under the conditions each command sent to the
2094	TOE after a successful run of Cl	nip Authentication 2 shall be verified as being sent by the
2095	EAC2 terminal ¹¹⁸ .	
2096 2097	FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP Authentication failure handling – PACE authentication using non-blocking authorisation data	
2098	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2099	Dependencies:	[FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication]: fulfilled by
2100		FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP
2101	FIA_AFL.1.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
2102	The TSF shall detect when an a	administrator configurable positive integer number within
2103	[1-127] ¹¹⁹ unsuccessful authentication attempt occurs related to <u>authentication attempts</u>	
2104	using the PACE password as shared password. 120	
2105	FIA_AFL.1.2/PACE_EAC2PP	
2106	When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been met121, the	
2107	TSF shall delay each following authentication attempt until the next successful	
2108	authentication. ¹²² .	
2109	53. Application note (from ST author)	
2110 2111	In line with [6] the shared password for PACE can be CAN, MRZ, PIN and PUK. The specific case of PIN is detailed in FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP and	

^{118 [}assignment: list of conditions under which re-authentication is required]
119 [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values]]
120 [assignment: list of authentication events]

^{121 [}selection: *met* ,*surpassed*]

^{122 [}assignment: list of actions]



FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP and furthermore 39. Application note (taken from [6], 2112 2113 application note 19). 2114 FIA UAU.6/PACE EAC2PP 2115 Re-authenticating of Terminal by the TOE 2116 Hierarchical to: No other components Dependencies: No dependencies 2117 2118 FIA_UAU.6.1/PACE_EAC2PP 2119 The TSF shall re-authenticate the user under the conditions each command sent to the 2120 TOE after successful run of the PACE protocol shall be verified as being sent by the PACE terminal.123 2121 2122 6.1.2.2. SFRs for EAC1-protected data 2123 FIA UID.1/PACE EAC1PP 2124 FIA UAU.1/PACE EAC1PP 2125 FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP 2126 FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP FIA UAU.6/PACE EAC1PP 2127 2128 (equivalent to FIA UAU.6/PACE EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness) 2129 FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP 2130 FIA_API.1/EAC1PP 2131 FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP (equivalent to FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness) 2132 2133 FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP 2134 Timing of identification 2135 Hierarchical to: No other components 2136 Dependencies: No dependencies FIA UID.1.1/PACE EAC1PP 2137 2138 The TSF shall allow:

¹²³ [assignment: list of conditions under which re-authentication is required]



2139 1. to establish the communication channel, 2140 2. carrying out the PACE Protocol according to [7], to read the Initialization Data if it is not disabled by TSF according to 2141 FMT MTD.1/INI DIS EAC1PP 2142 2143 4. to carry out the Chip Authentication Protocol v.1 according to [16] or the Chip 2144 Authentication mapping (PACE-CAM) according to [9]. to carry out the Terminal Authentication Protocol v.1 according to [16] resp. 2145 according to [9] if PACE-CAM is used.-124 2146 6. <u>none</u>¹²⁵. 2147 2148 on behalf of the user to be performed before the user isidentified. 2149 FIA UID.1.2/PACE EAC1PP 2150 The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other 2151 TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user. 2152 54. Application note (from ST author) 2153 The SFR is refined here in order for the TSF to additionally provide the PACE-CAM protocol 2154 by referencing [9]. PACE-CAM combines PACE and Chip Authentication 1 for faster execution 2155 times. Hence, a TOE meeting the original requirement also meets the refined requirement. 2156 55. Application note (taken from [5], application note 20) The SFR FIA_UID.1/PACE in [5] covers the definition in [13] and extends it by EAC aspect 4. 2157 2158 This extension does not conflict with the strict conformance to [13]. 2159 56. Application note (taken from [5], application note 21) 2160 In the Phase 2 "Manufacturing" the Manufacturer is the only user role known to the TOE which writes the Initialization Data and/or Pre-personalisation Data in the audit records of the IC. The 2161 2162 electronic document manufacturer may create the user role Personalisation Agent for transition from Phase 2 to Phase 3 "Personalisation of the Electronic Document". The users in role 2163 Personalisation Agent identify themselves by means of selecting the authentication key. After 2164 2165 personalisation in the Phase 3 the PACE domain parameters, the Chip Authentication data 2166 and Terminal Authentication Reference Data are written into the TOE. The Inspection System is identified as default user after power up or reset of the TOE i.e. the TOE will run the PACE 2167 2168 protocol, to gain access to the Chip Authentication Reference Data and to run the Chip

Authentication Protocol Version 1. After successful authentication of the chip the terminal may

identify itself as (i) EAC1 terminal by selection of the templates for the Terminal Authentication Protocol Version 1 or (ii) if necessary and available by authentication as Personalisation Agent

2173 57. Application note (taken from [5], application note 22)

(using the Personalisation Agent Key).

2169 2170

^{124 [}assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions]

¹²⁵ [assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions]



User identified after a successfully performed PACE protocol is a terminal. Please note that 2174 neither CAN nor MRZ effectively represent secrets, but are restricted revealable; i.e. it is either 2175 2176 the electronic document holder itself or an authorised other person or device (PACE terminal). 2177 58. Application note (taken from [5], application note 23) 2178 In the life-cycle phase 'Manufacturing' the Manufacturer is the only user role known to the TOE. The Manufacturer writes the Initialisation Data and/or Pre-personalisation Data in the audit 2179 2180 records of the IC. 2181 Please note that a Personalisation Agent acts on behalf of the electronic document Issuer under his and CSCA and DS policies. Hence, they define authentication procedure(s) for 2182 Personalisation Agents. The TOE must functionally support these authentication procedures 2183 being subject to evaluation within the assurance components ALC_DEL.1 and AGD_PRE.1. 2184 The TOE assumes the user role 'Personalisation Agent', when a terminal proves the respective 2185 Terminal Authorisation Level as defined by the related policy (policies). 2186 2187 59. Application note (from ST author) 2188 The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs. 2189 FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP 2190 Timing of authentication 2191 Hierarchical to: No other components FIA UID.1 Timing of 2192 Dependencies: identification fulfilled by 2193 FIA UID.1/PACE EAC1PP FIA UAU.1.1/PACE EAC1PP 2194 2195 The TSF shall allow: 2196 1. to establish the communication channel, 2197 2. carrying out the PACE Protocol according to [7], to read the Initialization Data if it is not disabled by TSF according to 2198 2199 FMT MTD.1/INI DIS FMT MTD.1/INI DIS EAC1PP. 4. to identify themselves by selection of the authentication key 2200 2201 5. to carry out the Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1 according to [16] to carry out the Terminal Authentication Protocol Version 1 according to [16]¹²⁶ 2202 6. to carry out the Active Authetnication Mechanism according to [9]¹²⁷ 2203 7. 2204 on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is authenticated.

^{126 [}assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions]

¹²⁷ [assignment: *list of TSF-mediated actions*]



2205	FIA_UAU.1.2/PACE_EAC1PP		
2206 2207	The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.		
2208	60. Application note (taken from [5], application note 24)		
2209 2210 2211	The SFR FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP in the current ST covers the definition in [13] and extends it by EAC aspect 5. This extension does not conflict with the strict conformance to [13].		
2212	61. Application note (taken from [5], application note 25)		
2213 2214 2215 2216	The user authenticated after a successfully performed PACE protocol is a terminal. Please note that neither CAN nor MRZ effectively represent secrets but are restricted revealable; i.e it is either the electronic document holder itself or an authorised another person or device (PACE terminal).		
2217 2218	If PACE was successfully performed, secure messaging is started using the derived session keys (PACE-K _{MAC} , PACE-K _{Enc}), cf. FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP.		
2219	62. Application note (from ST author)		
2220	The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs.		
2221 2222	FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP Single-use authentication mechanisms - Single-use authentication of the Terminal by the TOE		
2223	Hierarchical to: No other components		
2224	Dependencies: No dependencies		
2225	FIA_UAU.4.1/PACE_EAC1PP		
2226	The TSF shall prevent reuse of authentication data related to		
2227	PACE Protocol according to [7],		
2228	2. Authentication Mechanism based on Triple-DES or AES ¹²⁸		
2229	3. Terminal Authentication Protocol v.1 according to [16]. 129		
2230	4. Active Authentication protocol according to [7], [9]		
2231	63. Application note (taken from [5], application note 26)		
2232 2233 2234	The SFR FIA_UAU.4.1/PACE_EAC1PP in the current ST covers the definition in [13] and extends it by the EAC aspect 3. This extension does not conflict with the strict conformance to [13]. The generation of random numbers (random nonce) used for the authentication protocol		

¹²⁸ [selection: *Triple-DES, AES or other approved algorithms*] ¹²⁹ [assignment: *identified authentication mechanism(s)*]



(PACE) and Terminal Authentication as required by FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP is required 2235 2236 by FCS RND.1 from [13]. 2237 64. Application note (taken from [5], application note 27) 2238 The authentication mechanisms may use either a challenge freshly and randomly generated by the TOE to prevent reuse of a response generated by a terminal in a successful 2239 authentication attempt. However, the authentication of Personalisation Agent may rely on other 2240 mechanisms ensuring protection against replay attacks, such as the use of an internal counter 2241 2242 as a diversifier. 2243 65. Application note (ST author) 2244 The refinement was necessary because the authentication data (nonce) is must not be reused during Active Authentication protocol according to [9]. 2245 2246 FIA UAU.5/PACE EAC1PP 2247 Multiple authentication mechanisms 2248 Hierarchical to: No other components 2249 Dependencies: No dependencies 2250 FIA_UAU.5.1/PACE_EAC1PP 2251 The TSF shall provide 2252 1. PACE Protocol according to [7] and PACE-CAM protocol according to [9] 2253 2. Passive Authentication according to [8] 2254 3. Secure messaging in MAC-ENC mode according to [7]. Symmetric Authentication Mechanism based on <u>Triple-DES or AES</u>¹³⁰ 2255 4. Terminal Authentication Protocol v.1 according to [16]. 131 2256 5. 2257 to support user authentication 2258 FIA UAU.5.2/PACE EAC1PP 2259 The TSF shall authenticate any user's claimed identity according to the following rules: 1. Having successfully run the PACE protocol the TOE accepts only received 2260 2261 commands with correct message authentication code sent by means of secure 2262 messaging with the key agreed with the terminal by means of the PACE protocol.

¹³⁰ [selection: *Triple-DES, AES or other approved algorithms*]

^{131 [}assignment: list of multiple authentication mechanism]



The TOE accepts the authentication attempt as Personalisation Agent by the 2263 2. 2264 Symmetric Authentication (Device authentication) according to [30]¹³² After run of the Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1 the TOE accepts only 2265 2266 received commands with correct message authentication code sent by means of secure messaging with key agreed with the terminal by means of the Chip 2267 2268 Authentication Mechanism v1. 2269 The TOE accepts the authentication attempt by means of the Terminal 2270 Authentication Protocol v.1 only if the terminal uses the public key presented during 2271 the Chip Authentication Protocol v.1 and the secure messaging established by the 2272 Chip Authentication Mechanism v.1. or if the terminal uses the public key 2273 presented during PACE-CAM and the secure messaging established during **PACE.**¹³³ 2274 2275 5. none¹³⁴ 2276 66. Application note (from ST author) 2277 The SFR is refined here in order for the TSF to additionally provide the PACE-CAM protocol 2278 by referencing [9]. PACE-CAM combines PACE and Chip Authentication 1 for faster execution 2279 times. Hence, a TOE meeting the original requirement also meets the refined requirement. 2280 67. Application note (taken from [5], application note 28) The SFR FIA UAU.5.1/PACE EAC1PP in the current ST covers the definition in [13] and 2281 extends it by EAC aspects 4), 5), and 6). The SFR FIA UAU.5.2/PACE EAC1PP in the current 2282 ST covers the definition in [13] and extends it by EAC aspects 2), 3), 4) and 5). These 2283 extensions do not conflict with the strict conformance to [13]. 2284 2285 FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP 2286 Re-authenticating – Re-authenticating of Terminal by the TOE 2287 Hierarchical to: No other components 2288 Dependencies: No dependencies FIA_UAU.6.1/EAC_EAC1PP 2289 The TSF shall re-authenticate the user under the conditions each command sent to the 2290 2291 TOE after successful run of the Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1 shall be verified as 2292 being sent by the Inspection System. 135

^{132 [}selection: the Authentication Mechanism with Personalisation Agent Key(s)]

¹³³ [assignment: rules describing how the multiple authentication mechanisms provide authentication]

^{134 [}assignment: rules describing how the multiple authentication mechanisms provide authentication]

¹³⁵ [assignment: list of conditions under which re-authentication is required]



2293 68. Application note (taken from [5], application note 29) 2294 The Password Authenticated Connection Establishment and the Chip Authentication Protocol 2295 specified in [8] include secure messaging for all commands exchanged after successful 2296 authentication of the Inspection System. The TOE checks by secure messaging in MAC ENC mode each command based on a corresponding MAC algorithm whether it was sent by the 2297 successfully authenticated terminal (see FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP for further details). 2298 The TOE does not execute any command with incorrect message authentication code. 2299 2300 Therefore the TOE re-authenticates the user for each received command and accepts only 2301 those commands received from the previously authenticated user. 2302 FIA_API.1/EAC1PP **Authentication Proof of Identity** 2303 2304 Hierarchical to: No other components 2305 Dependencies: No dependencies FIA API.1.1/EAC1PP 2306 The TSF shall provide a Chip Authentication Protocol Version 1 according to [16]¹³⁶ to 2307 prove the identity of the TOE.137 2308 2309 69. Application note (taken from [5], application note 30) 2310 This SFR requires the TOE to implement the Chip Authentication Mechanism v.1 specified in [16]. The TOE and the terminal generate a shared secret using the Diffie-Hellman Protocol 2311 (DH or ECDH) and two session keys for secure messaging in ENC MAC mode according to 2312 2313 [8]. The terminal verifies by means of secure messaging whether the electronic document's 2314 chip was able or not to run his protocol properly using its Chip Authentication Private Key corresponding to the Chip Authentication Key (EF.DG14). 2315 2316 The following SFR is newly defined in this ST and addresses the PACE-CAM protocol. 2317 FIA API.1/PACE CAM 2318 **Authentication Proof of Identity** 2319 Hierarchical to: No other components 2320 Dependencies: No dependencies 2321 FIA API.1.1/PACE CAM The TSF shall provide a protocol PACE-CAM [9]¹³⁸ to prove the identity of the TOE. 139 2322

¹³⁶ [assignment: *authentication mechanism*]

^{137 [}assignment: authorized user or role]

¹³⁸ [assignment: *authentication mechanism*]

^{139 [}assignment: authorized user or role, or of the TOE itself]



2323 2324	The following SFR is newly defined in this ST and addresses the Active Authentication protocol:	
2325 2326	FIA_API.1/AA Authentication Proof of Identity	
2327	Hierarchical to: No other components	
2328	Dependencies: No dependencies	
2329	FIA_API.1.1/AA	
2330 2331	The TSF shall provide a <u>Active Authentication protocol according to [7] [9]</u> ¹⁴⁰ to prove the identity of the <u>TOE</u> . ¹⁴¹	
2332 2333	The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [14]. They concern access mechanisms for an eSign application, if available.	
2334	• FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP	
2335	• FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP	
2336 2337	FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP Timing of identification	
2338	Hierarchical to: No other components	
2339	Dependencies: No dependencies	
2340	FIA_UID.1.1/SSCDPP	
2341	The TSF shall allow	
2342	1. Self-test according to FPT_TST.1 FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP,	
2343	2. <u>none</u> ¹⁴²	
2344	on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is identified	
2345	FIA_UID.1.2/SSCDPP	

 ^{140 [}assignment: authentication mechanism]
 141 [assignment: authorized user or role, or of the TOE itself]
 142 [assignment: list of additional TSF-mediated actions]



2346	The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other		
2347	TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.		
2348	70. Application note (taken from [14], application note 11)		
2349	Applied.		
2350	71. Application note (from ST author)		
2351	The refinement was necessary to en	sure unified terminology usage of SFRs.	
2352 2353	FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP Authentication failure handling		
2354	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
2355	Dependencies:	FIA_UAU.1 Timing of Authentication fulfilled by	
2356		FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP	
2357	FIA_AFL.1.1/SSCDPP		
2358	The TSF shall detect when an administrator configurable positive integer within 3-15 143		
2359	unsuccessful authentication attempts occur related to consecutive failed authentication		
2360	attempts.144		
2361	FIA_AFL.1.2/SSCDPP		
2362	When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been met145, the		
2363	TSF shall block RAD ¹⁴⁶ .		
2364	72. Application note (taken from [14], application note 13)		
2365	Applied		
2366	6.1.2.3. SFRs for eSign	applications	
2367 2368	FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP Timing of authentication		
2369	Hierarchical to:	No other components	

[[]assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values]]

144 [assignment: list of authentication events]

145 [selection: met, surpassed]

146 [assignment: list of actions]



2370 2371	Dependencies:	FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification: fulfilled by FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP	
2372	FIA_UAU.1.1/SSCDPP		
2373	The TSF shall allow		
2374	1. self test according to FF	PT_TST.1/SSCD FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP,	
2375	2. identification of the u	ser by means of TSF required by FIA_UID.1/SSCD	
2376	FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP,		
2377	3. establishing a trusted	channel between CGA and the TOE by means of TSF	
2378	required by FPT_ITC.1/	CA_EAC2 FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP,	
2379	4. establishing a trusted	channel between HID and the TOE by means of TSF	
2380	required by FPT_ITC.1/	CA_EAC2 FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP,	
2381	5. <u>none</u> ¹⁴⁷		
2382	on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is authenticated.		
2383	FIA_UAU.1.2/SSCDPP		
2384	The TSF shall require each use	r to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other	
2385	TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.		
2386	73. Application note (from ST author)		
2387	The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs.		
2388	6.1.3. Class FDP		
2389	Multiple iterations of FDP_ACF.1 e	xist from imported PPs to define the access control SFPs	
2390	for (common) user data, EAC1-pr	otected user data, and EAC2-protected user data. The	
2391	access control SFPs defined in FDF	P_ACF.1/EAC1PP from [5] and FDP_ACF.1/EAC2PP from	
2392	[6] are unified in [20] to one sing	gle FDP_ACF.1/TRM, whereas the several iterations of	
2393	FDP_ACF.1 from [14] stand separa	te. [20] takes FDP_ACF.1/EAC2PP as a base definition of	
2394	functional elements, and it is refine	d in a way that it is compatible with FDP_ACF.1/EAC1PP.	
2395	Hence highlighting refers to chang	es w.r.t. to FDP_ACF.1/EAC2PP. In the application note	
2396	below, how FDP_ACF.1/EAC1PP is covered as well is explained.		

^{147 [}assignment: list of additional TSF-mediated actions]



2397 2398 2399 2400 2401	Concerning FDP_ACF.1/TRM in [20] and the several iterations FDP_ACF.1 from [14], [20] remarks that FDP_ACF.1/TRM also concerns data and objects for signature generation. Note however, that FDP_ACF.1/TRM requires that prior to granting access to the signature application, in which the access controls defined in [14] apply, an EAC2 terminal and the Electronic Document Holder need to be authenticated. Hence, no inconsistency exists.		
2402 2403	FDP_ACF.1/TRM Security attribute based access control –	Terminal Access	
2404	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
2405 2406 2407	F	FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control fulfilled by FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP and FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	
2408 2409		FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization not fulfilled, but ustified:	
2410 2411 2412 2413 2414	u p T	The access control TSF according to FDP_ACF.1/TRM uses security attributes having been defined during the personalization and fixed over the whole life time of the TOE. No management of these security attributes (i.e. BFR FMT_MSA.1 and FMT_MSA.3) is necessary here.	
2415	FDP_ACF.1.1/TRM		
2416	The TSF shall enforce the Access	Control SFP ¹⁴⁸ to objects based on the following:	
2417	1) <u>Subjects:</u>		
2418	a) <u>Terminal,</u>		
2419	b) PACE terminal,		
2420	c) <u>EAC2 terminal Authent</u>	tication Terminal and Signature Terminal according to	
2421	<u>[17]</u> ¹⁴⁹ ,		
2422	d) <u>EAC1 terminal;</u> 150		
2423	2) Objects:		

^{148 [}assignment: access control SFP]
149 [assignment: list of EAC2 terminal types]
150 [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and, for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or name groups of SFP-relevant security attributes] (added using open assignment of [6])



2424	a) all user data stored in the TOE; including sensitive EAC1-protected user
2425	data, and sensitive EAC2-protected user data.
2426	b) all TOE intrinsic secret (cryptographic) data
2427	3) Security attributes:
2428	a) Terminal Authorization Level (access rights)
2429	b) Authentication status of the Electronic Document Holder as a signatory (if an
2430	eSign application is included). 151152
2431	FDP_ACF.1.2/TRM
2432	The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled
2433	subjects and controlled objects is allowed:
2434	A PACE terminal is allowed to read data objects from FDP_ACF.1/TRM after successful
2435	PACE authentication according to [17] and/or [7], as required by FIA_UAU.1/PACE
2436	FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP or FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP.153
2437	FDP_ACF.1.3/TRM
24372438	FDP_ACF.1.3/TRM The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following
2438	The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following
2438 2439	The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: none. 154
2438 2439 2440	The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: none . 154 FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM
2438 2439 2440 2441	The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: none . 154 FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following
2438 2439 2440 2441 2442	The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: none . 154 FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules:
2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443	The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: none . 154 FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: 1. Any terminal not being authenticated as a PACE terminal or an EAC2 terminal or
2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444	The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: none . 154 FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: 1. Any terminal not being authenticated as a PACE terminal or an EAC2 terminal or an EAC1 terminal is not allowed to read, to write, to modify, or to use any user

¹⁵¹ [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and, for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or name groups of SFP-relevant security attributes] (added using open assignment of [6])

¹⁵² [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and, for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or name groups of SFP-relevant security attributes] (all bullets in FDP_ACF.1.1/TRM w.r.t. [2]) ¹⁵³ [assignment: rules governing access among controlled subjects and controlled objects using controlled

operations on controlled objects]

154 [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects]

¹⁵⁵ note that authentication of an EAC1 or EAC2 terminal to a TOE in certified mode implies a prior run of PACE.



2448	3.	No subject is allowed to read 'Electronic Document Communication Establishment
2449		Authorization Data' stored on the electronic document
2450	4.	No subject is allowed to write or modify 'Secret Electronic Document Holder
2451		Authentication Data' stored on the electronic document, except for PACE terminals
2452		or EAC2 terminals executing PIN management based on the following rules:
2453		1. <u>CAN change</u>
2454		2. Change PIN
2455		3. Resume PIN
2456		4. <u>Unblock PIN</u>
2457		5. Activate PIN
2458		6. <u>Deactivate PIN according to [17].</u> ¹⁵⁶
2459	5.	No subject is allowed to read, write, modify, or use the private Restricted
2460		Identification key(s) and Chip Authentication key(s) stored on the electronic
2461		document.
2462	6.	Reading, modifying, writing, or using Sensitive User Data that are protected only
2463		by EAC2, is allowed only to EAC2 terminals using the following mechanism:
2464		The TOE applies the EAC2 protocol (cf. FIA UAU.5
2465		FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP) to determine access rights of the terminal
2466		according to [17]. To determine the effective authorization of a terminal, the
2467		chip must calculate a bitwise Boolean 'and' of the relative authorization
2468		contained in the CHAT of the Terminal Certificate, the referenced DV
2469		Certificate, and the referenced CVCA Certificate, and additionally the confined
2470		authorization sent as part of PACE. Based on that effective authorization and
2471		the terminal type drawn from the CHAT of the Terminal Certificate, the TOE
2472		shall grant the right to read, modify or write Sensitive User Data, or perform
2473		operations using these Sensitive User Data.
2474	7.	No subject is allowed to read, write, modify or use the data objects 2b) of
2475		FDP_ACF.1/TRM.
2476	8.	No subject is allowed to read Sensitive User Data that are protected only by EAC1,
2477		except an EAC1 terminal (OID inspection system) after EAC1, cf.
2478		FIA_UAU.1/EAC1 FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP, that has a corresponding relative
2479		authorization level. This includes in particular EAC1-protected user data DG3 and
2480		DG4 from an ICAO-compliant ePass application, cf. [16] and [8].

¹⁵⁶ [assignment: list of rules for PIN management chosen from [17]]



- 9. <u>If Sensitive User Data is protected both by EAC1 and EAC2, no subject is allowed</u>
 to read those data except EAC1 terminals or EAC2 terminals that access these
 data according to rule 6 or rule 8 above.
- 2484 10. Nobody is allowed to read the private signature key(s). 157
- 2485 74. Application note (from ST author)
- 2486 The [20] uses the 'Electronic Document Communication Establishment Authorization Data'
- 2487 expression in 3.1.1.2 Secondary Assets and "Communication Establishment Authorization
- 2488 Data" in FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM 3. In order to provide consistency in our ST, we use only the
- 2489 Electronic Document Communication Establishment Authorization Data.
- 75. Application note (taken from [20], application note 11)
- 2491 The above definition is based on FDP_ACF.1/TRM_EAC2PP. We argue that it covers
- 2492 FDP_ACF.1/TRM_EAC1PP as well. Subject 1b and 1d are renamed here from
- 2493 FDP ACF.1.1/TRM EAC1PP according to Table 1 Objects in 2), in particular the term EAC1-
- 2494 protected user data, subsume all those explicitly enumerated in FDP_ACF.1.1/TRM_EAC1PP.
- 2495 Also, the security attribute 3a) Terminal Authorization Level here subsumes the explicitly
- enumerated attributes 3a) and 3b) of FDP_ACF.1.1/TRM_EAC1PP, but are semantically the
- same. Since in addition EAC2 protected data are stored in the TOE of this ST, additional
- subjects, objects and security attributes are listed here. However, since they apply to data with
- a different protection mechanism (EAC2), strict conformance is not violated.
- 2500 FDP_ACF.1.2/TRM uses the renaming of Table 1 , and references in addition [17]. However
- 2501 the references are compatible as justified in [6], yet both are mentioned here since [17] is the
- 2502 primary norm for an eID application, whereas [7] is normative for an ICAO compliant ePass
- 2503 application. Investigating the references reveals that access to data objects defined in
- 2504 FDP_ACF.1.1/TRM must be granted if these data are neither EAC1-protected, nor EAC2-
- 2505 protected.
- 2506 FDP_ACF.1.3/TRM is the same as in FDP_ACF.1.3/TRM_EAC2PP.
- 2507 References are changed in FDP ACF.1.2/TRM EAC1PP. It is already justified in [6] that
- 2508 definitions in [17] and [8] are compatible.
- 2509 FDP_ACF.1.3/TRM is taken over from [5] and [6] (same formulation in both).
- 2510 Rules 1 and 2 of FDP ACF.1.4/TRM EAC1PP in [5] are covered by their counterparts rule 1
- and rule 2 here. Rules 3 and 4, and rule 6 of FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM_EAC1PP in [5] are combined
- 2512 here to rule 8, where terminals need the corresponding CHAT to read data groups. Rule 5 of
- 2513 [5] is here equivalent to rule 7. None of this conflict with strict conformance to [5]. Note that
- adding additional rules compared to FDP_ACF.1.4/TRM_EAC1PP here can never violate strict
- 2515 conformance, as these are rules that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects. Hence
- 2516 security is always increased.
- 2517 The above definition also covers FDP ACF.1.1/TRM EAC2PP and extends it by additional
- 2518 subjects and objects. Sensitive User Data in the definition of FDP_ACF.1.1/TRM_EAC2PP are
- 2519 here EAC2-protected Sensitive User Data. EAC1-protected data are added here by

¹⁵⁷ [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects]



- 2520 refinement. Since the protection level and mechanisms w.r.t. to EAC2-protected data do not 2521 change, strict conformance is not violated. 2522 FDP ACF.1.2/TRM EAC2PP and FDP ACF.1.3/TRM EAC2PP are equivalent to the current 2523 definition. 2524 Rules 8, 9 and 10 are added here by open assignment from [6]. None of these conflicts with 2525 strict conformance. 2526 The dependency this SFR is met by FDP ACC.1/TRM EAC1PP of FDP ACC.1/TRM EAC2PP. Note that the SFR in [5] applies the assignment operation, 2527 whereas in [6] (by referencing [13]) the assignment is left open. Hence, they are compatible. 2528 We remark that in order to restrict the access to user data as defined in the SFR 2529 FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP, clearly access to objects 2b) of FDP_ACF.1.1/TRM must be 2530 restricted as well according to the SFP, otherwise access to user data is impossible to enforce. 2531 2532 76. Application note (from ST author) 2533 The refinements were necessary to ensure unified terminology usage of SFRs. 2534 The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [6]. They concern access control mechanisms 2535 related to EAC2-protected data. 2536 FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP 2537 This SFR is equivalent to/covered by FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP; cf the 75. Application note 2538 (taken from [20], application note 11). FDP_ACF.1/TRM_EAC2PP 2539 This is SFR is equivalent to/covered by FDP ACF.1/TRM. 2540 2541 FDP RIP.1/EAC2PP 2542 FDP UCT.1/TRM EAC2PP 2543 FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP 2544 FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP 2545 Subset access control - Terminal Access 2546 Hierarchical to: No other components
- 2549 FDP_ACC.1.1/TRM_EAC2PP

Dependencies:

2547

2548

FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control:

fulfilled by FDP_ACF.1/TRM



The TSF shall enforce the Access Control SFP¹⁵⁸ on terminals gaining access to the User 2550 Data stored in the travel document electronic document 159 and none 160. 2551 2552 77. Application note (taken from [20]) This SFR is equivalent to/covered by FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP; cf.75. Application note 2553 2554 (taken from [20], application note 11). 2555 78. Application note (from ST author) 2556 The refinement was necessary to ensure unified terminology usage as described in Table 1 Overview of identifiers of current ST and PPs. 2557 FDP RIP.1/EAC2PP 2558 2559 Subset residual information protection 2560 Hierarchical to: No other components 2561 Dependencies: No dependencies 2562 FDP_RIP.1.1_EAC2PP 2563 The TSF shall ensure that any previous information content of a resource is made unavailable upon the deallocation of the resource from 161 the following objects: 2564 2565 1. Session keys (PACE-K_{MAC}, PACE-K_{Enc}), (CA2-K_{MAC}, CA2-K_{Enc}) (immediately after closing related communication session), 2566 2. the ephemeral private key ephem-SK_{PICC}-PACE (by having generated a DH shared 2567 secret K), 2568 2569 3. Secret Electronic Document Holder Authentication Data, e.g. PIN and/or PUK (when their temporarily stored values are not used any more)162, 2570 none.163 2571 4. 2572 79. Application note (taken from [6], application note 30) 2573 The functional family FDP RIP possesses such a general character, that it is applicable not 2574 only to user data (as assumed by the class FDP), but also to TSF-Data; in this respect it is similar to the functional family FPT_EMS. Applied to cryptographic keys, FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP 2575 2576 requires a certain quality metric (any previous information content of a resource is made

¹⁵⁸ [assignment: access control SFP]

¹⁵⁹ [assignment: list of subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP]

^{160 [}assignment: list of subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP]

¹⁶¹ [selection: allocation of the resource to, deallocation of the resource from]

¹⁶² [assignment: *list of objects*]

¹⁶³ [assignment: *list of objects*]



2577 2578	unavailable) for key destruction in addition to FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP that merely requires to ensure key destruction according to a method/standard.		
2579	Application note 80 (from ST author)		
2580 2581	The above SFR is slightly refined from [20] in order not to confuse Chip Authentication 1 with Chip Authentication 2.		
2582 2583	FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP Basic data exchange confidentiality – MRTD		
2584	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
2585 2586	Dependencies:	[FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel, or FTP_TRP.1 Trusted path] fulfilled by FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
2587 2588 2589		[FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control, or FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control] fulfilled by FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	
2590	FDP_UCT.1.1/TRM_EAC2PP		
2591 2592	The TSF shall enforce the Account user data in a manner protected	ess Control SFP ¹⁶⁴ to be able to transmit and receive ¹⁶⁵ from unauthorised disclosure.	
2593 2594	FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP TRM Data exchange integrity		
2595 2596	Dependencies:	[FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel, or FTP_TRP.1 Trusted path] fulfilled by FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
2597 2598 2599		[FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control, or FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control] fulfilled by FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	
2600	FDP_UIT.1.1/TRM_EAC2PP		
2601 2602		ess Control SFP ¹⁶⁶ to be able to transmit and receive ¹⁶⁷ from modification, deletion, insertion and replay ¹⁶⁸ errors.	

 ^{164 [}assignment: access control SFP(s) and/or information flow control SFP(s)]
 165 [selection: transmit, receive]

¹⁶⁶ [assignment: access control SFP(s) and/or information flow control SFP(s)]

¹⁶⁷ [selection: *transmit, receive*]

¹⁶⁸ [selection: modification, deletion, insertion, replay]



2603	FDP_UIT.1.2/TRM_EAC2PP		
2604	The TSF shall be able to determine on receipt of user data, whether modification, deletion,		
2605	insertion and replay ¹⁶⁹ has occurred.		
2606	The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [5]. They concern access control mechanisms		
2607	related to EAC1-protected data.		
2608	• FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP		
2609	The above is equivalent FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP, since EF.SOD (cf. FDP_ACC.1/TRM in		
2610	[5]) can be considered user data.; cf. also the application note below FDP_ACF.1/TRM.		
2611	• FDP_ACF.1/TRM_EAC1PP		
2612	The above is covered by FDP_ACF.1/TRM ; cf. Application Note there.		
2613	• FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP		
2614	• FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1PP		
2615	(equivalent to FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness)		
2616	• FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC1PP		
2617	(equivalent to FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness)		
2618 2619	FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP Subset residual information protection		
2620	Hierarchical to: No other components		
2621	Dependencies: No dependencies		
2622	FDP_RIP.1.1/EAC1PP		
2623	The TSF shall ensure that any previous information content of a resource is made		
2624	unavailable upon the <u>deallocation of the resource from</u> ¹⁷⁰ the following objects:		
2625	Session Keys (immediately after closing related communication session) ,		

^{169 [}selection: modification, deletion, insertion, replay]170 [selection: allocation of the resource to, deallocation of the resource from]



2626	2. the ephemeral private ke	y ephem-SK _{PICC} -PACE (by having generated a DH shared	
2627	secret K ¹⁷¹), ¹⁷²		
2628	3. <u>none.</u> 173		
2629	The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [14]. They concern access control		
2630			
2631	• FDP ACC 1/SCD/SVD Gen	eration SSCDPP	
2632	 FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP 		
2633	 FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_ 		
2634	 FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_ 		
2635	• FDP_ACC.1/Signature-crea		
2636	• FDP_ACF.1/Signature-crea		
2637	• FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP		
2638	 FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSC 	DPP	
2639	FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP		
2000	. 505		
2640 2641	FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSC Subset access control	DPP	
2642	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
2643	Dependencies:	FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control	
2644		fulfilled by	
2645		FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP	
2646	FDP_ACC.1.1/SCD/SVD_Generatio	n_SSCDPP	
2647	The TSF shall enforce the SCD/	SVD Generation SFP ¹⁷⁴ on	
2648	1. <u>subjects: S.User,</u>		
2649	2. <u>objects: SCD, SVD,</u>		
2650	3. operations: generation of	f SCD/SVD pair. ¹⁷⁵	
2651 2652	FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSC Security attribute based access control		

¹⁷¹ according to [7]
172 [assignment: list of objects]
173 [assignment: list of objects]
174 [assignment: access control SFP]
175 [assignment: list of subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP]



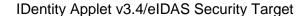


2653	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2654	Dependencies:	FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control fulfilled by
2655		FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP
2656		FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation fulfilled by
2657		FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP
2658	FDP_ACF.1.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP	
2659	The TSF shall enforce the <u>SCD/SVD Generation SFP</u> ¹⁷⁶ to objects based on the following:	
2660	the user S.User is associated with the security attribute "SCD/SVD Management". 177	
2661	FDP_ACF.1.2/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP	
2662	The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled	
2663	subjects and controlled objects is allowed: S.User with the security attribute "SCD/SVD	
2664	Management" set to "authorised	" is allowed to generate SCD/SVD pair 178
2664	Management Set to authorised	" is allowed to generate SCD/SVD pair. 178
2665	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generatio	
	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generatio	
2665	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generatio	n_SSCDPP
2665 2666	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generatio The TSF shall explicitly authori	n_SSCDPP se access of subjects to objects based on the following
2665 2666 2667	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generatio The TSF shall explicitly authori additional rules: none. 179 FDP_ACF.1.4/SCD/SVD_Generatio	n_SSCDPP se access of subjects to objects based on the following
2665 2666 2667 2668	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generation The TSF shall explicitly authorical additional rules: none. 179 FDP_ACF.1.4/SCD/SVD_Generation The TSF shall explicitly deny	n_SSCDPP se access of subjects to objects based on the following n_SSCDPP
2665 2666 2667 2668 2669	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generation The TSF shall explicitly authorical additional rules: none. 179 FDP_ACF.1.4/SCD/SVD_Generation The TSF shall explicitly deny	n_SSCDPP se access of subjects to objects based on the following n_SSCDPP access of subjects to objects based on the following e security attribute "SCD/SVD management" set to "not
2665 2666 2667 2668 2669 2670	FDP_ACF.1.3/SCD/SVD_Generation The TSF shall explicitly authorical additional rules: none. 179 FDP_ACF.1.4/SCD/SVD_Generation The TSF shall explicitly deny additional rules: S.User with the	n_SSCDPP se access of subjects to objects based on the following n_SSCDPP access of subjects to objects based on the following e security attribute "SCD/SVD management" set to "not

 ^{176 [}assignment: access control SFP]
 177 [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or named groups of SFP-relevant security attributes]

¹⁷⁸ [assignment: rules governing access among controlled subjects and controlled objects using controlled operations on controlled objects]

^{179 [}assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects]
180 [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects]





FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control 2675 Dependencies: fulfilled by FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP 2676 FDP_ACC.1.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP 2677 The TSF shall enforce the SVD Transfer SFP¹⁸¹ on 2678 2679 subjects: S.User, 1. 2. objects: SVD 2680 operations: export. 182 3. 2681 FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP 2682 2683 Security attribute based access control 2684 Hierarchical to: No other components 2685 Dependencies: FDP ACC.1 Subset access fulfilled by control 2686 FDP ACC.1/SVD Transfer SSCDPP FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation fulfilled by 2687 FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP 2688 FDP_ACF.1.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP 2689 The TSF shall enforce the SVD Transfer SFP¹⁸³ to objects based on the following: 2690 2691 the S.User is associated with the security attribute Role, 2. the SVD.184 2692 FDP ACF.1.2/SVD Transfer SSCDPP 2693 2694 The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed: R.Admin¹⁸⁵ is allowed to export SVD. 186 2695 FDP ACF.1.3/SVD Transfer SSCDPP 2696

¹⁸¹ [assignment: access control SFP]

¹⁸² [assignment: list of subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP]

^{183 [}assignment: access control SFP]

¹⁸⁴ [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or named groups of SFP-relevant security attributes]

¹⁸⁵ [selection: *R.Admin, R.Sigy*]

¹⁸⁶ [assignment: rules governing access among controlled subjects and controlled objects using controlled operations on controlled objects]



2697	The TSF shall explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects based on the following		
2698	additional rules: none. 187		
2699	FDP_ACF.1.4/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP		
2700	The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following		
2701	additional rules: none. 188		
2702	81. Application note (taken from [14], application note 9)		
2703	Applied.		
2704 2705	FDP_ACC.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP Subset access control		
2706	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
2707	Dependencies:	FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control	
2708		fulfilled by FDP_ACF.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP	
2709	FDP_ACC.1.1/Signature_Creation		
2710	The TSF shall enforce the Signa	ature Creation SFP ¹⁸⁹ on	
2711	1. subjects: S.User,		
2712	2. objects: DTBS/R, SCD,		
2713	3. operations: signature cre	eation. 190	
2714 2715	FDP_ACF.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP Security attribute based access control		
2716	Hierarchical to:	No other components	
2717	Dependencies:	FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control fulfilled by	
2718		FDP_ACC.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP	
2719		FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialisation fulfilled by	
2720		FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP	
2721	FDP_ACF.1.1/Signature_Creation_S	SSCDPP	

¹⁸⁷ [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects]

¹⁸⁸ [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects]

¹⁸⁹ [assignment: access control SFP]

¹⁹⁰ [assignment: list of subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP]



The TSF shall enforce the Signature Creation SFP¹⁹¹ to objects based on the following: 2722 2723 the user S.User is associated with the security attribute "Role" and 1. the SCD with the security attribute "SCD Operational". 192 2. 2724 FDP ACF.1.2/Signature Creation SSCDPP 2725 2726 The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled 2727 subjects and controlled objects is allowed: R.Sigy is allowed to create electronic signatures for DTBS/R with SCD which security attribute "SCD operational" is set to 2728 <u>"yes".</u>193 2729 FDP_ACF.1.3/Signature_Creation_SSCDPP 2730 The TSF shall explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects based on the following 2731 additional rules: none. 194 2732 FDP ACF.1.4/Signature Creation SSCDPP 2733 The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following 2734 additional rules: S.User is not allowed to create electronic signatures for DTBS/R with SCD 2735 which security attribute "SCD operational" is set to "no". 195 2736 2737 FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP Subset residual information protection 2738 2739 Hierarchical to: No other components 2740 Dependencies: No dependencies FDP RIP.1.1 SSCDPP 2741 2742 The TSF shall ensure that any previous information content of a resource is made unavailable upon the de-allocation of the resource from ¹⁹⁶ the following objects: SCD ¹⁹⁷. 2743

^{191 [}assignment: access control SFP]

¹⁹² [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or named groups of SFP-relevant security attributes]

¹⁹³ [assignment: rules governing access among controlled subjects and controlled objects using controlled operations on controlled objects]

^{194 [}assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects]

¹⁹⁵ [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects]

¹⁹⁶ [selection: allocation of the resource to, deallocation of the resource from]

¹⁹⁷ [assignment: *list of objects*]



2744 2745	FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP Stored data integrity monitoring and action		
2746	Hierarchical to:	FDP_SDI.1 Stored data integrity monitoring	
2747	Dependencies:	No dependencies	
2748	FDP_SDI.2.1/Persistent_SSCDPP		
2749 2750	The TSF shall monitor user data stored in containers controlled by the TSF for <u>integrity</u> error ¹⁹⁸ on all objects, based on the following attributes: <u>integrity checked stored data</u> ¹⁹⁹ .		
2751	FDP_SDI.2.2/Persistent_SSCDPP		
2752	Upon detection of a data integrity error, the TSF shall		
2753	1. prohibit the use of the altered data		
2754	2. <u>inform the S.Sigy about integrity error.</u> ²⁰⁰		
2755	82. Application note (taken from [14])		
2756	The [14] was defined the followings:		
2757 2758	The following data persistently stored by the TOE shall have the user data attribute "integrity checked persistent stored data":		
2759 2760	 SCD SVD (if persistently stored by the TOE). 		
2761 2762	The DTBS/R temporarily stored by the TOE has the user data attribute "integrity checked stored data"		

FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP 2763

2764 Stored data integrity monitoring and action

FDP_SDI.1 Stored data integrity monitoring 2765 Hierarchical to:

2766 Dependencies: No dependencies

FDP_SDI.2.1/DTBS_SSCDPP 2767

¹⁹⁸ [assignment: *integrity errors*]

^{199 [}assignment: *user data attributes*] 200 [assignment: *action to be taken*]



The TSF shall monitor user data stored in containers controlled by the TSF for integrity 2768 2769 error²⁰¹ on all objects, based on the following attributes: integrity checked stored DTBS.²⁰² FDP_SDI.2.2/DTBS_SSCDPP 2770 2771 Upon detection of a data integrity error, the TSF shall 2772 prohibit the use of the altered data 2773 2. inform the S.Sigy about integrity error.²⁰³ 2774 83. Application note (taken from [14], application note 10) 2775 The integrity of TSF data like RAD shall be protected to ensure the effectiveness of the user 2776 authentication. This protection is a specific aspect of the security architecture (cf. ADV_ARC.1). 2777 2778 **6.1.4. Class FTP** 2779 The following SFRs are imported from [6]. 2780 FTP ITC.1/PACE EAC2PP 2781 FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP 2782 FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP 2783 Inter-TSF trusted channel after PACE 2784 Hierarchical to: No other components 2785 Dependencies: No dependencies FTP_ITC.1.1/PACE_EAC2PP 2786 2787 The TSF shall provide a communication channel between itself and another trusted IT 2788 product a PACE terminal that is logically distinct from other communication channels and 2789 provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the channel data from modification or disclosure. The trusted channel shall be established by performing the 2790 2791 PACE protocol according to [17]. 2792 FTP_ITC.1.2/PACE_EAC2PP

²⁰¹ [assignment: *list of objects*]

²⁰² [assignment: user data attributes]

²⁰³ [assignment: action to be taken]



The TSF shall permit another trusted IT product a PACE terminal²⁰⁴ to initiate 2793 communication via the trusted channel. 2794 FTP_ITC.1.3/PACE_EAC2PP 2795 The TSF shall initiate enforce communication via the trusted channel for any data 2796 exchange between the TOE and a PACE terminal after PACE. 205 2797 2798 84. Application note (taken from [6], application note 31) 2799 The above definition refines FTP ITC.1 from [13]. The definitions there are unclear as to what the "other trusted IT product" actually is. Since we distinguish here between trusted channels 2800 that are established once after PACE, and then then (re)established after CA2, the above 2801 refinement is necessary for clarification. 2802 2803 FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP Inter-TSF trusted channel after CA2 2804 2805 Hierarchical to: No other components 2806 Dependencies: No dependencies FTP ITC.1.1/CA2 EAC2PP 2807 2808 The TSF shall provide a communication channel between itself and another trusted IT 2809 product an EAC2 terminal that is logically distinct from other communication channels 2810 and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the channel data 2811 from modification or disclosure. The trusted channel shall be established by 2812 performing the CA2 protocol according to [17]. 2813 FTP ITC.1.2/CA2 EAC2PP The TSF shall permit another trusted IT product an EAC2 terminal²⁰⁶ to initiate 2814 2815 communication via the trusted channel. 2816 FTP_ITC.1.3/CA2_EAC2PP 2817 The TSF shall initiate enforce communication via the trusted channel for any data exchange between the TOE and an EAC2 terminal after Chip Authentication 2.207 2818

²⁰⁴ [selection: the TSF, another trusted IT product]

²⁰⁵ [assignment: list of functions for which a trusted channel is required]

²⁰⁶ [selection: the TSF, another trusted IT product]

²⁰⁷ [assignment: list of functions for which a trusted channel is required]



2819	85. Application note (taken from [6], applic	cation note 32)
2820 2821 2822 2823 2824 2825 2826	(FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP), the T the CA2 protocol (FIA_API.1/CA_I performed, secure messaging is imm K _{MAC} , CA-K _{Enc})208. This secure mestrusted channel; the cryptographic particles of the company of the cryptographic particles of the cryptographic	ed after successful performing the PACE protocol A2 protocol (FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP) and EAC2PP). If Chip Authentication 2 was successfully nediately restarted using the derived session keys (CAssaging enforces the required properties of operational primitives being used for the secure messaging are as C_EAC2PP and FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP.
2827	The following SFR is imported due	e to claiming [5]. It concerns applications with EAC1-
2828	protected data.	
2829	• FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP	
2830 2831	FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP Inter-TSF trusted channel after PACE	
2832	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2833	Dependencies:	No dependencies
2834	FTP_ITC.1.1/PACE_EAC1PP	
2835	The TSF shall provide a comm	unication channel between itself and another trusted IT
2836	product that is logically distinct fr	om other communication channels and provides assured
2837	identification of its end points and protection of the channel data from modification or	
2838	disclosure.	
2839	FTP_ITC.1.2/PACE_EAC1PP	
2840	The TSF shall permit another tru	usted IT product to initiate communication via the trusted
2841	channel.	
2842	FTP_ITC.1.3/PACE_EAC1PP	
2843	The TSF shall initiate enforce	communication via the trusted channel for any data
2844	exchange between the TOE and	the Terminal. ²⁰⁹

 $^{^{208}}$ otherwise secure messaging is continued using the established PACE session keys, cf. FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP

²⁰⁹ [assignment: list of functions for which a trusted channel is required]



2845	6.1.5. Class FAU	
2846 2847	The following SFR is imported due protected data.	e to claiming [6]. It concerns applications with EAC2-
2848	• FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP	
2849 2850	FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP Audit storage	
2851	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2852	Dependencies:	No dependencies
2853	FAU_SAS.1.1_EAC2PP	
2854 2855	The TSF shall provide the Manuser Pre-Personalisation Data ²¹¹ in the	facturer ²¹⁰ with the capability to store the Initialisation and be audit records.
2856 2857	The following SFR is imported due protected data.	e to claiming [5]. It concerns applications with EAC1-
2858	• FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP	
2859	(equivalent to FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP	, but listed here for the sake of completeness)
2860	6.1.6. Class FMT	
2861 2862	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles	
2863	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2864 2865 2866 2867	Dependencies:	FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification: fulfilled by FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP, FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP, FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP
2868	FMT_SMR.1.1	

²¹⁰ [assignment: authorised users]²¹¹ [assignment: list of management functions to be provided by the TSF]



2869	The TSF shall maintain the roles
2870	1. <u>Manufacturer,</u>
2871	2. <u>Personalization Agent,</u>
2872	3. Country Verifying Certification Authority (CVCA),
2873	4. <u>Document Verifier (DV),</u>
2874	5. <u>Terminal,</u>
2875	6. PACE Terminal,
2876	7. EAC2 terminal, if the eID, ePassport and/or eSign application are active,
2877	8. EAC1 terminal, if the ePassport application is active,
2878	9. Electronic Document Holder. ²¹²
2879	FMT_SMR.1.2
2880	The TSF shall be able to associate users with roles.
2881	The next SFRs are imported from [6]. They concern mainly applications with EAC2-protected
2882	data.
2002	. EMT MTD 4/CVCA INI EACODD
2883	FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.4/CVCA_UPD_FAC2PP
2884	FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP FMT_SME_4/EAC2PP
2885	• FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
2886	• FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP
2887	This SFR is combined with FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1PP into to by FMT_SMR.1 .
2888	• FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP
2889	• FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP
2890	• FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP
2891	• FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP
2892	FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP
2893	FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP
2894	FMT MTD 4/Decume DIN FACODD
	FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP
2895	FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2PP
2895 2896	
	FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2PP

²¹² [assignment: the authorized identified roles]



• FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP	
86. Application note (taken from [20], application note 12)	
The above SFR concerns the whole	TOE, not just applications with EAC2-protected data.
• FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP	
87. Application note (taken from [20], app	lication note 13)
The above SFR concerns the whole	TOE, not just applications with EAC2-protected data.
• FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC	2PP
• FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2	PP
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Initializati	on of CVCA Certificate and Current Date
Hierarchical to:	No other components
Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions: fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles: fulfilled by FMT_SMR.1/ EAC2PP
FMT_MTD.1.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	
The TSF shall restrict the ability to write ²¹³ the	
1. initial CVCA Public Key ,	
2. meta-data of the initial CVCA Certificate as required in [17], resp. [18],	
3. <u>initial Current Date.</u>	
4. <u>none</u> ²¹⁴	
to the Personalization Agent. 2152	216
88. Application note (taken from [6], appl	ication note 36)
	The above SFR concerns the whole FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP 87. Application note (taken from [20], application note (taken from [

^{213 [}selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
214 [assignment: list of TSF data]
215 [assignment: the authorized identified roles]
216 [selection: the manufacturer, the personalization agent]



2921 2922 2923	The initial CVCA Public Key may be written by the manufacturer in the manufacturing phase or by the Personalization Agent in the issuing phase (cf. [17]). The initial CVCA Public Keys and their updates later on are used to verify the CVCA Link-Certificates.	
2924 2925	FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Country Verifying Certification Authority	
2926	Hierarchical to: No other components	
2927 2928	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions: fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
2929		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles: fulfilled by
2930		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP
2931	FMT_MTD.1.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP	
2932	The TSF shall restrict the ability to update ²¹⁷ the	
2933	1. CVCA Public Key (PK _{CVCA}),	
2934	2. meta-data of the CVCA Certificate as required by [17], resp. [18], 218	
2935	3. <u>none</u> ²¹⁹	
2936	to the Country Verifying Certification Authority. ²²⁰	
2937	89. Application note (taken from [6], application note 37)	
2938 2939 2940	The CVCA updates its asymmetric key pair and distributes the public key and related metadata by means of CVCA Link-Certificates. The TOE updates its internal trust-point, if a valid CVCA Link-Certificate (cf. FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP) is provided by the terminal (cf. [18]).	
2941 2942	FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP Specification of Management Functions	
2943	Hierarchical to: No other components	
2944	Dependencies:	No dependencies
2945	FMT_SMF.1.1/EAC2PP	
2946	The TSF shall be capable of pe	erforming the following management functions:

 $^{^{217}}$ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]] 218 [assignment: list of TSF data]

²¹⁹ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]
²²⁰ [assignment: *the authorized identified roles*]



2957 management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ -	in the		
2949 3. Personalization, 2950 4. Configuration. 2951 5. Resume and unblock the PIN (if any), 2952 6. Activate and deactivate the PIN (if any). 2953 90. Application note (taken from [6], application note 33) 2954 The capability of PIN management gives additional security to the TOE. 2955 91. Application note (taken from [6], application note 34) 2956 The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE without management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ –	in the		
 4. Configuration, 5. Resume and unblock the PIN (if any), 6. Activate and deactivate the PIN (if any). 90. Application note (taken from [6], application note 33) The capability of PIN management gives additional security to the TOE. 91. Application note (taken from [6], application note 34) The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE without management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ - 	in the		
5. Resume and unblock the PIN (if any). 6. Activate and deactivate the PIN (if any). 90. Application note (taken from [6], application note 33) The capability of PIN management gives additional security to the TOE. 91. Application note (taken from [6], application note 34) The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE without management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ –	in the		
2952 6. Activate and deactivate the PIN (if any). 221 2953 90. Application note (taken from [6], application note 33) 2954 The capability of PIN management gives additional security to the TOE. 2955 91. Application note (taken from [6], application note 34) 2956 The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE without management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ –	in the		
2953 90. Application note (taken from [6], application note 33) 2954 The capability of PIN management gives additional security to the TOE. 2955 91. Application note (taken from [6], application note 34) 2956 The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE without management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ –	in the		
The capability of PIN management gives additional security to the TOE. 2955 91. Application note (taken from [6], application note 34) The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE without management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ –	in the		
 2955 91. Application note (taken from [6], application note 34) 2956 The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE withon management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ - 	in the		
The SFR is here refined by including mechanisms for PIN management. A TOE without management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ –	in the		
2957 management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ -	in the		
2959 information. A PIN however must not be shared and thus can be kept secret by the	management functionality can only use a commonly shared secret (such as the MRZ – in the case of an ID document – or the CAN) during execution of PACE to control access to sensitive information. A PIN however must not be shared and thus can be kept secret by the user. Hence, this refinement of FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP increases protection of user data by allowing		
2962 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP 2963 Management of TSF data – Current date			
2964 Hierarchical to: No other components			
2965 Dependencies: FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management fur	octions		
2966 fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP			
2967 FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled	by		
2968 FMT SMR.1/PACE EAC2PP	~)		
2969 FMT_MTD.1.1/DATE_EAC2PP			
The TSF shall restrict the ability to modify ²²² the current date ²²³ to			
2971 1. <u>CVCA,</u>			
2972 2. <u>Document Verifier,</u>			
2973 3. <u>EAC2 terminal (Authentication Terminal and Signature Terminal 224) possess</u>	ing an		
2974 <u>Accurate Terminal Certificate according to [18].</u> ²²⁵			

^{221 [}assignment: list of management functions to be provided by the TSF]
222 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
223 [assignment: list of TSF data]
224 [assignment: list of EAC2 terminal types]
225 [assignment: the authorized identified roles]



2975	4. <u>none</u> ²²⁶	
2976	92. Application note (taken from [6], application note 38)	
2977 2978 2979 2980 2981	The authorized roles are identified in their certificates (cf. [17]) and are authorized by validating the certificate chain up to the CVCA (cf. FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP). The authorized role of a terminal is part of the Certificate Holder Authorization in the card verifiable certificate that is provided by the terminal within Terminal Authentication 2 (cf. [18]). Different types of EAC2 terminals may exist, cf. [17].	
2982 2983	FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Personalization Agent	
2984	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2985 2986	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
2987		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by
2988		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP
2989	FMT_MTD.1.1/PA_EAC2PP	
2990	The TSF shall restrict the ability to write 227 the card/chip security object(s) (SOc) and	
2991	the document Security Object (SO _D) ²²⁸ to the Personalization Agent ²²⁹ .	
2992	93. Application note (taken from [6], application note 39)	
2993 2994 2995	Note that the card/chip security objects are mentioned here as well. These contain information, such as algorithm identifiers, only necessary for EAC2. All requirements formulated in [13] are thus met, and strict conformance is therefore not violated	
2996 2997	FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Chip Authentication and Restricted Identification Private Key(s)	
2998	Hierarchical to:	No other components
2999 3000	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
3001 3002		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP

^{226 [}assignment: the authorized identified roles]
227 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
228 [assignment: list of TSF data]
229 [assignment: the authorized identified roles]



3003	FMT_MTD.1.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP		
3004 3005 3006	The TSF shall restrict the ability to <u>create or load</u> ²³⁰²³¹ the <u>Chip Authentication private</u> <u>key(s) (SK_{PICC}) and the Restricted Identification Private Key(s)²³² to the Personalization Agent or the Manufacturer.²³³</u>		
3007	94. Application note (taken from [6], application note 40)		
3008	Applied, see FCS_CKM.1/CA2 and I	FCS_CKM.1/RI.	
3009	95. Application note (from ST author)		
3010 3011 3012	The FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP was refined, because the Manufactuer means here the electronic document manufacturer, which may create the application and the file system as well. So the Manufacturer may generate or load the private keys.		
3013 3014	FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Private Key Read		
3015	Hierarchical to: No other components		
3016 3017	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	
3018		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by	
3019		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP	
3020	FMT_MTD.1.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PI	P	
3021	The TSF shall restrict the ability	to <u>read</u> ²³⁴ the	
3022	1. PACE passwords,		
3023	2. Personalization Agent Ke	eys.	
3024	3. the Chip Authentication p	private key(s) (SK _{PICC})	
3025	4. the Restricted Identificati	ion private key(s) ²³⁵	
3026			

^{230 [}selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
231 [selection: create, load]
232 [assignment: list of TSF data]
233 [assignment: the authorized identified roles]
234 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
235 [assignment: list of TSF data]

²³⁵ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]

²³⁶ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]



3027	to <u>none</u> ²³⁷	
3028	96. Application note (taken from [6], application note 41)	
3029	FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP	extends the SFR from [13] by additional assignments.
3030 3031	FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP PIN Management of TSF data – Initialize PIN	
3032	Hierarchical to:	No other components
3033 3034	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
3035 3036		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP
3037	FMT_MTD.1.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2	PP
3038 3039	The TSF shall restrict the ability to <u>write</u> ²³⁸ the initial <u>PIN and PUK</u> ²³⁹ to <u>the Personalization</u> <u>Agent</u> ²⁴⁰	
3040 3041	FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Changing	PIN
3042	Hierarchical to:	No other components
3043 3044	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
3045		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by
3046		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP
3047	FMT_MTD.1.1/Change_PIN_EAC2l	PP
3048	The TSF shall restrict the ability	to change ²⁴¹ the blocked PIN ²⁴² to
3049	1. Electronic Document Holder (using the PUK) with unauthenticated terminal	

^{237 [}assignment: the authorized identified roles]
238 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
239 [assignment: list of TSF data]
240 [assignment: the authorized identified roles]

²⁴¹ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]] ²⁴² [assignment: list of TSF data]



3050	2. <u>Authentication Terminal with the Terminal Authorisation level for PIN management</u>	
3051	according to [17]. 243244	
3052 3053	FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Resuming	PIN
3054	Hierarchical to:	No other components
3055 3056	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
3057		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by
3058		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP
3059	FMT_MTD.1.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2	PP
3060	The TSF shall restrict the abili	ty to resume ²⁴⁵ the suspended PIN ²⁴⁶ to the Electronic
3061	Document Holder ²⁴⁷	
3062	97. Application note (taken from [6], appl	ication note 42)
3063 3064 3065 3066	Resuming is a two-step procedure, subsequently using PACE with the CAN and PACE with the PIN. It must be implemented according to [17], and is relevant for the status as required by FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP. The Electronic Document Holder is authenticated as required by FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP using the PIN as the shared password.	
3067 3068	FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Unblocking PIN	
3069	Hierarchical to:	No other components
3070	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions
3071	5F 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP
3072		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by
3073		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP
3074	FMT_MTD.1.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2l	ЭР

²⁴³ [assignment: the authorized identified roles]
²⁴⁴ [assignment: the authorised identified roles that match the list of PIN changing rules conformant to [17]]
²⁴⁵ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
²⁴⁶ [assignment: list of TSF data]
²⁴⁷ [assignment: the authorized identified roles]



3075	The TSF shall restrict the ability to <u>unblock</u> ²⁴⁸ the <u>blocked PIN</u> ²⁴⁹ to		
3076	1. the Electronic Document Holder (using the PUK for unblocking),		
3077	7 2. an EAC2 terminal of a type that has	the terminal authorization level for PIN	
3078	8 <u>management.</u> ²⁵⁰		
3079	98. Application note (taken from [6], application note 43)		
3080 3081 3082 3083 3084 3085	as required by FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP. It can be triggered by either (i) the Electronic Document Holder being authenticated as required by FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP using the PUK as the shared password or (ii) an EAC2 terminal (FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP) that proved a terminal authorization level being sufficient for PIN management		
3086 3087	- /		
3088	8 Hierarchical to: No other comp	onents	
3089	9 Dependencies: FMT_SMF.1 S	Specification of management functions	
3090	o fulfilled by FM	Γ_SMF.1/EAC2PP	
3091	1 FMT_SMR.1	Security roles fulfilled by	
3092	FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP		
3093	3 FMT_MTD.1.1/Activate_PIN_EAC2PP		
3094	The TSF shall restrict the ability to activate a	nd deactivate ²⁵¹ the PIN ²⁵² to an EAC2	
3095	5 terminal of a type that has the terminal authoriza	tion level for PIN management ²⁵³ .	
3096	6 99. Application note (taken from [6], application note 44)	99. Application note (taken from [6], application note 44)	
3097 3098 3099	The activation/deactivation procedures must be implemented according to [17]. They can be triggered by an EAC2 terminal (FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP) that proved a terminal authorization level sufficient for PIN management (FDP_ACF.1/TRM).		
3100 3101	_ ,		
3102	2 Hierarchical to: No other comp	onents	

²⁴⁸ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]

²⁴⁹ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]
²⁵⁰ [assignment: the authorized identified roles]
²⁵¹ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
²⁵² [assignment: *list of TSF data*]

²⁵³ [assignment: the authorized identified roles]



3103	, –	D.1 Management of TSF data fulfilled by	
3104	_	D.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP,	
3105	FMT_MT	D.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP,	
3106	FMT_MT	D.1/DATE_EAC2PP	
3107	FMT_MTD.3.1_EAC2PP		
3108	The TSF shall ensure that only secure values of the certificate chain are accepted for		
3109	TSF data of the Terminal Authentication protocol 2 and the Access Control SFP ²⁵⁴ .		
3110	Refinement: To determine if the certificate chain is valid, the TOE shall proceed the		
3111	certificate validation according to [18].		
3112	100. Application note (taken from [6], application note 45)		
3113 3114 3115 3116	Terminal Authentication is used as required by (i) FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP and FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP. The terminal authorization level derived from the CVCA Certificate, the DV Certificate and the Terminal Certificate is used as TSF-data for the access control required by FDP_ACF.1/TRM.		
3117	In addition, this ST contains all remaining SFRs of the claimed [13].		
3118 3119	FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP Limited capabilities		
3120	Hierarchical to: No other	No other components	
3121	·		
3122	FMT_LIN	1.2/EAC2PP	
3123	FMT_LIM.1.1_EAC2PP		
3124	The TSF shall be designed in a manner th	The TSF shall be designed in a manner that limits their capabilities so that in conjunction	
3125	with 'Limited availability (FMT_LIM.2)' the following policy is enforced:		
	,		
3126	Deploying test features after TOE delivery do not allow		
3127	User Data to be manipulated and disclosed,		
3128	2. TSF data to be manipulated or disclosed.		
3129	3. software to be reconstructed,		
3130	4. <u>substantial information about construction of TSF to be gathered which may enable</u>		
3131	other attacks.255 and		

²⁵⁴ [assignment: list of TSF data]²⁵⁵ [assignment: Limited capability and availability policy]



3132	5. <u>EAC1 and EAC2 protected data</u> ²⁵⁶	
3133	Application note 101 (from ST author)	
3134	The assignment was necessary to cover all protected user data.	
3135 3136	FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP Limited availability	
3137	Hierarchical to: No other components	
3138 3139	Dependencies: FMT_LIM.1 Limited capabilities: fulfilled by FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP	
3140	FMT_LIM.2.1_EAC2PP	
3141 3142	The TSF shall be designed in a manner that limits their availability so that in conjunction with 'Limited capabilities (FMT_LIM.1)' the following policy is enforced:	
3143	Deploying test features after TOE delivery do not allow	
3144	User Data to be manipulated and disclosed,	
3145	2. TSF data to be manipulated or disclosed,	
3146	3. software to be reconstructed,	
3147	4. <u>substantial information about construction of TSF to be gathered which may enable</u>	
3148	other attacks. ²⁵⁷ and	
3149	5. <u>EAC1 and EAC2 protected data</u> ²⁵⁸	
3150	Application note 102 (from ST author)	
3151	The assignment was necessary to cover all protected user data.	
3152 3153	FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Writing Initialisation and Pre-personalisation Data	
3154	Hierarchical to: No other components	
3155 3156	Dependencies: FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions: fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	

²⁵⁶ [assignment: Limited capability and availability policy]
²⁵⁷ [assignment: Limited capability and availability policy]
²⁵⁸ [assignment: Limited capability and availability policy]



3157		FMT_SMR.1	Security	roles:	fulfilled	by
3158		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC2PP				
3159	FMT_MTD.1.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP					
3160	The TSF shall restrict the ability	to <u>write²⁵⁹ the <u>Ini</u></u>	tialisation Da	ta and Pre	e-personalisa	ation
3161	Data ²⁶⁰ to the Manufacturer. ²⁶¹					
3162 3163	FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP Management of TSF data – Reading ar	nd Using Initialisat	ion and Pre-p	ersonalisa	tion Data	
3164	Hierarchical to:	No other compo	onents			
3165 3166	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Security fulfilled by FMT_	'	•	ement functi	ons:
3167		FMT_SMR.1	Security	roles:	fulfilled	by
3168		FMT_SMR.1/PA	ACE_EAC2PI	>		
3169	FMT_MTD.1.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP					
3170	The TSF shall restrict the abi	ility to <u>read out</u> 26	52 the <u>Initialis</u>	sation Dat	a and the	Pre-
3171	personalisation Data ²⁶³ to the Po	ersonalisation Age	<u>ent</u> . ²⁶⁴			
3172 3173	The following SFRs are imported du EAC1-protected data.	ue to claiming [5].	They mainly	concern a	applications	with
3174	• FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP					
3175	• FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1P	P				
3176	This SFR is combined with FMT_SM	IR.1/PACE_EAC2	2PP into FMT	_SMR.1.		
3177	• FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP					
3178	This SFR is equivalent to FMT_LIM.	1/EAC2PP, but lis	sted here for	the sake o	f completen	ess.

²⁵⁹ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]

[[]assignment: list of TSF data]

260 [assignment: list of TSF data]

261 [assignment: the authorised identified roles]

262 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]

²⁶³ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]

²⁶⁴ [assignment: the authorized identified roles]



3202

3203

3204

1.

2.

3.

Initialization,

Personalisation

Pre-personalisation,

3179 FMT LIM.2/EAC1PP This SFR is equivalent to **FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP**, but listed here for the sake of completeness. 3180 3181 FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC1PP 3182 (equivalent to FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness) FMT MTD.1/INI DIS EAC1PP 3183 (equivalent to FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness) 3184 FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP 3185 3186 FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP 3187 FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP SFR 3188 This equivalent FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP. is to Note that 3189 FMT MTD.1/DATE EAC2PP generalizes the notion of Domestic Extended Inspection System 3190 to EAC1 terminals with appropriate authorization level. This does not violate strict conformance 3191 to [5]. 3192 FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP 3193 FMT MTD.1/PA EAC1PP 3194 FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP FMT MTD.3/EAC1PP 3195 FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP 3196 3197 **Specification of Management Functions** Hierarchical to: 3198 No other components 3199 Dependencies: No dependencies FMT SMF.1.1/EAC1PP 3200 3201 The TSF shall be capable of performing the following management functions:

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3205	4. <u>Configuration.</u> ²⁶⁵					
3206 3207	FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP Management of TSF data – Initialization of CVCA Certificate and Current Date					
3208	Hierarchical to: No other components					
3209 3210	•	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP				
3211 3212		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1PP				
3213	FMT_MTD.1.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP					
3214	The TSF shall restrict the ability to write 266 the					
3215	initial Country Verifying Ce	ertification Authority Public Key.				
3216	2. initial Country Verifying Certification Authority Certificate,					
3217	3. initial Current Date,					
3218	4. <u>none</u> ²⁶⁷²⁶⁸					
0210	<u></u>					
3219	to Personalisation Agent ²⁶⁹ .					
3220	103. Application note (taken from [5], application	cation note 41)				
3221	Applied.					
3222 3223	FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP Management of TSF data – Country Ver	rifying Certification Authority				
3224	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3225	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions				
3226	•	functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP				
J220		Tariotions faililled by Fivir_OIVII .1/LAOTEF				
3227		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3228		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1PP				

²⁶⁵ [assignment: list of management functions to be provided by the TSF]
²⁶⁶ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
²⁶⁷ [assignment: list of TSF data]

²⁶⁸ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]
²⁶⁹ [assignment: *the authorised identified roles*]

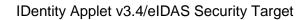


3229	FMT_MTD.1.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP					
3230	The TSF shall restrict the ability to <u>update</u> ²⁷⁰ the					
3231	Country Verifying Certification	ation Authority Public Key,				
3232	2. <u>Country Verifying Certification</u>	ation Authority Certificate ²⁷¹				
3233	to Country Verifying Certification	Authority. ²⁷²				
3234	104. Application note (taken from [5], appl	ication note 42)				
3235 3236 3237 3238	The Country Verifying Certification Authority updates its asymmetric key pair and distributes the public key be means of the Country Verifying CA Link-Certificates (cf. [16]). The TOE updates its internal trust-point if a valid Country Verifying CA Link-Certificates (cf. FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP) is provided by the terminal (cf. [16])					
3239 3240	FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP Management of TSF data – Chip Authentication Private Key					
3241	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3242	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions				
3243		functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP				
3244		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3245		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1PP				
3246	FMT_MTD.1.1/CAPK_EAC1PP					
3247	The TSF shall restrict the ability to	o create, load 273274 the Chip Authentication Private Key 275				
3248	to <u>Manufacturer or Personalisation</u>	on Agent. ²⁷⁶				
3249	105. Application note (taken from [5], appl	ication note 44)				
3250	Applied.					
3251 3252	FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP Management of TSF data – Personalisa	tion Agent				

^{270 [}selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
271 [assignment: list of TSF data]
272 [assignment: the authorised identified roles]
273 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
274 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]

²⁷⁴ [selection: *create, load*]

²⁷⁵ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]
²⁷⁶ [assignment: *the authorisedidentified roles*]





3253	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3254	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions:				
3255		fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP				
2050		EMT CMD 4 Consuits values fulfilled by				
3256		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles: fulfilled by				
3257		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1PP				
3258	FMT_MTD.1.1/PA_EAC1PP					
3259	The TSF shall restrict the ability	to write ²⁷⁷ the Document Security Object (SO _D) ²⁷⁸ to the				
3260	Personalisation Agent. ²⁷⁹					
3261	FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP					
3262	Management of TSF data – Key Read					
3263	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3264	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions:				
3265	·	fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP				
		······································				
3266		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3267		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1PPFMT_MTD.1.1/KEY_RE				
3268		AD_EAC1PP				
3269	The TSF shall restrict the ability	to <u>read</u> ²⁸⁰ the				
3270	1. PACE passwords,					
3271	2. Chip Authentication Priva	ate Key,				
3272	3. Personalisation Agent Ke	eys ²⁸¹				
3273	4. Active Authentication F					
-						
3274	to <u>none</u> ²⁸²					
3275	106. Application note (taken from [5], app	lication note 45)				

^{277 [}selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
278 [assignment: list of TSF data]
279 [assignment: the authorised identified roles]
280 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]
281 [assignment: list of TSF data]

²⁸² [assignment: the authorised identified roles]



3276 3277 3278	The SFR FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP in the ST covers the definition in [13] extends it by additional TSF data. This extension does not conflict with the strict conforma to [13].	
3279	107. Application note (ST author)	
3280	The refinement was necessary because of the Active Authentication protocol.	
3281 3282	FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP Secure TSF data	
3283	Hierarchical to: No other components	
3284 3285 3286	Dependencies: FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data fulfilled FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP	by and
3287	FMT_MTD.3.1_EAC1PP	
3288	The TSF shall ensure that only secure values of the certificate chain are accepted	for
3289	TSF data of the Terminal Authentication Protocol v.1 and the Access Control. ²⁸³	
	-	
3290	Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if	
3290 3291 3292 3293 3294		the
3291 3292 3293 3294 3295	 Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if the digital signature of the Inspection System Certificate can be verified correct with the public key of the Document Verifier Certificate and expiration date of the Inspection System Certificate is not before the Curr Date of the TOE, the digital signature of the Document Verifier Certificate can be verified 	the ent as
3291 3292 3293 3294	 Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if the digital signature of the Inspection System Certificate can be verified correct with the public key of the Document Verifier Certificate and expiration date of the Inspection System Certificate is not before the Curr Date of the TOE, the digital signature of the Document Verifier Certificate can be verified correct with the public key in the Certificate of the Country Verify 	the ent as
3291 3292 3293 3294 3295 3296	 Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if the digital signature of the Inspection System Certificate can be verified correct with the public key of the Document Verifier Certificate and expiration date of the Inspection System Certificate is not before the Curr Date of the TOE, the digital signature of the Document Verifier Certificate can be verified 	as ring
3291 3292 3293 3294 3295 3296 3297	 Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if the digital signature of the Inspection System Certificate can be verified correct with the public key of the Document Verifier Certificate and expiration date of the Inspection System Certificate is not before the Curr Date of the TOE, the digital signature of the Document Verifier Certificate can be verified correct with the public key in the Certificate of the Country Verify Certification Authority and the expiration date of the Certificate of the Cour 	as ring ntry
3291 3292 3293 3294 3295 3296 3297 3298	 Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if the digital signature of the Inspection System Certificate can be verified correct with the public key of the Document Verifier Certificate and expiration date of the Inspection System Certificate is not before the Curr Date of the TOE, the digital signature of the Document Verifier Certificate can be verified correct with the public key in the Certificate of the Country Verify Certification Authority and the expiration date of the Certificate of the Cour Verifying Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the Certification Authority	as ring ntry
3291 3292 3293 3294 3295 3296 3297 3298 3299	 Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if the digital signature of the Inspection System Certificate can be verified correct with the public key of the Document Verifier Certificate and expiration date of the Inspection System Certificate is not before the Curr Date of the TOE, the digital signature of the Document Verifier Certificate can be verified correct with the public key in the Certificate of the Country Verify Certification Authority and the expiration date of the Certificate of the Cour Verifying Certification Authority is not before the Current Date of the TOE at the expiration date of the Document Verifier Certificate is not before the Current 	as ing ntry and
3291 3292 3293 3294 3295 3296 3297 3298 3299 3300	 Refinement: The certificate chain is valid if and only if the digital signature of the Inspection System Certificate can be verified correct with the public key of the Document Verifier Certificate and expiration date of the Inspection System Certificate is not before the Curr Date of the TOE, the digital signature of the Document Verifier Certificate can be verified correct with the public key in the Certificate of the Country Verify Certification Authority and the expiration date of the Current Date of the TOE at the expiration date of the Document Verifier Certificate is not before the Current Date of the TOE, 	as ing ntry and ent

²⁸³ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]



3304	The Inspection System Public Key cor	ntained in the Inspection System Certificate in				
3305	a valid certificate chain is a secure value for the authentication reference data of the					
3306	Extended Inspection System EAC1 ter	rminal.				
3307	The intersection of the Certificate	Holder Authorizations contained in the				
3308	certificates of a valid certificate chain	is a secure value for Terminal Authorization				
3309	of a successful authenticated Extende	ed Inspection System EAC1 terminal.				
3310	108. Application note (taken from [5], application no	ote 46)				
3311 3312 3313	FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP and FIA_UAU.5	is used for EAC1 terminal as required by 5/PACE_EAC1PP. The Terminal Authorization is by FDP_ACF.1/TRM.				
3314	The following SFRs are imported due to c	laiming [14]. They mostly concern the security				
3315	management of an eSign application.					
3316	• FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP					
3317	• FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP					
3318	• FMT_MOF.1/SSCDPP					
3319	 FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP 					
3320	 FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP 					
3321	• FMT_MSA.2/SSCDPP					
3322	• FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP					
3323	• FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP					
3324	• FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP					
3325	 FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP 					
3326 3327	_ ,					
3328	Hierarchical to: No oth	er components				
3329 3330	· —	ID.1 Timing of identification fulfilled by ID.1/SSCDPP				
3331	FMT_SMR.1.1/SSCDPP					
3332		in and P Sigy ²⁸⁴				
JJJZ	The For Shall maintain the foles it.Aum	iii ana it.oigy				

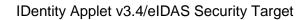
²⁸⁴ [assignment: the authorised identified roles]



3333	FMT_SMR.1.2/SSCDPP					
3334	The TSF shall be able to associate users with roles.					
3335 3336	FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP Security Management Functions					
3337	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3338	Dependencies:	No dependencies				
3339	FMT_SMF.1.1/SSCDPP					
3340	The TSF shall be capable of perf	forming the following management functions:				
3341 3342 3343 3344 3345 3346 3347 3348 3349 3350		eation function, ty attribute SCD/SVD management, SCD operational, of the security attribute SCD Identifier, 285 edication note 14)				
3351 3352	Dependencies:	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP				
3353 3354		FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP				
3355	FMT_MOF.1.1/SSCDPP					
3356 3357	The TSF shall restrict the ability to R.Sigy ²⁸⁹ .	o enable ²⁸⁷ the functions signature creation function ²⁸⁸ to				

²⁸⁵ [assignment: list of other security management functions to be provided by the TSF]
²⁸⁶ [assignment: list of other security management functions to be provided by the TSF]
²⁸⁷ [selection: determine the behaviour of, disable, enable, modify the behaviour of]

²⁸⁸ [assignment: *list of functions*]
²⁸⁹ [assignment: *the authorised identified roles*]





3358 3359	FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP Management Security attributes					
3360	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3361	Dependencies:	[FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control or				
3362		FDP.IFC.1 Subset information flow control] fulfilled by				
3363		FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP				
3364		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3365		FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP				
3366		FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions				
3367		fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP				
3368	FMT_MSA.1.1/Admin_SSCDPP					
3369	The TSF shall enforce the SCE	D/SVD Generation SFP ²⁹⁰ to restrict the ability to modify,				
3370	none ²⁹¹ the security attributes S	CD/SVD management ²⁹² to R.Admin ²⁹³ .				
3371	FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP					
3372	Management Security attributes					
3373	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3374	Dependencies:	[FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control or				
3375		FDP.IFC.1 Subset information flow control] fulfilled by				
3376		FDP_ACC.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP				
3377		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3378		FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP				
3379		FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions				
3380		fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP				
3381	FMT_MSA.1.1/Signatory_SSCDPP					

²⁹⁰ [assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)]

²⁹¹ [assignment: other operations]
²⁹² [assignment: list of security attributes]
²⁹³ [assignment: the authorized identified roles]



3382	The TSF shall enforce the <u>SCD/SVD Generation SFP</u> ²⁹⁴ to restrict the ability to <u>modify</u> ²⁹⁵					
3383	the security attributes <u>SCD operational</u> ²⁹⁶ to <u>R.Sigy</u> ²⁹⁷ .					
3384 3385	FMT_MSA.2/SSCDPP Secure security attributes					
3386	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3387	Dependencies:	[FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control or				
3388		FDP.IFC.1 Subset information flow control] fulfilled by				
3389		FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP and				
3390		FDP_ACC.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP				
3391		FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes fulfilled				
3392	by FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP					
3393	FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP.					
3394		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3395		FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP				
3396	FMT_MSA.2.1/ SSCDPP					
3397	The TSF shall ensure that only	secure values are accepted for SCD/SVD Management				
3398	and SCD operational ²⁹⁸ .					
3399	110. Application note (taken from [14], ap	oplication note 15)				
3400	Applied.					
3401 3402	FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP Static attribute initialisation					
3403	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3404	Dependencies:	FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes fulfilled				
3405		by FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP and				
3406		FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP.				

 ²⁹⁴ [assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)]
 ²⁹⁵ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]]

²⁹⁶ [assignment: *list of security attributes*]
²⁹⁷ [assignment: *the authorized identified roles*]
²⁹⁸ [selection: *list of security attributes*]



3407		FMT_SMR.1	Security	roles	fulfilled	by
3408		FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP				
3409	FMT_MSA.3.1/ SSCDPP					
3410	The TSF shall enforce the SCD	SVD Generation	SFP, SVD Tr	ansfer SF	P and Signa	<u>ature</u>
3411	Creation SFP ²⁹⁹ to provide restr	<u>rictive</u> 300 default va	lues for secu	rity attribut	tes that are u	used
3412	to enforce SFP.					
3413	FMT_MSA.3.2/ SSCDPP					
3414	The TSF shall allow the R.Adı	min ³⁰¹ to specify a	alternative ini	tial values	to override	the
3415	default values when an object of	or information crea	ted.			
3416 3417	FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP Security attribute value inharitance					
3418	Hierarchical to: No other components					
3419	Dependencies:	[FDP_ACC.1	Subset	access	control	or
3420		FDP.IFC.1 Sub	set information	on flow co	ntrol] fulfille	d by
3421		FDP_ACC.1/SC	D/SVD_Gen	eration_S	SCDPP	and
3422		FDP_ACC.1/Sig	nature-creati	on_SSCD	PP	
3423	FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP					
3424	The TSF shall use the following rules to set the value of security attributes:					
3425	1. If S.Admin successfully generates an SCD/SVD pair without S.Sigy being					<u>eing</u>
3426	authenticated the security attribute "SCD operational of the SCD" shall be set to				et to	
3427	"no" as a single operatio	"no" as a single operation.				
3428	2. If S.Sigy successfully of	generates an SCD)/SVD pair th	ne security	/ attribute "	SCD
3429	operational of the SCD"	shall be set to "ye	s" as a single	operation	302	
3430	111. Application note (taken from [14], ap	oplication note 16)				
3431 3432	The TOE may not support generating an SVD/SCD pair by the signatory alone, in which case rule (2) is not relevant.					

²⁹⁹ [assignment: access control SFP, information flow control SFP]
³⁰⁰ [selection, choose one of: restrictive, permissive, [assignment: other property]]
³⁰¹ [assignment: the authorised identified roles]
³⁰² [assignment: rules for setting the values of security attributes]





3433 3434	FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP Management of TSF data					
3435	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3436	Dependencies:	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3437		FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP				
3438		FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions				
3439		fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP				
3440	FMT_MTD.1.1/Admin_SSCDPP					
3441	The TSF shall restrict the ability	to <u>create</u> ³⁰³ the <u>RAD</u> ³⁰⁴ to <u>R.Admin</u> ³⁰⁵ .				
3442 3443	FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP Management of TSF data					
3444	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3445	Dependencies:	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3446		FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP				
3447		FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions				
3448		fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP				
3449	FMT_MTD.1.1/Signatory_SSCDPP					
3450	The TSF shall restrict the ability	to $\underline{\text{modify}}^{306}, \underline{\text{none}}^{307}$ the $\underline{\text{RAD}}^{308}$ to $\underline{\text{R.Sigy}}^{309}$.				
3451	112. Application note (taken from [14], ap	plication note 17)				
3452	Applied.					
3453	The following SFRs are defined he	re. The concern loading applications onto the IC during				
3454	manufacturing and relate directly to	OT.Cap_Avail_Loader.				
3455 3456	FMT_LIM.1/Loader Limited Capabilities					

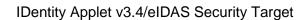
 $^{^{303}}$ [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations] 304 [assignment: list of TSF data]

³⁰⁵ [assignment: the authorised identified roles]

^{306 [}selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]
307 [selection: change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]

^{308 [}assignment: *list of TSF data*]

^{309 [}assignment: the authorised identified roles]





3457	Hierarchical to:	No other components					
3458	Dependencies:	FMT_	LIM.2	Limited	availability	fulfilled	by
3459		FMT_L	IM.2/Load	der			
3460	FMT_LIM.1.1/Loader						
3461	The TSF shall be designed and	l impleme	ented in a	manner th	at limits their	capabilities	s so
3462	that in conjunction with "Limited	availabili	ty (FMT_	LIM.2)" the	following poli	cy is enfor	ced:
3463	Deploying Loader functionality a	fter the lo	cking of t	<u>he Loader³</u>	10 does not all	ow stored i	<u>user</u>
3464	data to be disclosed or manipula	ated by u	<u>nauthoriz</u>	ed users. ³¹	1		
3465	113. Application note (taken from [20], ap	plication n	ote 14)				
3466 3467 3468	FMT_LIM.1/Loader supplements FM user data and protecting the TSF age. The TOE Loader may allow for cor	gainst mis	suses of t	he Loader	for attacks ag	gainst the T	ΓSF.
3469 3470	action e.g. before blocking the TOI intermediate step on the life cycle of	E Loader	for TOE	Delivery	to the end-cu		
3471 3472	FMT_LIM.2/Loader Limited Availability						
3473	Hierarchical to:	No othe	er compo	nents			
3474	Dependencies:	FMT_	LIM.1	Limited	capabilities	fulfilled	by
3475		FMT_L	IM.1/Load	der			
3476	FMT_LIM.2.1/Loader						
3477	The TSF shall be designed and	d impleme	ented in a	a manner tl	nat limits their	availability	y so
3478	that in conjunction with "Limited	capabiliti	es (FMT_	LIM.1)" the	following poli	cy is enfor	ced:
3479	The TSF prevents deploying the Loader functionality after the locking of the Loader 312313					2313	
3480	114. Application note (taken from [20], ap	plication n	ote 15)				
3481 3482 3483	The Loader functionality relies on a secure boot loading procedure in a secure environment before TOE delivery to the assigned user and preventing to deploy the Loader of the Security IC after an assigned action, e.g. after blocking the Loader for TOE delivery to the end-user.					urity	
3484 3485	The following SFR is new and concern security management for ePassport application in combination with [5] in case the Active Authentication protocol is active:						

^{310 [}assignment: action]
311 [assignment: Limited capability and availability policy]
312 [assignment: action]
313 [assignment: Limited capability and availability policy]



3486 3487	FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key Management of TSF data – Active Aut	hentication Private Key				
3488	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3489 3490	Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions fulfilled by FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP				
3491		FMT_SMR.1 Security roles fulfilled by				
3492		FMT_SMR.1/PACE_EAC1PP				
3493	FMT_MTD.1.1/AA_Private_Key					
3494	The TSF shall restrict the ability to create or load the Active Authentication Private					
3495	Key ³¹⁵ to the Personalization Agent. ³¹⁶					
3496	6.1.7. Class FPT					
3497	The following security functional requirements are imported from [6], and address the					
3498	protection against forced illicit inform	nation leakage, including physical manipulation.				
3499	• FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP					
3500	115. Application note (taken from [20], ap	plication note 16)				
3501 3502	Note that related to Application Note 6 of [20], the PIN in the above SFR refers here to both the PIN for an eID application, and also the PIN for an eSign application, if they exist on card.					
3503	• FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP					
3504	• FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP					
3505	• FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP					
3506 3507	The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [5]. They mostly concern the protection of security functionality related to EAC1-protected data.					
3508	• FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP					
3509	(equivalent to FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP,	but listed here for the sake of completeness)				

³¹⁴ [assignment: *change_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]*]
³¹⁵ [assignment: *list of TSF data*]
³¹⁶ [assignment: *the authorized identified roles*]



3510 FPT_FLS.1/EAC1PP 3511 (equivalent to FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness) 3512 FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP 3513 (equivalent to FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP, but listed here for the sake of completeness) FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP 3514 3515 The following SFRs are imported due to claiming [14]. They mostly concern the protection of 3516 security functionality related to eSign application (if available). 3517 FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP 3518 FPT_FLS.1/SSCDPP (subsumed by FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP) 3519 3520 FPT PHP.1/SSCDPP 3521 FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP 3522 (subsumed by FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP) 3523 FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP 3524 (subsumed by FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP) 3525 FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP **TOE** Emanation 3526 3527 Hierarchical to: No other components 3528 Dependencies: No dependencies 3529 FPT_EMS.1.1/EAC2PP The TOE shall not emit variations in power consumption or timing during command 3530 execution³¹⁷ in excess of non-useful information³¹⁸ enabling access to 3531

1. the session keys (PACE-K_{MAC}, PACE-K_{Enc}), (CA-K_{MAC}, CA-K_{Enc}),

³¹⁷ [assignment: *types of emissions*]

3532

^{318 [}assignment: specified limits]



3533	2.	the ephemeral private key ephem-SK _{PICC} -PACE, 319					
3534	3.	the Chip Authentication private keys (SK _{PICC})					
3535	4.	the PIN, PUK,					
3536	5.	none ³²⁰					
3537	and						
3538	6.	the Restricted Identification private key(s) SK _{ID} , 321					
3539	7.	<u>none</u> . 322					
3540	_	1.1.2/EAC2PP					
3541	The T	SF shall ensure any users 323 are unable to use the following interface electronic					
3542	<u>docun</u>	nent's contactless/contact-based interface and circuit contacts ³²⁴ to gain access to					
3543	1.	the session keys (PACE-K _{MAC} , PACE-K _{Enc}), (CA2-K _{MAC} , CA2-K _{Enc}),					
3544	2.	the ephemeral private key ephem -SK _{PICC} -PACE1,					
3545	3.	the Chip Authentication private key(s) (SK _{PICC}),					
3546	4.	the PIN, PUK,					
3547	5.	the session keys (PACE-K _{MAC} , PACE-K _{Enc}), (CA-K _{MAC} , CA-K _{Enc}) ³²⁵					
3548	6.	<u>none</u> ³²⁶					
3549	and						
3550	7.	the Restricted Identification private key(s) SK _{ID} , 327					
3551	8.	<u>none</u> . 328					
3552	116. Applica	ation note (taken from [6], application note 46)					
3553 3554 3555 3556	The TOE shall prevent attacks against the listed secret data where the attack is based on external observable physical phenomena of the TOE. Such attacks may be observable at the interfaces of the TOE, originate from internal operation of the TOE, or be caused by an attacker that varies the physical environment under which the TOE operates. The set of measurable						

physical phenomena is influenced by the technology employed to implement the smart card.

Examples of measurable phenomena include, but are not limited to variations in power

319 [assignment: list of types of TSF data]

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^{320 [}assignment: list of types of TSF data]

^{321 [}assignment: list of types of user data]

^{322 [}assignment: list of types of user data]

^{323 [}assignment: type of users]

^{324 [}assignment: type of connection]

^{325 [}assignment: list of types of TSF data]

^{326 [}assignment: list of types of TSF data]

^{327 [}assignment: list of types of user data]

^{328 [}assignment: list of types of user data]



3559 3560	consumption, timing of signals, and edata transmissions.	electromagnetic radiation due to internal operations or					
3561 3562 3563	Note that while the security functionality described in FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP should be taken into account during development of the TOE, associated tests must be carried out as part of the evaluation, and not/not only during product development.						
3564 3565	Note that in the above SFR, all items in FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP from 3. upwards are additional assignments. The first item is slightly refined to include CA-key(s).						
3566	117. Application note (from ST author)						
3567 3568	The PIN in the above SFR refers here for an eSign application, if they exist o	to both the PIN for an eID application, and also the PIN n card.					
3569 3570 3571 3572	The above SFR is refined from [6] by adding all relevant key material from Chip Authentication 2, the additional assignment to cover the private sector keys. Thus, the set of keys that need to be protected is a superset of the ones of the SFR from [6]. Hence, the requirement is stricter than the one from [6], and the refinement operation is justified.						
3573 3574	The FPT_EMS.1.2/EAC2PP is refined because in the [20] first and fifth point is identical and unnecessary to repeat the first point in the current ST.						
3575 3576	FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP Failure with preservation of secure state						
3577	Hierarchical to:	No other components					
3578	Dependencies:	No dependencies					
3579	FPT_FLS.1.1_EAC2PP						
3580	The TSF shall preserve a secure s	state when the following types of failures occur:					
3581	Exposure to operating con-	ditions causing a TOE malfunction,					
3582	2. Failure detected by TSF ac	ccording to FPT_TST.1,329					
3583	3. <u>none</u> . ³³⁰						
3584 3585	FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP TSF testing						
3586	Hierarchical to:	No other components					
3587	Dependencies:	No dependencies					
3588	FPT_TST.1.1/EAC2PP						

³²⁹ [assignment: list of types of failures in the TSF]³³⁰ [assignment: list of types of failures in the TSF]



3589 3590	The TSF shall run a suite of self tests during <u>initial start-up</u> , <u>periodically during normal</u> <u>operation</u> ³³¹ to demonstrate the correct operation of <u>the TSF</u> . 332					
3591	FPT_TST.1.2/EAC2PP					
3592	The TSF shall provide authorised users with the capability to verify the integrity of the TSF					
3593	<u>data</u> . ³³³					
3594	FPT_TST.1.3/EAC2PP					
3595	The TSF shall provide authorise	ed users with the capability to verify the integrity of stored				
3596	TSF executable code. 334					
3597	FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP					
3598	Resistance to physical attack					
3599	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3600	Dependencies:	No dependencies				
3601	FPT_PHP.3.1_EAC2PP					
3602	The TSF shall resist physical	manipulation and physical probing ³³⁵ to the TSF ³³⁶ by				
3603	responding automatically such the	hat the SFRs are always enforced.				
3604 3605	FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP TOE Emanation					
3606	Hierarchical to:	No other components				
3607	Dependencies:	No dependencies				
3608	FPT_EMS.1.1/EAC1PP					
3609	The TOE shall not emit variations in power consumption or timing during command					
3610	execution in excess of non-useful information access to					
3611	1. Chip Authentication (Ver	sion 1) Session Keys,				

³³¹ [selection: during initial start-up, periodically during normal operation, at the request of the authorised user, at the conditions [assignment: conditions under which self test should occur]]

^{332 [}selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], the TSF]

^{333 [}selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], TSF data]

^{334 [}selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], TSF]

³³⁵ [assignment: *physical tampering scenarios*]

^{336 [}assignment: list of TSF devices/elements]

³³⁷ [assignment: *types of emissions*]

^{338 [}assignment: *specified limits*]



3612	2.	PACE session Keys (PACE-K _{MAC} , PACE-K _{Enc}),							
3613	3.	the ephemeral private key ephem SK _{PICC} -PACE,							
3614	4.	he ephemeral private key SK _{MapPICC} -PACE-CAM ³³⁹							
3615	5.	Active Authentication Private Key ³⁴⁰							
3616	6.	ersonalisation Agent Key(s)							
3617	7.	Chip Authentication (Version 1) Private Key 341 and							
3618	8.	<u>none</u> 342							
3619	FPT_EMS	.1.2/EAC1PP							
3620	The T	SF shall ensure any users 343 are unable to use the following interface smart card							
3621	<u>circuit</u>	contacts ³⁴⁴ to gain access to							
3622	1.	Chip Authentication (Version 1) Session Keys,							
3623	2.	PACE session Keys (PACE-K _{MAC} , PACE-K _{Enc}),							
3624	3.	the ephemeral private key ephem SK _{PICC} -PACE,							
3625	4.	the ephemeral private key SK _{MapPICC} -PACE-CAM ³⁴⁵							
3626	5.	Active Authentication Private Key ³⁴⁶							
3627	6.	Personalisation Agent Key(s)							
3628	7.	Chip Authentication (Version 1) Private Key 347 and							
3629	8.	<u>none</u> . 348							
3630	118. Applica	ation note (from ST author)							
3631 3632 3633 3634	This SFR covers the definition of FPT_EMS.1 in [5] and extends it by 4. and 5. of FPT_EMS.1.1/EAC1PP and FPT_EMS.1.2/EAC1PP. Also, 1. and 7. of both FPT_EMS.1.1/EAC1PP and FPT_EMS.1.2/EAC1PP are slightly refined in order not to confuse Chip Authentication 1 with Chip Authentication 2.								
3635 3636 3637	Note that FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP in [5] is solely concerned with Chip Authentication 1, but since it was the first version of the protocol at the time, it was simply called 'Chip Authentication' back then.								
3638 3639 3640	W.r.t. PACE-CAM, note the significance of protecting $SK_{Map,PICC}$ -PACE-CAM: Whereas when running PACE and CA1 separately, gaining knowledge of the ephemeral key SK_{PICC} -PACE enables the attacker to decrypt the current PACE session, an attacker that gains knowledge								
		ent: list of types of TSF data]							

[[]assignment: list of types of TSF data]

³⁴¹ [assignment: *list of types of user data*]

³⁴² [assignment: *list of types of user data*]

³⁴³ [assignment: *type of users*]

³⁴⁴ [assignment: *type of connection*]

³⁴⁵ [assignment: *list of types of TSF data*]

³⁴⁶ [assignment: *list of types of TSF data*]

³⁴⁷ [assignment: *list of types of TSF data*]

³⁴⁸ [assignment: *list of types of user data*]



of the ephemeral key SK_{Map,PICC}-PACE-CAM can not only decrypt the session but also easily 3641 reveal the static secret chip authentication key SK_{PICC}: Let ° denote the group operation (i.e. 3642 3643 addition or multiplication), and let i(x) denote the inverse of x. Since the chip sends CA_{PICC} = SK_{Map,PICC}-PACE-CAM ° i(SK_{PICC}) to the terminal, a malicious attacker that gains knowledge of 3644 SK_{Map,PICC}-PACE-CAM can reveal SK_{PICC} by computing SK_{PICC} = i(CA_{PICC}) ° SK_{Map,PICC}-PACE-3645 3646 3647 Because of the Active Authentication is supported protocol by the TOE, the SFR is extended 3648 with Active Authentication Private Key. 3649 119. Application note (taken from[5], application note 48) 3650 Applied. 3651 FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP 3652 **TOE Emanation** 3653 Hierarchical to: No other components Dependencies: No dependencies 3654 3655 FPT_EMS.1.1_SSCD The TOE shall not emit emit variations in power consumption or timing during command 3656 execution³⁴⁹ in excess of non-useful information³⁵⁰ enabling access to RAD³⁵¹ and SCD³⁵². 3657 FPT EMS.1.2 SSCD 3658 The TSF shall ensure that unauthorized 353 are unable to use the following interface 3659 electrical contacts³⁵⁴ to gain access to RAD³⁵⁵ and SCD³⁵⁶. 3660 3661 120. Application note (taken from [14], application note 18) The TOE shall prevent attacks against the SCD and other secret data where the attack is 3662 3663 based on external observable physical phenomena of the TOE. Such attacks may be

observable at the interfaces of the TOE or may origin from internal operation of the TOE or

may origin by an attacker that varies the physical environment under which the TOE operates.

The set of measurable physical phenomena is influenced by the technology employed to

implement the TOE. Examples of measurable phenomena are variations in the power consumption, the timing of transitions of internal states, electromagnetic radiation due to

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internal operation, radio emission.

³⁴⁹ [assignment: *types of emissions*]

^{350 [}assignment: specified limits]

^{351 [}assignment: list of types of TSF data]

^{352 [}assignment: *list of types of user data*]

^{353 [}assignment: type of users]

³⁵⁴ [assignment: *type of connection*]

^{355 [}assignment: list of types of TSF data]

^{356 [}assignment: list of types of user data]





3670 3671 3672 3673 3674	Due to the heterogeneous nature of the technologies that may cause such emanations, evaluation against state-of-the-art attacks applicable to the technologies employed by the TOE is assumed. Examples of such attacks are, but are not limited to, evaluation of TOE's electromagnetic radiation, simple power analysis (SPA), differential power analysis (DPA), timing attacks, etc.					
3675 3676	FPT_PHP.1/SSCDPP Passive detection of physical attack					
3677	Hierarchical to: No other components					
3678	Dependencies: No dependencies					
3679	FPT_PHP.1.1_SSCDPP					
3680 3681	The TSF shall provide unambiguous detection of physical tampering that might compromise the TSF.					
3682	FPT_PHP.1.2_SSCDPP					
3683	The TSF shall provide the capability to determine whether physical tampering with the					
3684	TSF's devices or TSF's elements has occurred.					
3685	6.2.Security Assurance Requirements for the TOE					
3686	The assurance requirements for the evaluation of the TOE, its development and operating					
3687	environment are to choose as the predefined assurance package EAL4 augmented by the					
3688	following components:					
3689	 ALC_DVS.2 (Sufficiency of security measures), 					
3690	 ATE_DPT.2 (Testing: security enforcing modules) and 					
3691	 AVA_VAN.5 (Advanced methodical vulnerability analysis). 					



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3692 6.3. Security Requirements Rationale

6.3.1. Security Functional Requirements Rationale

The following table provides an overview for the coverage of the security functional requirements, and also gives evidence for sufficiency and necessity of the chosen SFRs.

	OT.CA2	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof[5]	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_AA	OT.Sens_Data_Conf [5]	OT.AC_Pers_EAC2	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2	OT.Data_Integrity	OT.Data_Authenticity	OT.Data_Confidentiality	OT.Identification	OT.AC_Pers	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak	OT.RI_EAC2	OT.Non_Interfere	OT.SCD/SVD_Gen [14]	OT.Sigy_SigF ([14])	OT.Cap_Avail_Loader
Class FCS																		
FCS_CKM.1/CAM	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FCS_COP.1/CAM	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FCS_CKM.1/CA2	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FCS_CKM.1/RI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	-
FCS_CKM.1/AA	-	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FCS_COP.1/AA	-	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Class FIA																		
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-
FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	

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	OT.CA2	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof[5]	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM	OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_AA	OT.Sens_Data_Conf [5]	OT.AC_Pers_EAC2	OT.Sens_Data_EAC2	OT.Data_Integrity	OT.Data_Authenticity	OT.Data_Confidentiality	OT.Identification	OT.AC_Pers	OT.Prot_Inf_Leak	OT.RL_EAC2	OT.Non_Interfere	OT.SCD/SVD_Gen [14]	OT.Sigy_SigF ([14])	OT.Cap_Avail_Loader
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP	-	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FIA_API.1/AA	-	-	-	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Class FDP																		
FDP_ACF.1/TRM	-	-	-	-	Х	Χ	Х	Х	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	-	Χ	-	-	-
Class FMT																		
FMT_SMR.1	-	Χ	-	-	-	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	Χ	-	-	-
FMT_LIM.1/Loader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Χ
FMT_LIM.2/Loader	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Χ
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP	-	Х	-	Х	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Х	-	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	-	-	Х		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-
Class FPT																		
FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Х	Х	-	Х	-	-	-
FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х	-	-	-	-	-	-	Х	-	Х	-	-	-
FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	- W SED	-	-	-	Χ	-	-	-

3696 Table 11 Coverage of Security Objectives for the TOE by SFRs

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According to [1], tracing between SFRs and security objectives must ensure that 1) each SFR traces back to at least one security objective, and 2) that each security objective for the TOE has at least one SFR tracing to it. This is illustrated for

- SFRs that have been newly added or refined within this ST or [20] by checking the rows
 of Table 11, and for SFRs that are merely iterated or simply included due to claims of
 other protection profiles by looking up the rationale of that PP
- 2. for newly introduced security objectives in this ST or [20] by checking the non-cursive columns of Table 11, and for the other security objectives by looking up the rationale of that PP.
- 3706 In other words, in Table 11, we list only:
 - SFRs that have been newly added or refined within this ST or [20]. Mere iterations or simple inclusions due to claims of other protection profiles are not listed, however. For their coverage we refer to the respective claimed PP.
 - Security objectives that are newly introduced in this ST or [20], and their related SFRs.
 - Security objectives for the TOE that are affected by the above newly added or refined SFRs.
- In case an SFR was refined in order to ensure the unified terminology usage, those SFRs are not listed in Table 11 or justifies below, because these refinements have no security impacts.
- Analogously, we limit our justification to the above SFRs and security objectives. For other security objectives, and for the justification of security objectives w.r.t. SFRs that are included or iterated from claimed protection profiles, we refer to the detailed rationales in [5], [6] and [14].
- 3719 OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_PACE_CAM is a newly introduced security objective that aims to 3720 ensure the authenticity of the electronic document's chip by the PACE-CAM protocol, in 3721 particular in the context of an ePassport application. This is supported by FCS CKM.1/CAM 3722 for cryptographic key-generation, and FIA API.1/PACE CAM and FCS COP.1/CAM for the 3723 implementation itself, as well as FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP and 3724 **FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP**, the latter supporting the PACE protocol.
- 3725 **OT.Chip_Auth_Proof_AA** is a newly introduced security objective that aims to ensure the authenticity of the electronic document's chip by the Active Authentication protocol, in particular in the context of an ePassport Application. This is supported by **FCS_CKM.1/AA** for

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- 3728 cryptographic key generation, and FIA_API.1/AA, FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP and
- 3729 FCS COP.1/AA for the implementation itself. The FMT MTD.1/KEY READ EAC1PP
- 3730 ensures the authenticity of the TOE, because it restricts the ability to read the Active
- 3731 Authentication private key to none. These do not affect the discussion of the rationale of [5].
- 3732 The OT.AC_Pers enforce that all TSF data can be written by authorized Personalisation Agent
- only and this is supported by **FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key** for the Active Authentication key
- 3734 pair.
- 3735 **FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP** is refined here in a way that the TOE supports additionally EAC2 based
- 3736 access control w.r.t. SSCD-related user data. This does not affect the discussion of the
- 3737 rationale of [14].
- 3738 FDP ACF.1/TRM unifies the access control SFPs of FDP ACF.1/TRM EAC2PP and
- 3739 FDP_ACF.1/TRM_EAC1PP. Both access control SFPs however are maintained w.r.t.
- 3740 sensitive EAC1-protected data and EAC2-protected data. Thus the discussion of the rationale
- of [5] and [6] remains unaffected.
- 3742 FMT_SMR.1/EAC1PP and FMT_SMR.1/EAC2PP have been unified to FMT_SMR.1 by
- adding additional roles. For all security objectives affected, FMT_SMR.1 supports related roles
- analogously as in the discussion of the rationales of [5] and [6].
- 3745 The security objective OT.Cap_Avail_Loader is directly covered by the SFRs
- 3746 FMT_LIM.1/Loader and FMT_LIM.2/Loader, which limits the availability of the loader, as
- 3747 required by the objective.
- 3748 FPT EMS.1/EAC1PP and FPT EMS.1/EAC2PP together define all protected data. Since all
- 3749 previous data are included, the discussion of the rationales of [5] and [6] is not affected.
- 3750 The objective **OT.Non_Interfere** aims to ensure that no security related interferences between
- 3751 the implementations of the different access control mechanisms exist that allow unauthorized
- 3752 access of user or TSF-Data. This objective is fulfilled by enforcing the access control SFPs, in
- particular FDP_ACF.1/TRM in connection with FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP. Related roles are
- 3754 supported by **FMT_SMR.1**. Interferences that are observable by emissions from the TOE are
- prevented due to FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP, FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP, and FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP,
- 3756 where the set union of all defined data covers all relevant data.

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The security objective **OT.CA2** aims at enabling verification of the authenticity of the TOE as a whole device. This objective is mainly achieved as described in [20]. The secure generation of cryptography key pair is ensured by **FCS CKM.1/CA2**.

The security objective **OT.RI_EAC2** aims at providing a way to pseudonymously identify an electronic document holder without granting a terminal read access to sensitive user data. This objective is mainly achieved as described in [20]. The secure generation of cryptography key pair is ensured by **FCS_CKM.1/RI**.

6.3.2. Rationale for SFR's Dependencies

The dependency analysis for the security functional requirements shows that the basis for mutual support and internal consistency between all defined functional requirements is satisfied. All dependencies between the chosen functional components are analyzed, and non-dissolved dependencies are appropriately explained.

The dependency analysis has directly been made within the description of each SFR in Section 6.1 above. All dependencies being expected by [2] and by extended components definition in Chapter 5 are either fulfilled, or their non-fulfillment is justified.

6.3.3. Security Assurance Requirements Rationale

The current assurance package was chosen based on the predefined assurance package EAL4. This package permits a developer to gain maximum assurance from positive security engineering based on good commercial development practices which, through rigorous, do not require substantial specialist knowledge, skills, and other resources. EAL4 is the highest level, at which it is likely to retrofit to an existing product line in an economically feasible way. EAL4 is applicable in those circumstances where developers or users require a moderate to high level of independently assured security in conventional commodity TOEs and are prepared to incur additional security specific engineering costs.

The selection of the component ALC_DVS.2 provides a higher assurance of the security of the electronic document's development and manufacturing, especially for the secure handling of sensitive material.

The selection of the component ATE_DPT.2 provides a higher assurance than the predefined EAL4 package due to requiring the functional testing of SFR-enforcing modules.

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The selection of the component AVA_VAN.5 provides a higher assurance than the predefined 3786 3787 EAL4 package, namely requiring a vulnerability analysis to assess the resistance to penetration attacks performed by an attacker possessing a high attack potential (see also 3788 3789 Table 3, entry 'Attacker'). This decision represents a part of the conscious security policy for 3790 the electronic document required by the electronic document issuer and reflected by the 3791 current ST. 3792 The set of assurance requirements being part of EAL4 fulfills all dependencies a priori. The 3793 augmentation of EAL4 chosen comprises the following assurance components: ALC DVS.2. 3794 ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5. For these additional assurance components, all dependencies 3795 are met or exceeded in the EAL4 assurance package. Below we list only those assurance 3796 requirements that are additional to EAL4. ALC DVS.2 3797 Dependencies: 3798 3799 None 3800 ATE DPT.2 3801 Dependencies: ADV ARC.1, ADV TDS.3, ATE FUN.1 3802 fulfilled by ADV ARC.1, ADV TDS.3, ATE FUN.1 3803 3804 AVA_VAN.5 3805 Dependencies: ADV ARC.1, ADV FSP.4, ADV TDS.3, ADV IMP.1, AGD OPE.1, AGD PRE.1, 3806 3807 ATE_DPT.1 fulfilled by ADV ARC.1, ADV FSP.4, ADV TDS.3, ADV IMP.1, AGD OPE.1, 3808 3809 AGD_PRE.1, ATE_DPT.2 3810 6.3.4. Security Requirements – Internal Consistency 3811 The following part of the security requirements rationale shows that the set of security 3812 requirements for the TOE consisting of the security functional requirements (SFRs) and the

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security assurance requirements (SARs) are internally consistent. The analysis of the TOE's 3813 3814 security requirements with regard to their mutual support and internal consistency 3815 demonstrates: 3816 The dependency analysis in Section 6.3.2 for the security functional requirements shows that 3817 the basis for internal consistency between all defined functional requirements is satisfied. All 3818 dependencies between the chosen functional components are analyzed and non-satisfied 3819 dependencies are appropriately justified. 3820 All subjects and objects addressed by more than one SFR are also treated in a consistent way: 3821 the SFRs impacting them do not require any contradictory property or behavior of these 3822 'shared' items. The assurance package EAL4 is a predefined set of internally consistent assurance 3823 3824 requirements. The dependency analysis for the sensitive assurance components in Section 3825 6.3.3 shows that the assurance requirements are internally consistent as all (additional) 3826 dependencies are satisfied and no inconsistency appears. 3827 Inconsistency between functional and assurance requirements can only arise due to 3828 functional-assurance dependencies not being met. As shown in Section 6.3.2 and Section 3829 6.3.3, the chosen assurance components are adequate for the functionality of the TOE. Hence, 3830 there are no inconsistencies between the goals of these two groups of security requirements.

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3831 7. TOE SUMMARY SPECIFICATION

7.1.TOE Security Functions

3833 7.1.1. TSF.AccessControl

The TOE enforces access control in order to access User Data and TSF-data and maintains different security roles.

SED	Description
SFR	Description
FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP	The TSF responsible to suspend the reference value of PIN.
FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP	The TSF responsible to block the reference value of PIN.
FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP	The TSF responsible to block the reference value of RAD.
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user identification.
FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user identification.
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user authentication.
FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user authentication.
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP	The TSF responsible to delay each following authentication attempt.
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user identification.
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user authentication.
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP.
FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user identification.
FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP	The TSF responsible to restrict other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user before the user authentication.
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to enforce the Access Control SFP.
FDP_ACF.1/TRM	This TSF responsible to enforce the Access Control SFP.
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP.
FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the SCD/SVD Generation SFP.
FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the SCD/SVD Generation SFP.
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the SVD Transfer SFP.
FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the SVD Transfer SFP.
FDP_ACC.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the Signature Creation SFP.

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FDP_ACF.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the Signature Creation SFP.
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to write certain objects.
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to update certain objects.
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to modify the current date.
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to write certain objects.
FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to create or load the Chip Authentication private key(s) (SKPICC) and the Restricted Identification Private Key(s).
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to read certain objects.
FMT_SMR.1	This TSF responsible to maintain the Manufacturer, Personalization Agent, Country Verifying Certification Authority (CVCA), Document Verifier (DV), Terminal, PACE Terminal, EAC2 terminal, if the eID, ePassport and/or eSign application are active, EAC1 terminal, if the ePassport application is active, Electronic Document Holder roles.
FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to maintain the R.Admin and R.Sigy roles.
FMT_MOF.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to enable the functions signature creation function.
FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the SCD/SVD Generation SFP.
FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the SCD/SVD Generation SFP.
FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to enforce the SCD/SVD Generation SFP, SVD Transfer SFP and Signature Creation SFP.
FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to create the RAD.
FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to modify the RAD
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to shall restrict the ability to write certain objects.
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to update certain objects.
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to modify the current date.
FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to create, load the Chip Authentication Private Key.
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to write the Document Security Object (SOD).
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to read certain objects.
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to create or load the Active Authentication Private Key.

3836 7.1.2. TSF.Authenticate

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The TOE supports several authentication mechanism in order to authenticate the Users, Terminals and to prove the genuineness of the electronic document.

The supported mechanism and protocols are based on ICAO and BSI standards [7], [8], [16], and [17] and [18].

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3841 Supported authentication mechanism:

Password Authenticated Connection Establishment (PACE) [7], [16], [17]. 3842

3843 o Generic Mapping 3844

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Chip Authentication Mapping

Active Authentication [7]

Chip Authentication version 1 [16]

Terminal Authentication version 1 [16]

Chip Authentication version 2 [17]

Terminal Authentication version 2 [17]

Restricted Identification [17]

Symmetric Authentication (Device authentication) [30]

Symmetric Role Authentication [30] 3852

User Verification [30]

SFR	Description
FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for Chip Authentication v2.
FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for Restricted Identification.
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE and Terminal Authentication v2.
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE, Terminal Authentication v2 and Symmetric Authentication.
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE, Terminal Authentication v2, Chip Authentication v2 and Symmetric Authentication.
FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for Chip Authentication v2.
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for PACE, Chip Authentication v1 and Chip Authentication Mapping (PACE-CAM).
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for PACE, Chip Authentication v1, Terminal Authentication v1 and Chip Authentication Mapping (PACE-CAM).
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for PACE, Symmetric Authentication, Terminal Authentication v1 and Active Authentication.
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for PACE, Chip Authentication Mapping (PACE-CAM), Symmetric Authentication, Terminal Authentication v1.
FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for Chip Authentication v1
FIA_API.1/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for Chip Authentication v1
FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	This TSF responsible for Chip Authentication Mapping
FIA_API.1/AA	This TSF responsible for Active Authentication
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP.
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for User Verification.
FDP_ACF.1/TRM	This TSF responsible for Terminal Authentication and PACE.
FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generation_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for User Verification

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FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for R.Admin.
FDP_ACF.1/Signature-creation_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for User Verification.
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for PACE
FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for Chip Authentication v2
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for PACE.
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of the Personalisation Agent.
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the authentication of Country Verifying Certification Authority.
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the authentication of CVCA, DV and the EAC2 Terminal
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of Personalization Agent.
FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of the Personalisation Agent.
FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of the Personalisation Agent.
FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of Document Holder and the EAC2 Terminal (with Terminal Authorisation level for PIN management).
FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of Document Holder
FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of Document Holder and the EAC2 Terminal (with Terminal Authorisation level for PIN management).
FMT_MTD.1/Activate_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of the EAC2 Terminal (with Terminal Authorisation level for PIN management).
FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the Terminal Authentication v2.
FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to provide the security functions.
FMT_MOF.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for authentication of R.Sigy
FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for authentication of R.Admin
FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP	This TSF responsible for authentication of R.Sigy
FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for authentication of R.Sigy and R.Admin
FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for authentication of R.Sigy and R.Admin
FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for authentication of R.Admin
FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for authentication of R.Sigy
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of Personalization Agent.
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of Country Verifying Certification Authority.
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to equivalent to FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP.
FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for This TSF responsible for authentication of Personalization Agent or the Manufacturer.
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for authentication of Personalization Agent.
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	This TSF responsible for authentication of Personalization Agent.
FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for the Terminal Authentication v2.

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7.1.3. TSF.SecureManagement

The TOE enforces the secure management of the security attributes, data and functions. Furthermore the TOE restricts the available commands in each TOE life-cycle phase.

SFR	Description
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether the Personalisation Agent is authenticated, and it has right to write initial CVCA Public Key, meta-data of the initial CVCA Certificate and initial Current Date.
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether the Country Verifying Certification Authority is authenticated, and it has right to update CVCA Public Key (PKCVCA) and meta-data of the CVCA Certificate.
FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to provide part of the security functions.
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a CVCA, Document Verifier, or an EAC2 terminal is authenticated and it has right to modify Current Date.
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a Personalisation Agent is authenticated, and it has right to write the card/chip security object(s) (SOc) and the document Security Object (SOD).
FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a Personalisation Agent is authenticated, and it has right to create or load the Chip Authentication private key(s) (SKPICC) and the Restricted Identification Private Key(s).
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to read certain objects.
FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a Personalisation Agent is authenticated, and it has right to write the initial PIN and PUK
FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether an Electronic Document Holder is authenticated with PUK or a Terminal with Terminal Authorisation level for PIN management is authenticated and it has right to change the blocked PIN.
FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether an Electronic Document Holder is authenticated, and it has right to resume the suspended PIN.
FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether an Electronic Document Holder is authenticated with PUK or a Terminal with Terminal Authorisation level for PIN management is authenticated and it has right to unblock the blocked PIN.
FMT_MTD.1/Activate_PIN_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a Terminal with Terminal Authorisation level for PIN management is authenticated and it has right to activate or deactivate the PIN.
FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to provide part of the security functions.
FMT_MOF.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a R.Sigy is authenticated and it has right to enable the signature creation function.
FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a R.Admin is authenticated and it has right to modify the SCD/SVD management security attribute.

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FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a R.Sigy is authenticated and it has right to modify the SCD/SVI operational security attribute.					
FMT_MSA.2/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to ensure that only secure value are accepted for SCD/SVD Management and SC operational					
FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to provide restrictive defaul values for security attributes.					
FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for security attribute value inheritance.					
FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a R.Admin is authenticated, and it has right to create the RAD.					
FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a R.Sigy is authenticated and it has right to modify the RAD.					
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether the Personalisation Agent is authenticated, and it has right to write initial Country Verifying Certification Authority Public Key, initial Country Verifying Certification Authority Certificate, initial Current Date.					
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether the Country Verifying Certification Authority is authenticated, and it has right to update Country Verifying Certification Authority Public Key, Country Verifying Certification Authority Certificate.					
FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to provide part of the security functions.					
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to equivalent to FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP.					
FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a Personalisation Agent or Manufacturer is authenticated, and it has right to create or load the Chip Authentication private key.					
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether a Personalisation Agent is authenticated, and it has right to write the document Security Object (SOD).					
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to read cryptographic keys.					
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	This TSF responsible to evaluate whether Personalisation Agent is authenticated, and it has rig to create or load the Active Authentication Private Ke					

7.1.4. TSF.CryptoKey

3858 3859 3860 The TOE uses several cryptographic services such as digital signature creation and verification, asymmetric and symmetric cryptography, random number generation and complete key management.

Furthermore TSF.CryptoKey provides the secure messaging for the TOE.

SFR	Description
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of key agreement for PACE.
FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of hash generation.
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of digital signature verification.
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging – encryption and decryption.
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging – message authentication code.

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FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic key destruction.					
FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of random number generation.					
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of key agreemen for PACE.					
FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP.					
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging – encryption and decryption.					
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging – message authentication code.					
FCS_RND.1/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP.					
FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of key agreement for Chip Authentication v1.					
FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging – encryption and decryption.					
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of digital signature verification.					
FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging – message authentication code.					
FCS_CKM.1/CA2	This TSF responsible the Applet part of Chip Authentication version 2 Key pair(s) generation.					
FCS_CKM.1/RI	This TSF responsible the Applet part of Restricted Identification Key pair (s) generation.					
FCS_CKM.1/AA	This TSF responsible the Applet part of Active Authentication Key Pair generation.					
FCS_COP.1/AA	This TSF responsible the Applet part of digital signature generation.					
FCS_CKM.1/CAM	This TSF responsible the Applet part of PACE-CAM protocol implementation.					
FCS_COP.1/CAM	This TSF responsible the Applet part of PACE-CAM protocol implementation.					
FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of SCD/SVD pair generation.					
FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of digital signature creation.					
FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication v2.					
FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for Restricted Identification.					
FIA_API.1/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication v1.					
FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication Mapping.					
FIA_API.1/AA	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for Active Authentication.					
FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to call the Platform functionalities to destroy cryptographic keys.					
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging.					
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of secure messaging.					
FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to call the Platform functionalities to destroy cryptographic keys.					
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP.					
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP.					
FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of de-allocation of the resource SCD.					
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for trusted channel.					

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FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for trusted channel.
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Applet part of cryptographic operation for trusted channel.

3862 7.1.5. TSF.AppletParametersSign

3863 The TOE enforces the integrity of itself in each life cycle phases.

SFR	Description
FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for initial start-up, periodically during normal operation testing.
FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP.
FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP	Subsumed by FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP.

7.1.6. TSF.Platform

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The TOE relies on the certified functions and services of the Platform. This TSF is collection of those SFRs, which are uses these functions and services.

CER	Description					
SFR	Description					
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of key agreement for PACE.					
FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of hash generation.					
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of digital signature verification.					
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging – encryption and decryption.					
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging – message authentication code.					
FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of cryptographic key destruction.					
FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of random number generation.					
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of key agreement for PACE.					
FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP.					
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging – encryption and decryption.					
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging – message authentication code.					
FCS_RND.1/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP.					
FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of key agreement for Chip Authentication v1.					
FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging – encryption and decryption.					
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of digital signature verification.					
FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging – message authentication code.					
FCS_CKM.1/CA2	This TSF responsible the Platform part of Chip Authentication version 2 Key pair(s) generation.					
FCS_CKM.1/RI	This TSF responsible the Platform part of Restricted Identification Key pair(s) generation.					
FCS_CKM.1/AA	This TSF responsible the Platform part of Active Authentication Key Pair generation.					

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FCS_COP.1/AA	This TSF responsible the Platform part of digital
	signature generation.
FCS_CKM.1/CAM	This TSF responsible the Platform part of PACE-CAM protocol implementation.
FCS_COP.1/CAM	This TSF responsible the Platform part of PACE-CAM protocol implementation.
FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of SCD/SVD pair generation.
FCS_CKM.4/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of cryptographic key destruction.
FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of digital signature creation.
FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication v2.
FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of cryptographic operation for Restricted Identification.
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the identifier data of the TOE.
FIA_UID.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the identifier data of the TOE.
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the identifier data of the TOE.
FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the identifier data of the TOE.
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for the identifier data of the TOE.
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for the identifier data of the TOE.
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for fresh random numbers for PACE, Terminal Authentication v2 and Symmetric Authentication.
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for Platform part of cryptographic operation for PACE, Terminal Authentication v2, Chip Authentication v2 and Symmetric Authentication.
FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for Platform part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication v2.
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for Platform part of cryptographic operation for PACE.
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for Platform part of cryptographic operation for PACE, Symmetric Authentication, Terminal Authentication v1 and Active Authentication.
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for Platform part of cryptographic operation for PACE, Chip Authentication Mapping (PACE-CAM), Symmetric Authentication, Terminal Authentication v1.
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for Platform part of cryptographic operation for PACE.
FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP	This TSF responsible for Platform part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication v1
FIA_API.1/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication v1.
FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	This TSF responsible the Platform part of cryptographic operation for Chip Authentication Mapping.
FIA_API.1/AA	This TSF responsible the Platform part of cryptographic operation for Active Authentication.
FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to make unavailable any cryptographic data used in runtime cryptographic computations.
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging.
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of secure messaging.
FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to make unavailable any cryptographic data used in runtime cryptographic computations.
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP.

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FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP.
FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP	This TSF responsible the Platform part of de-allocation of the resource SCD.
FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for integrity of user data.
FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP	This TSF responsible for integrity of user data.
FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to store the Initialisation and Pre- Personalisation Data in the audit records
FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP.
FMT_SMR.1	This TSF responsible to provide part of the security roles.
FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to limit its capabilities to enforce the policy as described in the SFR.
FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to limit its availability to enforce the policy as described in the SFR.
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to write the Initialisation Data and Pre-personalisation Data to the Manufacturer.
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to restrict the ability to read out the Initialisation Data and the Pre-personalisation Data to the Personalisation Agent.
FMT_SMF.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to provide part of the security functions.
FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP	This TSF responsible to provide part of the security functions.
FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP.
FMT_LIM.2/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP.
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP.
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC1PP	Equivalent to FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP.
FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP	This TSF ensures that during command execution there are no usable variations in power consumption (measurable at e. g. electrical contacts) or timing (measurable at e. g. electrical contacts) that might disclose cryptographic keys.
FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible to preserve a secure state when the failures occur.
FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP	This TSF responsible for the integrity of stored TSF executable code.
FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP	This TSF ensures resistance to physical attack.
FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP.
FPT_FLS.1/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP.
FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP	Equivalent to FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP
FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP	This TSF ensures that during command execution there are no usable variations in power consumption (measurable at e. g. electrical contacts) or timing (measurable at e. g. electrical contacts) that might disclose cryptographic keys.
FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP	This TSF ensures that during command execution there are no usable variations in power consumption (measurable at e. g. electrical contacts) or timing (measurable at e. g. electrical contacts) that might disclose cryptographic keys.
FPT_FLS.1/SSCDPP	Equivalent to FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP.
FPT_PHP.1/SSCDPP	This TSF ensures the passive detection of physical attack.
FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP	Subsumed by FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP.
FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP	Subsumed by FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP.
FMT_LIM.1/Loader	This TSF responsible to limit its capabilities to enforce the policy as described in the SFR.

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FMT_LIM.2/Loader	This TSF responsible to limit its availability to enforce
_ <i>'</i>	the policy as described in the SFR.

7.2.Assurance Measures

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This section describes the Assurance Measures fulfilling the requirements listed in section 6.2.

The following table lists the Assurance measures and references the corresponding documents describing the measures.

Assurance measures	Description
AM_ADV	The representing of the TSF is described in the documentation for functional specification, in the documentation for TOE design, in the security architecture description and in the documentation for implementation representation.
AM_AGD	The guidance documentation is described in the User's Guide documentation [22] and the Administrator's Guide documentation [21].
AM_ALC	The life-cycle support of the TOE during its development and maintenance is described in the life-cycle documentation including configuration management, delivery procedures, development security as well as development tools.
AM_ATE	The testing of the TOE is described in the test documentation.
AM_AVA	The vulnerability assessment for the TOE is described in the vulnerability analysis documentation.

Table 12 Assurance measures and corresponding documents

7.3.Fulfillment of the SFRs

The following table shows the mapping of the SFRs to security functions of the TOE:

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TOE SFR / Security Function						
102 of Kr occurry Function			Ħ		rSF.AppletParametersSign	
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	e S	Ę	no	yp	ם	atte
	Ac	Ψ	Se	ပုံ	Ą	Ĕ
	rSF.AccessControl	rSF.Authenticate	rSF.SecureManagement	rSF.CryptoKey	S	rSF.Platform
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC2P	- <u>-</u>	⊢ .	-	X	<u>⊢</u> .	X
P				Λ		Λ
FCS_COP.1/SHA_EAC2PP	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC2PP	-	-	-	Х	-	Χ
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC2P	-	-	-	Х	-	Х
Р						
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC2	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ
PP						
FCS_CKM.4/EAC2PP	-	-	-	X	-	X
FCS_RND.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-	X	-	X
FCS_CKM.1/DH_PACE_EAC1P	-	-	-	Х	-	Х
FCS_CKM.4/EAC1PP				Х		X
FCS_COP.1/PACE_ENC_EAC1P				X		X
P				Λ		Λ
FCS_COP.1/PACE_MAC_EAC1	-	-	-	Х	-	Х
PP						
FCS_RND.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ
FCS_CKM.1/CA_EAC1PP	-	-	-	X	-	Χ
FCS_COP.1/CA_ENC_EAC1PP	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ
FCS_COP.1/SIG_VER_EAC1PP	-	-	-	X	-	X
FCS_COP.1/CA_MAC_EAC1PP	-	-	-	X	-	X
FCS_CKM.1/CA2	-	-	-	X	-	Х
FCS_CKM.1/RI	-	-	-	X	-	X
FCS_CKM.1/AA	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ
FCS_COP.1/AA	-	-	-	Х	-	X
FCS_CKM.1/CAM	-	-	-	Х	-	X
FCS_COP.1/CAM	-	-	-	X	-	X
FCS_CKM.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	X	-	X
FCS_COP.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	X	-	Χ
FIA_AFL.1/Suspend_PIN_EAC2 PP	Х	Х	-	-	-	-
FIA_AFL.1/Block_PIN_EAC2PP	Х	Х	-	-	-	-
FIA_API.1/BIOCK_FIN_EAC2FF FIA_API.1/CA_EAC2PP	-	X		X		X
FIA_API.1/RI_EAC2PP		X		X	<u>-</u>	X
FIA UID.1/PACE EAC2PP	X	X		-	<u>-</u>	X
FIA UID.1/EAC2 Terminal EAC	X	X				X
2PP	^	^				^
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC2PP	Х	Х	-	-	-	Х
FIA_UAU.1/EAC2_Terminal_EA	X	X	-	-	-	X
C2PP						
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC2PP	-	Х	-	-	-	Х
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC2PP	-	Х	-	-	-	Χ
FIA_UAU.6/CA_EAC2PP	-	Χ	-	-	-	Χ
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC2PP	X	X	-	-	-	-

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TOE SFR / Security Function					uß	
			TSF.SecureManagement		TSF.AppletParametersSign	
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	oni	cat	ang	>	<u>ra</u>	
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	eS.	hel	ure	ptc	<u>et</u>	for
	SS	<u>t</u>	၁၅	, į	dd	<u>at</u>
	TSF.AccessControl	TSF.Authenticate	т. 85	TSF.CryptoKey	A.	TSF.Platform
	TS	S T	S L	S L	S L	TS
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC2PP	-	Χ	-	-	-	X
FIA_UID.1/PACE_EAC1PP	Х	Χ	-	-	-	X
FIA_UAU.1/PACE_EAC1PP	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	Х
FIA_UAU.4/PACE_EAC1PP	-	Χ	-	-	-	X
FIA_UAU.5/PACE_EAC1PP	-	Χ	-	-	-	Х
FIA_UAU.6/PACE_EAC1PP	-	Χ	-	-	-	X
FIA_UAU.6/EAC_EAC1PP	-	Χ	-	-	-	Χ
FIA_API.1/EAC1PP	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	Χ
FIA_API.1/PACE_CAM	-	Χ	-	Χ	-	Χ
FIA_API.1/AA	-	X	-	Χ	-	X
FIA_AFL.1/PACE_EAC1PP	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-
FIA_UID.1/SSCDPP	Χ	-	-	-	-	-
FIA_AFL.1/SSCDPP	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-
FIA_UAU.1/SSCDPP	Χ	-	-	-	-	-
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC2PP	X	-	-	-	-	-
FDP_ACF.1/TRM	X	X	-	-	-	-
FDP_RIP.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-	X	-	X
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	-	-	-	Χ	-	Χ
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC2PP	-	-	-	X	-	X
FDP_ACC.1/TRM_EAC1PP	Χ	-	-	-	-	-
FDP_RIP.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	X	-	Х
FDP_UCT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	-	-	-	X	-	Х
FDP_UIT.1/TRM_EAC1PP	-	-	-	Χ	-	X
FDP_ACC.1/SCD/SVD_Generati	Χ	-	-	-	-	-
on_SSCDPP		• •				
FDP_ACF.1/SCD/SVD_Generati	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-
on_SSCDPP	V					
FDP_ACC.1/SVD_Transfer_SSC	Χ	-	-	-	-	-
DPP		V				
FDP_ACF.1/SVD_Transfer_SSC DPP	Х	Х	-	-	-	-
FDP ACC.1/Signature-	Х			_	_	-
creation_SSCDPP	^	-	-	-	-	-
FDP_ACF.1/Signature-	Х	Х	_	_	_	-
creation_SSCDPP	^	^				
FDP_RIP.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	Х	-	X
FDP_SDI.2/Persistent_SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FDP_SDI.2/DTBS_SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC2PP	-	Х	-	Х	-	-
FTP_ITC.1/CA_EAC2PP	-	X	-	X	-	-
FTP_ITC.1/PACE_EAC1PP	-	X	-	X	-	-
FAU_SAS.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FAU_SAS.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-
	- •	- •	- •			

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TOE SFR / Security Function					uß	
			ent		rSF.AppletParametersSign	
	_		SecureManagement		ter	
	tro	Ö	age		a E	
	on	cat	<u>an</u>	e S	ara l	
	ssC	nti	e N	Š	g	Ë
	Ces	the	Jn:	Ţ <u>a</u>	ble	Itto
	Ac	Au	Se	ည်	Ар	Pla Bla
	rSF.AccessControl	rSF.Authenticate	TSF.	ISF.CryptoKey	S. F.	TSF.Platform
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC2	X	X	X	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
PP	^	^	^			_
FMT SMF.1/EAC2PP	-	-	Х	-	-	Х
FMT_SMR.1	Х	-	-	-	-	Х
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC2PP	Х	Χ	Х	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC2PP	Х	Х	Х			-
FMT_MTD.1/SK_PICC_EAC2PP	Х	Χ	Х	-		-
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC2P	Х	-	Х	-	-	-
Р						
FMT_MTD.1/Initialize_PIN_EAC	-	Χ	Χ	-	-	-
2PP						
FMT_MTD.1/Change_PIN_EAC2 PP	-	Х	Х	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/Resume_PIN_EAC2		Х	Х			_
PP		^	^			_
FMT_MTD.1/Unblock_PIN_EAC	-	Х	Х	-	-	-
2PP						
FMT_MTD.1/Activate_PIN_EAC2	-	Χ	Х	-	-	-
PP						
FMT_MTD.3/EAC2PP	-	X	-	-	-	-
FMT_SMR.1/SSCDPP	Х	-	-	-	-	-
FMT_SMF.1/SSCDPP	-	Х	X	-	-	-
FMT_MOF.1/SSCDPP	X	X	X	-	-	-
FMT_MSA.1/Admin_SSCDPP	X	X	X	-	-	-
FMT_MSA.1/SignatorySSCDPP	Х	Х	X	-	-	-
FMT_MSA.2/SSCDPP	- X	- X	X	-	-	-
FMT_MSA.3/SSCDPP FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP		X	X	-	-	-
FMT_MSA.4/SSCDPP FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP	X	X	X	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FMT_MTD.1/Admin_SSCDPP FMT_MTD.1/Signatory_SSCDPP	X	X	X			-
FMT_LIM.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-			X
FMT_LIM.2/EAC2PP						X
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC2PP	-	_	-	-	_	X
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC2PP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FMT_SMF.1/EAC1PP	-	-	Х	-	-	X
FMT_LIM.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FMT_LIM.2/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FMT_MTD.1/INI_ENA_EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FMT_MTD.1/INI_DIS_EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_INI_EAC1PP	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CVCA_UPD_EAC1	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-
PP						
FMT_MTD.1/DATE_EAC1PP	X	X	X	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.1/CAPK_EAC1PP	X	Х	X	-	-	-

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TOE SFR / Security Function	TSF.AccessControl	TSF.Authenticate	TSF.SecureManagement	TSF.CryptoKey	TSF.AppletParametersSign	TSF.Platform
FMT_MTD.1/PA_EAC1PP	Х	Х	Х	· -	· -	-
FMT_MTD.1/KEY_READ_EAC1P P	Х	-	Х	-	-	-
FMT_MTD.3/EAC1PP	-	Х	-	-	-	-
FMT_LIM.1/Loader	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FMT_LIM.2/Loader	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FMT_MTD.1/AA_Private_Key	Х	Х	Х	-	-	-
FPT_EMS.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FPT_FLS.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FPT_TST.1/EAC2PP	-	-	-	-	Х	Х
FPT_PHP.3/EAC2PP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FPT_TST.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	Χ	Х
FPT_FLS.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FPT_PHP.3/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FPT_EMS.1/EAC1PP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FPT_EMS.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	Х
FPT_FLS.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FPT_PHP.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FPT_PHP.3/SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	-	X
FPT_TST.1/SSCDPP	-	-	-	-	Х	Х

7.4.Correspondence of SFR and TOE mechanisms

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3876 3877 Each TOE security functional requirement is implemented by at least one TOE mechanism. In section 7.1 the implementing of the TOE security functional requirement is described in form of the TOE mechanism.

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3878 8. GLOSSARY AND ABBREVIATIONS

3879 For Glossary and Acronyms please refer to the corresponding section of [20].

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